

Petitioner AMVAC

Exhibit 37

Attachment Email 1 to March 25, 2022 Email

From: Wood, Jon
Sent: Thursday, September 7, 2017 1:58 PM
To: Page, Jordan (Page.Jordan@epa.gov)
Cc: Bloom, Jill (Bloom.Jill@epa.gov); Montague, Kathryn V. (Montague.Kathryn@epa.gov)
Subject: DACTHAL End-Use Label Amendments_FW: Prohibited use sites on non-technical formulations of DCPA
Attachments: 20170608.Dacthal.-491.amendment_201706081419.pdf; 20170608.Dacthal.-487.amendment_201706081428.pdf; 20170608.Dacthal.-490.amendment_201706081426.pdf; 20170613.Dacthal.-491.recpt of amendment.pdf; 20170613.Dacthal.-487.recpt of amendment.pdf; 20170613.Dacthal.-490.recpt of amendment.pdf

Jordan,

Attached are the three Dacthal end-use label amendments submitted 08-Jun-2017 [Reg. Nos. [5481-487](#), [5481-490](#), and [5481-491](#)]. For you reference I've also attached the Agency's acknowledgement letters for each.

Please let me know if further clarification is needed.

Best regards,

Jon

Jon C. Wood
AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court
Suite 1200
Newport Beach, CA 92660
Office: (949) 221-6109
Fax: (949) 221-6159
Mobile: (714) 651-7541

From: Wood, Jon
Sent: Thursday, June 8, 2017 3:46 PM
To: Montague, Kathryn V. <Montague.Kathryn@epa.gov>
Cc: 'Bloom, Jill' <Bloom.Jill@epa.gov>; Page, Jordan <Page.Jordan@epa.gov>; Turnbough, Anne <Annet@amvac-chemical.com>
Subject: RE: Prohibited use sites on non-technical formulations of DCPA

Hi Kathryn,

As follow-up to our recent Dacthal discussions, please find attached courtesy copies of amendments submitted today for each of our three Dacthal end-use labels. I believe we have addressed all of your inquiries regarding Directions For Use with the proposed label changes, but please let me know if anything has been missed or requires

clarification. These three amendments were sent to the Document Processing Desk via courier (Fedx) to arrive tomorrow.

Regarding other items requested—

1. Turf usage data - I was not able to find an appropriate national database that provides this information, but I confirmed with our business unit responsible for our product sales into the turf market that there are currently no (zero) sales of Dacthal into turf. He indicated that Dacthal is not commercially viable at this time but he thought that perhaps the situation might shift in the future, so we still desire to maintain the turf uses for the time being.
2. Impurities analysis - I will re-focus my efforts on this when I return from vacation on June 19th. I expect to have the report formatted for submission by the end of the month.
3. Comparative Thyroid study - The next status update is expected later in the year (~Sep-Oct).

Please note that I will be out of the office (vacation) until June 19th. During this time I suggest you contact Anne Turnbough at 713-851-6076 or annet@amvac-chemical.com if additional information is needed. Thank you!

Best regards,

Jon

Jon C. Wood
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4695 MacArthur Court
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Newport Beach, CA 92660
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Mobile: (714) 651-7541

From: Bloom, Jill [<mailto:Bloom.Jill@epa.gov>]
Sent: Friday, May 19, 2017 10:35 AM
To: Page, Jordan; Montague, Kathryn V.; Wood, Jon
Subject: RE: Prohibited use sites on non-technical formulations of DCPA

We have also done some work on identifying directions for use ambiguities that could result in uncertainties in our future risk assessments. I have attached three tables (one for each end-use product registration) that shows what parameters are not clear. I hope we can talk about this today and I really hope Amvac can address the use parameters at the same time as the label amendments for the prohibited use sites. Thanks

Jill

From: Bloom, Jill
Sent: Friday, May 19, 2017 11:51 AM
To: Page, Jordan <Page.Jordan@epa.gov>; Montague, Kathryn V. <Montague.Kathryn@epa.gov>; Jon Wood <jonw@amvac-chemical.com>
Subject: Prohibited use sites on non-technical formulations of DCPA

Attached please find a table identifying prohibited use sites remaining on DCPA product labels for Reg# 5481-487 and 5481-490, and a list that identifies prohibited nursery stock use sites for Reg.# 5481-491.

Attachment A to Attachment Email 1 (September 7, 2017)



June 8, 2017

Ms. Kathryn Montague
Product Manager (PM 23)
Document Processing Desk (AMEND)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7505C)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
2777 South Crystal Drive
Arlington, VA 22202

Subject: Dacthal Flowable Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 5481-487)
Label Amendment to Clarify Directions For Use

Dear Kathryn:

This is submitted in response to recent discussions with the Agency in which various label revisions were requested to clarify the above listed product's Directions For Use. The enclosed labeling includes the following revisions:

- Deleted all references to aerial application methods.
- Clarified application intervals.
- Clarified melon use sites per FRL-7726-5, 27 Jul 05

In support of this application, please find the following documents enclosed:

- Application for Registration form (EPA Form 8570-1)
- Three copies of the proposed revised labeling (Ref. No. 487-20170605)
- One copy of proposed labeling highlighting changes to currently approved labeling (Ref. No. 487-20170605 REDLINE)

If you need additional information, please don't hesitate to contact me at 949-221-6109 or email jonw@amvac-chemical.com. Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Best Regards,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Jon C. Wood".

Jon C. Wood
Sr. Regulatory Manager
AMVAC Chemical Corporation



United States
Environmental Protection Agency
Washington, DC 20460

- Registration
 Amendment
 Other

OPP Identifier Number

Application for Pesticide - Section I

1. Company/Product Number 5481-487		2. EPA Product Manager Kathryn Montague	3. Proposed Classification
1. Company/Product (Name) Dacthal Flowable Herbicide		PM# 23	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted
2. Name and Address of Applicant (Include Zip Code) Amvac Chemical Corporation 4695 MacArthur Court, Suite 1200 Newport Beach, CA 92660 <input type="checkbox"/> Check if this is a new address		6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3)(b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No. _____ Product Name _____	

Section - II

- Amendment - Explain below Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated _
- Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated _____ "Me Too" Application
- Notification - Explain below Other - Explain below

Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For Section I and Section II.)

Amend Label - Directions For Use:

- Deleted all aerial application methods.
- Clarified application intervals.
- Clarified melon use sites per FRL-7726-5, 27 Jul 05

Section - III

1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:

Child-Resistant Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes* <input type="checkbox"/> No	Unit Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If "Yes" No. per container	Water Soluble Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If "Yes" No. per container	2. Type of Container <input type="checkbox"/> Metal <input type="checkbox"/> Plastic <input type="checkbox"/> Glass <input type="checkbox"/> Paper <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) _____
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* Certification must be submitted

3. Location of Net Contents Information <input type="checkbox"/> Label <input type="checkbox"/> Container	4. Size(s) Retail Container	5. Location of Label Directions <input type="checkbox"/> On Label <input type="checkbox"/> On Labeling accompanying product
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6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product
 Lithographed Stenciled
 Paper glued Other _____

Section - IV

1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.)

Name Jon C. Wood	Title Sr. Regulatory Manager	Telephone No. (Include Area Code) 949-221-6109
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Certification
I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.

8. Date Application Received (Stamped)

2. Signature 	3. Title Sr. Regulatory Manager
4. Typed Name Jon C. Wood	5. Date 08-June-2017

DACTHAL[®] FLOWABLE HERBICIDE

(ABN - DACTHAL T&O)

AGRICULTURAL HERBICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	By Wt.
DCPA (dimethyl tetrachloroterephthalate).....	54.9%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	45.1%
Total	100.0%

Contains 6 lbs. DCPA per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
EMERGENCY INFORMATION	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. FOR THE FOLLOWING EMERGENCIES, PHONE 24 HOURS A DAY: For Medical Emergencies phone.....1-888-681-4261 For Transportation Emergencies, including spill, leak or fire, phone: CHEMTREC [®]1-800-424-9300 For Product Use Information phone: AMVAC [®]1-888-462-6822	

SEE SIDE [BACK] [INSIDE] PANEL [BOOKLET] FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

EPA Reg. No. 5481-487

EPA Est. No. _____

NET CONTENTS: _____



AMVAC Chemical Corporation
 4100 E. Washington Blvd.
 Los Angeles, CA 90023 U.S.A
 1-888-462-6822

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material,
- Shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs, in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment wastewater.

Groundwater Advisory: Tetrachloroterephthalic acid, a breakdown product of DACTHAL FLOWABLE is known to leach through soil as a result of agricultural and turf uses and has been found in groundwater which may be used for drinking water. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE to sand and loamy sand soils where the water table (groundwater) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., well drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of groundwater used for drinking water.

Surface Water Advisory: DCPA can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, DCPA may also have a high potential to contaminate surface water through runoff (via both dissolution in runoff water and adsorption to eroding soil) for several weeks post-application. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE to poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible sloping towards adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas over-laying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and highly erodible soils.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE HERBICIDE

A selective preemergence herbicide for control of annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds in vegetable crops and ornamental turf.

Read entire label carefully and use only as directed.

General Information

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is a flowable formulation for use in preemergence application for control of crabgrass and other annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds on mineral soils in vegetables, strawberries, agronomic crops, ornamental, turf, and nursery stock and as a post-emergence application for control of creeping speedwell (*Veronica filiformis*). Dacthal Flowable Herbicide is compatible with liquid nitrogen fertilizers commonly used by the lawn care industry.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

This product is not for sale, use or distribution in Suffolk and Nassau County, Long Island, New York.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. Exception: If the product is soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, and
- Shoes plus socks

Preparation and Application of the Spray: DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be thoroughly mixed in the spray tank with water to provide for broadcast application of at least 20 gallons of water per acre, depending on equipment and local practices. Adequate agitation should be maintained during filling and spraying to keep material in uniform suspension. Use nozzles suitable for applying wettable powders so that the spray can be uniformly distributed over the properly prepared soil surface. Any screen or strainer in spray equipment should be no finer than 50 mesh to prevent clogging. It is essential that the sprayer be properly calibrated before making applications. Standard low-pressure (30-50 psi) boom-type sprayers are recommended.

A minimum of one-third to one-half inch of water, either as rain or irrigation, is necessary to activate DACTHAL FLOWABLE and thereby obtain preemergence control of weeds specified. Normally, water must be applied within 3 to 5 days of application if sufficient rainfall does not occur. However, when surface soil is dry but subsurface soil contains enough moisture to germinate weeds, water should be applied immediately. If furrow irrigation is used, the top of the bed must be thoroughly wet. If rainfall during this period does not occur and irrigation cannot be made, shallow incorporation, when recommended, will aid in weed control.

INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE

Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure: Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of Nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

BOOM LENGTH

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application Height

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small, suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Soil Preparation: Prior to making application, the soil should be cultivated to provide a weed-free and uniform surface since DACTHAL FLOWABLE herbicide is effective only when applied before weed seed germination occurs. Unless incorporated, DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be applied within two to three days following cultivation, to prevent subsurface germinating weeds from becoming established. When cultivating between rows, use shields on cultivator to prevent untreated soil from covering treated bands. Cultural practices, such as forming crop beds, should be completed prior to DACTHAL FLOWABLE application in order to avoid exposing untreated soil in the bottom of the furrow and concentrating the sprayed soil within the bed.

Soil Incorporation: DO NOT incorporate deeper than 2 inches. Shallow soil incorporation, when recommended (see specific crop recommendation), often gives more consistent results. Depending on crop and time of application, several incorporation methods may be used.

Preplant Incorporation: This type of incorporation often provides better weed control on irrigated land, and also on non-irrigated land when dry weather is anticipated following planting. When recommended, DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed on the soil surface and then incorporated into the soil using a disc harrow or related tillage equipment. To insure complete incorporation, double disc in two directions. For incorporating banded treatments, hooded-power driven rotary tillers or ground tillers are essential.

Delayed Preemergent Incorporation: For crops where preplant incorporation can be used (see specific crop recommendation). Incorporation at this time should be used when adequate rainfall or irrigation is not available within 3 to 5 days after planting. Lightly incorporate (to 1 inch deep) with drag harrow, rotary hoe or other suitable tillage equipment.

Layby Incorporation: (Just prior to stage when plant growth would prevent further cultivation). Cultivate soil to remove established weeds. Apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE over top of foliage and lightly incorporate with suitable equipment.

Off-Site Movement Under California Growing Conditions: Current research indicates a propensity for off-site movement of certain soil-applied pesticides in California's unique growing conditions. Pesticides, such as DACTHAL FLOWABLE, may be moved off-site through a process called co-distillation. This phenomenon has been shown to occur where bare soil is treated (crops not present) and the soil surface is very hot. The pesticides, though not highly volatile, appear to be carried from the soil surface with water molecules during rapid evaporation that occurs immediately after irrigation. Banding applications of preemergence herbicides, such as DACTHAL FLOWABLE, significantly reduces the potential for off-site movement by reducing the amount of product used to treat a given crop area.

Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled: DACTHAL FLOWABLE is recommended at rates of 6-14 pints/A depending on soil type and weeds to be controlled. The following table outlines general recommendations for the use of DACTHAL FLOWABLE on various soil types. The maximum rate for each soil type should be used when moderately susceptible weeds are present. Specific recommendations for each for each crop should be consulted. *DACTHAL FLOWABLE should not be applied to certain crops under conditions of cool, wet weather when plants are not actively growing.* Refer to specific label recommendations for seeded melons, tomatoes, onions and eggplants for further details.

Soil Type	Organic Matter %	Broadcast Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE/A
Light-sand or sandy loam	0-3	6-8 pints
Medium-silt loam	0-3	8-10 pints
Heavy-clay loam	0-3	10-14 pints
Heavy-silt loam	3-5	12-14 pints

Weed Control Spectrum

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is a preemergence herbicide which provides effective control of annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds. The following weeds are grouped according to their susceptibility to DACTHAL FLOWABLE:

Susceptible Weeds

Controlled at Lowest Recommended Rates for Each Soil Type

Carpetweed	Lovegrass
Chickweed, Common	Nettle, Burning
Crabgrass, Large	Pansy, Field
Crabgrass, Smooth	Purslane
Foxtail, Green	Pusley, Florida
Foxtail, Yellow	Witchgrass
Lambsquarters, Common	

Moderately Susceptible Weeds

Highest Recommended Rates for Each Soil Type Required for Effective Control

Barnyardgrass	Groundcherry
Bluegrass, Annual	Johnsongrass (from seed)
Cheeseweed (Malva parviflora)	Knotweed, Prostrate
Copperleaf, Rhombic	Nightshade, Black
Copperleaf, Virginia (three-seeded mercury)	Panicum, Brown Top
Dodder	Pigweed, Redroot
Deadnettle, Purple	Sandbur
Deadnettle, Spotted	Spurge, Nodding
Goosegrass	Spurge, Prostrate
	Spurge, Spotted

Difficult to Control Weeds

Commercially acceptable control of the following weeds may not always be obtained but weed populations will be suppressed when applied at the maximum-labeled rate, thus resulting in less competition with the emerging and growing crop.

Buckwheat, Wild	Panicum, Fall
Canarygrass, Littleseed	Panicum, Texas
Dock, Curly (from seed)	Polypogon, Rabbitfoot
Foxtail, Giant	Rocket, London
Goosefoot, Nettleleaf	Shepherdspurge
Henbit	Sowthistle, Annual
Knotweed, Silversheath	Vaseygrass
Ladysthumb	Witchweed

Weeds Not Controlled with DACTHAL FLOWABLE

Galinsoga	Nutsedge
Jimsonweed	Ragweed, Common
Johnsongrass (from rhizomes)	Smartweed
Mustards	Velvetleaf

Replanting: Replanting crops other than those included on this label in DACTHAL FLOWABLE treated soil within 8 months of application may result in crop injury. If replanting is required because of an early crop failure, the planting of onions, seeded cucurbits, potatoes, tomatoes, eggplants or peppers at this time may result in crop injury. However, all crops on this label may be planted following harvest of a DACTHAL FLOWABLE treated crop.

Ornamental Turf (such as Lawns [non residential], Golf Courses, Cemeteries, Athletic Fields, Parks, Sod Farms, and Institutional Areas where turf is grown): Application at the rate of 14 pts of DACTHAL FLOWABLE in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1 pt./3 to 7 gals./3,000 sq. ft.) gives excellent control of crabgrass and other weeds as listed on this label. In California, DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications to turf should be watered within 4 hours with 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water by irrigation. One application applied in early spring before weed seed germination usually provides seasonal control. Crabgrass seed germination usually coincides with the time when Forsythia blossoms start to fall. In areas which commonly experience stands of late-germinating crabgrass and other annual weedy grasses, a second application at half the regular rate can be safely made 60 days after the first application. In order to control annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) and other erratic or late-germinating grasses and weeds in northern states, a late summer or early fall application before weed seed germination of 10 quarts of DACTHAL FLOWABLE in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1/2 pts/3 to 7 gals./3,000 sq. ft.) should supplement the early spring application. Earlier applications are required in southern United States. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialist for date *Poa annua* seed germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.

Early spring application of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be made to new turfgrass seedlings after the grasses have exhibited a uniform greening of the newly sprouted grass, preferably when 1 to 2 inches in height. Such DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications give control of crabgrass without injury to newly-emerged grass. Fall sowing of permanent grasses can follow early spring application of DACTHAL FLOWABLE.

Where some spring seeding is necessary, there should be a delay of approximately 60 days after the application of most preemergence herbicides, including DACTHAL FLOWABLE. This delay increases the survival of desirable grasses.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is not recommended for use on putting greens.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is not recommended for use on bentgrasses mowed at putting green height. For control of creeping speedwell (*Veronica filiformis*), apply 16 pints of DACTHAL FLOWABLE in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre as a postemergence spray when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously. Spring or early fall applications are usually suitable, provided temperatures are between 65° and 90°F, and there is ample soil moisture. Thorough coverage is essential. Delayed control of creeping speedwell is to be expected and will be manifested first by a gradual loss of color and vigor.

For Use on Turf (non-residential)	To Control	When to Apply	Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE	Remarks
Established Turf	Crabgrass	Early spring, before crabgrass and other spring annual weed seeds germinate.	14 pts. /Acre or 1 pt. in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	Apply when Forsythia blossoms. A second application at half the recommended rate may be made 60 days after the first application if necessary.
	Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa annua</i>)	Late summer or early fall in Northern states before weed seed germination. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension weed specialist for date <i>Poa annua</i> germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.	20 pts. /Acre or 1/2 pints in 3 to 7 gals. per 1,000 sq. ft.	Should be used at least 60 days following an early spring application for crabgrass control.

For Use on Turf (non-residential)	To Control	When to Apply	Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE	Remarks
	Creeping Speedwell (<i>Veronica filiformis</i>)	As a postemergence spray in spring or early fall when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously, there is ample soil moisture and temperature is between 65° and 90°F.	16 pts. /Acre or 18 fluid ounces in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	Apply spray to obtain thorough coverage of foliage. Delayed control of creeping speedwell, approximately 30 days, is to be expected and will be noticed first by a gradual loss of color and vigor.
	Spotted Spurge or Prostrate Spurge (<i>Euphorbia maculata</i> , <i>E. supina</i>)	Mid-April or before seed germination of annual weeds. Repeat applications in 6 to 8 weeks.	14 to 16 pts. /Acre or 15 to 18 ozs in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	Apply first application before germination of annual weed seeds, such as crabgrass. Repeat application at the same rate 6 to 8 weeks later. In addition to control of spotted spurge or prostrate spurge, crabgrass control is also obtained.
Newly seeded turf	Crabgrass	After new turfgrass seedlings have exhibited a greening of the newly-sprouted grass (about 1 to 2 inches high).	14 pts. /Acre or 1 pt. in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	Allows crabgrass control without injury to the new turf.

IMPORTANT: After DACTHAL FLOWABLE treatment, wait approximately 60 days before any new seeding is undertaken. DO NOT use on Dichondra. See recommendations on bentgrass before using on this species.

Nursery Stock: DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be applied to a wide range of nursery stock at the rate of 14 to 16 pints to 100 gallons of water per acre of area treated (1 pint in 3 to 7 gallons of water per 3,000 sq. ft.). One repeat application at the same rate may be applied 60 days after first application. Applications should be made to soil recently cultivated to a uniform texture. These can be made immediately following lining-out of stock. With established plantings, application should be made following proper cultivation to remove existing weeds. Where possible, this should be done early in the spring. Late summer application may prove beneficial for control of fall germinating weeds, if made following cultivation. Weed control up to three months or more may be expected following proper application.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is specifically recommended for weed control with the following:

Abelia	Fir	Nasturtium
Ageratum	Forget-Me-Not	Oak
Alyssum	Forsythia	Orpine
Andromeda, Jap.	Four-O'Clock	Pachistima
Arborvitae	Foxglove	Pachysandra
Ash	Gaillardia	Peony
Aster	Geranium	Petunia
Azalea	Gladiolus	Pine
Babysbreath	Golddust	Pittosporum
Barberry	Goldentuft	Podocarpus
Bellflower	Gum	Poker Plant
Birch	Hawthorn	Poplar
Bleedingheart	Heath, Pink	Privet
Bloodleaf	Holly	Privet, variegated
Boxwood	Honeysuckle	Redbud
Bugloss	Hydrangea	Rhododendron
Camellia	Iris	Rose
Candytufts	Ivy, Baltic	Russian Olive
Chrysanthemum	Ivy, Boston	Sage, Scarlet
Cinquefoil	Ivy, English	Snapdragon
Coleus	Ivy, Wilson	Spiderwort, Va.
Columbine	Juniper	Spirea
Coneflower, Purple	Lantana	Spruce
Coreopsis	Larkspur, Candle	Stonecrop
Coralbells	Lavendercotton	Strawflower
Cosmos	Lilac	Sundrops
Cotoneaster	Lily	Sunflower
Cottonwood	Locust	Sweet Pea
Cuphea	Lupine	Sycamore
Cypress	Magnolia	Tree Peony
Dahlia	Maple	Tulip Tree
Delphinium	Marguerite, Golden	Viburnum
Deutzia	Marigold	Violet, African
Dogwood	Mockorange	Weigela
Elaeagnus	Morningglory	Willow
Elm	Moss, Rose	Wormwood
Euonymus	Mother-of-Thyme	Yarrow, Fernleaf
Evening Primrose	Mountain Laurel	Yew
Feverfew	Mourning Bride	Zinnia

Do not use on the following plants:

Bugleweed	Mesembryanthemum
Button Pink	Pansy
Carnation	Phlox
Geum	Sweet William
Germander	Telanthera

Amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE to Use in Treating Small Areas

Area to be Treated*	Recommended Rate DACTHAL FLOWABLE HERBICIDE/A	Amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE HERBICIDE to Apply
1000 sq. ft. (from 1 to 2 gallons of water should be used to spray 1000 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 pts. (heavy soil)	5 oz.
	8 to 10 pts. (medium soil)	4 oz.
	6 pts. (sandy soil)	4 oz.
250 sq. ft. (from ¼ to ½ gallon of water should be used to spray 250 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 pts. (heavy soil)	1¼ oz.
	8 to 10 pts. (medium soil)	1 oz.
	6 pts. (sandy soil)	1 oz.

NOTE: In treating small areas it is important to use care in measuring out required quantity for area to be treated, properly mixing it in water and keeping it adequately agitated during application.

*Other size areas to be treated can be calculated from the above table. For example:

To treat 5,000 sq. ft. at the 14 pts./acre rate, use 1½ pts. in 5 to 10 gallons of water.

To treat 500 sq. ft. at the 14 pts./acre rate, use 2½ oz. in ½ to 1 gallon of water.

Rates of application can be reduced by banding. See Conversion Chart.

CONVERSION CHART FOR DACTHAL FLOWABLE

For a 12-inch band of spray, use this amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE per acre.

Row Width	If overall rate is:			
	6 pts. per acre	8 pts. per acre	10 pts. per acre	12 pts. per acre
24 inches	3 pts.	4 pts.	5 pts.	6 pts.
32 inches	2-1/2 pts.	3 pts.	3-3/4 pts.	4-1/2 pts.
36 inches	2 pts.	2-2/3 pts.	3-1/3 pts.	4 pts.
40 inches	1-3/4 pts.	2-1/2 pts.	3 pts.	3-2/3 pts.

Special Precautions: DO NOT feed treated foliage to livestock or graze treated areas. Apply according to directions and under conditions favorable to good plant growth. DACTHAL FLOWABLE will not harm crops for which its use is recommended. *However, conditions such as high salt concentration, seeding disease, cold weather, deep planting, excessive moisture or drought may injure or weaken crops normally tolerant to DACTHAL FLOWABLE, thereby increasing the possibility of herbicide damage. Under any of these conditions, one or more of the following may result: delayed crop development, reduced yields or reduced quality.*

Recommendations

Any Application of DACTHAL FLOWABLE Should Be Made Prior to Weed Seed Germination

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cabbage and all other Brassica (cole) leafy vegetables in this crop group ¹	At seeding or transplanting	6-14 pts. FLOWABLE*	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.
Cantaloupe, honeydew, watermelons	When plants have 4-5 true leaves (see remarks)	6-14 pts. FLOWABLE*	Apply only when plants have 4-5 true leaves, are well-established, and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. (If applied earlier than recommended and/or growing conditions are unfavorable, crop injury may result.) If weeds have emerged, crop should be cultivated and weeded prior to the DACTHAL FLOWABLE application. Incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.
Collards, kale, mustard greens, turnips (greens and roots) including turnip greens (broccoli raab (raab, raab salad), hanover salad and turnip tops)	At seeding	6-14 pts. FLOWABLE*	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.
Horseradish	At planting	6-14 pts. FLOWABLE*	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. Preplant incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.
Onions [dry bulb onions, dry bulb shallots and green onions (green onions, leeks, spring onions or scallions, Japanese bunching onions, green shallots or green eschalots)]	At seeding or transplanting and/or at layby	See preemergence rate and weeds controlled. In sandy loam soils, however, maximum preemergence rate of 10 pints FLOWABLE per acre is recommended	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on onions either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL FLOWABLE preemergence treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) up to 14 weeks after planting at rates up to 14 pts. per acre on any soil type. If weeds emerge prior to layby, the onions should be cultivated or weeded prior to application. Use ¼ inch of overhead irrigation to incorporate Dacthal into the soil. Where onion emergence is expected to be slow due to cold and wet soil conditions, delay application until seed begins to germinate to reduce the risk of crop injury. Preplant incorporation is not recommended for onions.</p> <p>Broadcast applications permitted in California for onions in certain counties from August through December. Due to potential for off-site movement through co-distillation and deposition on unlabeled crops, DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be applied as a band application to onions in all counties with the following exception. During the period from August 1</p>

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
			through December 31, broadcast applications of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be made in the following counties: Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego and Imperial. A minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre should be used for broadcast applications. During the period from January 1 through July 31, DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications should be applied as a banded application in all counties.
Radish	At seeding or up to three-leaf stage	6-14 pts. FLOWABLE per acre	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application to permit uniform coverage of soil. Preplant incorporation not recommended. DO NOT graze on treated areas or feed plant refuse to livestock. DO NOT harvest within 25 days of application. Based upon available residue data, the use of DACTHAL FLOWABLE for weed control in radishes is limited to the State of California. In California, applications must be banded.
Sweet Potatoes	At transplanting and layby	See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at transplanting. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on sweet potatoes either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL FLOWABLE at transplant treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) up to 6 weeks after transplanting. If weeds are present, the crop should be weeded or cultivated prior to DACTHAL FLOWABLE application. Incorporation of layby applications not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.
Tomatoes; tomatillos; eggplant	4-6 weeks after transplanting or on direct seeded plants at 4-6 inches in height (see remarks)	See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled	Application uniformly to the soil should be confined to a period of 4-6 weeks after transplanting. Plants should be well-established and growing conditions favorable for good plant growth. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, the crop should be cultivated or weeded prior to making the DACTHAL FLOWABLE application. DO NOT apply to seeded plants until plants are 4-6 inches in height, well established and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. In California, applications must be banded.
Strawberries: New Plantings	At transplanting	12 pints FLOWABLE per acre	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. For new beds apply 12 pints at transplanting. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
Strawberries: Established Plantings	Fall and early Spring	8-12 pints FLOWABLE per acre	Application of 8-12 pints per acre may be applied to established plantings in fall and early spring to control late summer or early fall germinating weeds. When two applications are used a minimum of 14 days are required between treatments. DO NOT apply after first bloom through harvest. Applications may be made directly over the plants without injury. In California, applications must be banded.
Note: Rates can be reduced by banding.			Layby used in this table refers to the time just prior to the stage when crop plant size would prevent further cultivation.

*See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled

¹Brassica leafy vegetables crop group includes broccoli, Chinese (gai lon, white flowering) broccoli, broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy, napa, tight-heading varieties), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), cauliflower, cavalo broccolo, collards, kale, kohlrabi, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach and rape greens.

²Fruits of the gourd (*Cucurbitaceae*) family that are consumed when immature, 100% of the fruit is edible either cooked or raw, once picked it cannot be stored, has a soft rind which is easily penetrated, and if seeds were harvested they would not germinate; e.g., *Lagenaria* spp. (i.e., hyotan, cucuzza); *Luffa* spp. (i.e., hechima, Chinese okra); *Momordica* spp. (i.e., bitter melon, balsam pear, balsam apple, Chinese cucumber); *Sechium edule* (chayote); and other cultivars and/or hybrids of these.

APPLICATION AND CALIBRATION TECHNIQUES FOR SPRINKLER IRRIGATION

Apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, solid set or portable (side roll, end tow or hand move) irrigation systems. DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

DO NOT apply this product through irrigation systems connected to a public water system. "Public water system" means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

Always inject DACTHAL FLOWABLE into irrigation water after it discharges from the irrigation pump and after it passes through the check valve. Never inject pesticides into the intake line of the suction side of the pump.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Spray mixture in the chemical supply tank must be agitated at all times, otherwise settling and uneven application may occur.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be used through two basic types of sprinkler irrigation systems as outlined in Sections A and B below. Determine which type of system is in place, then refer to the appropriate directions provided for each type. The tank containing DACTHAL FLOWABLE must be equipped with effective mechanical agitation to keep the wettable powder in suspension. Premixing DACTHAL FLOWABLE as instructed under ground application will insure that a uniform suspension is obtained. The injection equipment which contains the DACTHAL FLOWABLE suspension should be connected to the discharge side of the irrigation pump or other pressurized equipment attached to the irrigation line.

A. Center Pivot and Motorized Lateral Move Irrigation Equipment

For injection of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a positive displacement injection pump, of either diaphragm or piston type, constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of injection at pressures approximately 2-3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems.

Fill chemical supply tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete revolution or run across the field, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage covered. Thoroughly mix recommended amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL FLOWABLE has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

B. Solid Set and Portable (Side Roll, End Tow or Hand Move) Irrigation Equipment

Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over a 30 to 45-minute period. Mix desired amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE for acreage to be covered into quantity of water used during calibration and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used for amount of time established during calibration. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL FLOWABLE has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of at an approved waste disposal facility. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container $\frac{1}{4}$ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants (a) that this product conform to the chemical description on the label; (b) that this product is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the directions for use, subject to the inherent risks referred to herein, when it is used in accordance with such directions; and (c) that the directions, warnings, and other statements on this label are based upon responsible experts' evaluations of reasonable tests of effectiveness, of toxicity to laboratory animals and to plants and residues on food crops, and upon reports of field experience. Tests have not been made on all varieties of food crops and plants, or in all states or under all conditions.

THERE ARE NO EXPRESS WARRANTIES OTHER THAN THOSE SET FORTH HEREIN. THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS, NOR DOES IT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE, TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND IT EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY WARRANTY OF QUALITY OR PERFORMANCE. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO, AND THE BUYER SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR, ANY AND ALL LOSS OR DAMAGE WHICH RESULTS FROM THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ANY MANNER WHICH IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS, WARNINGS OR CAUTIONS.

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AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4100 E. Washington Boulevard
Los Angeles, CA 90023 U.S.A.
1-888-462-6822

DACTHAL[®] FLOWABLE HERBICIDE

(ABN - DACTHAL T&O)

AGRICULTURAL HERBICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	By Wt.
DCPA (dimethyl tetrachloroterephthalate).....	54.9%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	45.1%
Total	100.0%

Contains 6 lbs. DCPA per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
EMERGENCY INFORMATION	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. FOR THE FOLLOWING EMERGENCIES, PHONE 24 HOURS A DAY: For Medical Emergencies phone.....1-888-681-4261 For Transportation Emergencies, including spill, leak or fire, phone: CHEMTREC [®]1-800-424-9300 For Product Use Information phone: AMVAC [®]1-888-462-6822	

SEE SIDE [BACK] [INSIDE] PANEL [BOOKLET] FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

EPA Reg. No. 5481-487

EPA Est. No. _____

NET CONTENTS: _____



AMVAC Chemical Corporation
 4100 E. Washington Blvd.
 Los Angeles, CA 90023 U.S.A
 1-888-462-6822

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material,
- Shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems or ~~enclosed cabs, or aircraft~~ in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment wastewater.

Groundwater Advisory: Tetrachloroterephthalic acid, a breakdown product of DACTHAL FLOWABLE is known to leach through soil as a result of agricultural and turf uses and has been found in groundwater which may be used for drinking water. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE to sand and loamy sand soils where the water table (groundwater) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., well drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of groundwater used for drinking water.

Surface Water Advisory: DCPA can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, DCPA may also have a high potential to contaminate surface water through runoff (via both dissolution in runoff water and adsorption to eroding soil) for several weeks post-application. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE to poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible sloping towards adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas over-laying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and highly erodible soils.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE HERBICIDE

A selective preemergence herbicide for control of annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds in vegetable crops and ornamental turf.

Read entire label carefully and use only as directed.

General Information

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is a flowable formulation for use in preemergence application for control of crabgrass and other annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds on mineral soils in vegetables, strawberries, agronomic crops, ornamental, turf, and nursery stock and as a post-emergence application for control of creeping speedwell (*Veronica filiformis*). Dacthal Flowable Herbicide is compatible with liquid nitrogen fertilizers commonly used by the lawn care industry.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

This product is not for sale, use or distribution in Suffolk and Nassau County, Long Island, New York.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. Exception: If the product is soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, and
- Shoes plus socks

Preparation and Application of the Spray: DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be thoroughly mixed in the spray tank with water to provide for broadcast application of at least 20 gallons of water per acre, depending on equipment and local practices. Adequate agitation should be maintained during filling and spraying to keep material in uniform suspension. Use nozzles suitable for applying wettable powders so that the spray can be uniformly distributed over the properly prepared soil surface. Any screen or strainer in spray equipment should be no finer than 50 mesh to prevent clogging. It is essential that the sprayer be properly calibrated before making applications. Standard low-pressure (30-50 psi) boom-type sprayers are recommended.

A minimum of one-third to one-half inch of water, either as rain or irrigation, is necessary to activate DACTHAL FLOWABLE and thereby obtain preemergence control of weeds specified. Normally, water must be applied within 3 to 5 days of application if sufficient rainfall does not occur. However, when surface soil is dry but subsurface soil contains enough moisture to germinate weeds, water should be applied immediately. If furrow irrigation is used, the top of the bed must be thoroughly wet. If rainfall during this period does not occur and irrigation cannot be made, shallow incorporation, when recommended, will aid in weed control.

~~**Aircraft Application:** It is recommended that DACTHAL FLOWABLE be applied in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre. Aircraft should be equipped with pumps with sufficient capacity to deliver at least 10 gallons per acre. Placement of nozzles should provide a uniform spray pattern. DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be premixed in a nurse tank or mixing tank equipped with mechanical or bypass agitation. Mixture can then be pumped into the aircraft. Screens on mixing tanks should be no finer than 50 mesh. Adequate agitation should be maintained in the mixing tank as well as the aircraft throughout the spraying operation. Regulations governing aerial application of herbicides are in effect in many states. Consult local regulatory agencies concerning requirements before making applications. Avoid spray drift to adjacent fields; particular care should be exercised when adjacent fields contain edible crops or those that will be fed or grazed by livestock. Spray only on still days.~~

~~**Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory:** Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making aerial application decisions.~~

~~The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.~~

- ~~1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.~~
- ~~2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.~~

INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE

Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure: Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of Nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

BOOM LENGTH

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application Height

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants ~~unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety~~. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

~~Swath Adjustment~~

~~When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)~~

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small, suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke ~~from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator~~. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Soil Preparation: Prior to making application, the soil should be cultivated to provide a weed-free and uniform surface since DACTHAL FLOWABLE herbicide is effective only when applied before weed seed germination occurs. Unless incorporated, DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be applied within two to three days following cultivation, to prevent subsurface germinating weeds from becoming established. When cultivating between rows, use shields on cultivator to prevent untreated soil from covering treated bands. Cultural practices, such as forming crop beds, should be completed prior to DACTHAL FLOWABLE application in order to avoid exposing untreated soil in the bottom of the furrow and concentrating the sprayed soil within the bed.

Soil Incorporation: DO NOT incorporate deeper than 2 inches. Shallow soil incorporation, when recommended (see specific crop recommendation), often gives more consistent results. Depending on crop and time of application, several incorporation methods may be used.

Preplant Incorporation: This type of incorporation often provides better weed control on irrigated land, and also on non-irrigated land when dry weather is anticipated following planting. When recommended, DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed on the soil surface and then incorporated into the soil using a disc harrow or related tillage equipment. To insure complete incorporation, double disc in two directions. For incorporating banded treatments, hooded-power driven rotary tillers or ground tillers are essential.

Delayed Preemergent Incorporation: For crops where preplant incorporation can be used (see specific crop recommendation). Incorporation at this time should be used when adequate rainfall or irrigation is not available within 3 to 5 days after planting. Lightly incorporate (to 1 inch deep) with drag harrow, rotary hoe or other suitable tillage equipment.

Layby Incorporation: (Just prior to stage when plant growth would prevent further cultivation). Cultivate soil to remove established weeds. Apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE over top of foliage and lightly incorporate with suitable equipment.

Off-Site Movement Under California Growing Conditions: Current research indicates a propensity for off-site movement of certain soil-applied pesticides in California's unique growing conditions. Pesticides, such as DACTHAL FLOWABLE, may be moved off-site through a process called co-distillation. This phenomenon has been shown to occur where bare soil is treated (crops not present) and the soil surface is very hot. The pesticides, though not highly volatile, appear to be carried from the soil surface with water molecules during rapid evaporation that occurs immediately after irrigation. Banding applications of preemergence herbicides, such as DACTHAL FLOWABLE, significantly reduces the potential for off-site movement by reducing the amount of product used to treat a given crop area.

Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled: DACTHAL FLOWABLE is recommended at rates of 6-14 pints/A depending on soil type and weeds to be controlled. The following table outlines general recommendations for the use of DACTHAL FLOWABLE on various soil types. The maximum rate for each soil type should be used when moderately susceptible weeds are present. Specific recommendations for each for each crop should be consulted. *DACTHAL FLOWABLE should not be applied to certain crops under conditions of cool, wet weather when plants are not actively growing.* Refer to specific label recommendations for seeded melons, tomatoes, onions and eggplants for further details.

Soil Type	Organic Matter %	Broadcast Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE/A
Light-sand or sandy loam	0-3	6-8 pints
Medium-silt loam	0-3	8-10 pints
Heavy-clay loam	0-3	10-14 pints
Heavy-silt loam	3-5	12-14 pints

Weed Control Spectrum

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is a preemergence herbicide which provides effective control of annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds. The following weeds are grouped according to their susceptibility to DACTHAL FLOWABLE:

Susceptible Weeds

Controlled at Lowest Recommended Rates for Each Soil Type

Carpetweed	Lovegrass
Chickweed, Common	Nettle, Burning
Crabgrass, Large	Pansy, Field
Crabgrass, Smooth	Purslane
Foxtail, Green	Pusley, Florida
Foxtail, Yellow	Witchgrass
Lambsquarters, Common	

Moderately Susceptible Weeds

Highest Recommended Rates for Each Soil Type Required for Effective Control

Barnyardgrass	Groundcherry
Bluegrass, Annual	Johnsongrass (from seed)
Cheeseweed (Malva parviflora)	Knotweed, Prostrate
Copperleaf, Rhombic	Nightshade, Black
Copperleaf, Virginia (three-seeded mercury)	Panicum, Brown Top
Dodder	Pigweed, Redroot
Deadnettle, Purple	Sandbur
Deadnettle, Spotted	Spurge, Nodding
Goosegrass	Spurge, Prostrate
	Spurge, Spotted

Difficult to Control Weeds

Commercially acceptable control of the following weeds may not always be obtained but weed populations will be suppressed when applied at the maximum-labeled rate, thus resulting in less competition with the emerging and growing crop.

Buckwheat, Wild	Panicum, Fall
Canarygrass, Littleseed	Panicum, Texas
Dock, Curly (from seed)	Polypogon, Rabbitfoot
Foxtail, Giant	Rocket, London
Goosefoot, Nettleleaf	Shepherdspurge
Henbit	Sowthistle, Annual
Knotweed, Silversheath	Vaseygrass
Ladysthumb	Witchweed

Weeds Not Controlled with DACTHAL FLOWABLE

Galinsoga	Nutsedge
Jimsonweed	Ragweed, Common
Johnsongrass (from rhizomes)	Smartweed
Mustards	Velvetleaf

Replanting: Replanting crops other than those included on this label in DACTHAL FLOWABLE treated soil within 8 months of application may result in crop injury. If replanting is required because of an early crop failure, the planting of onions, seeded cucurbits, potatoes, tomatoes, eggplants or peppers at this time may result in crop injury. However, all crops on this label may be planted following harvest of a DACTHAL FLOWABLE treated crop.

Ornamental Turf (such as Lawns [non residential], Golf Courses, Cemeteries, Athletic Fields, Parks, Sod Farms, and Institutional Areas where turf is grown): Application at the rate of 14 pts of DACTHAL FLOWABLE in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1 pt./3 to 7 gals./3,000 sq. ft.) gives excellent control of crabgrass and other weeds as listed on this label. In California, DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications to turf should be watered within 4 hours with 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water by irrigation. One application applied in early spring before weed seed germination usually provides seasonal control. Crabgrass seed germination usually coincides with the time when Forsythia blossoms start to fall. In areas which commonly experience stands of late-germinating crabgrass and other annual weedy grasses, a second application at half the regular rate can be safely made 60 days~~two months~~ after the first application. In order to control annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) and other erratic or late-germinating grasses and weeds in northern states, a late summer or early fall application before weed seed germination of 10 quarts of DACTHAL FLOWABLE in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1/2 pts/3 to 7 gals./3,000 sq. ft.) should supplement the early spring application. Earlier applications are required in southern United States. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialist for date *Poa annua* seed germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.

Early spring application of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be made to new turfgrass seedlings after the grasses have exhibited a uniform greening of the newly sprouted grass, preferably when 1 to 2 inches in height. Such DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications give control of crabgrass without injury to newly-emerged grass. Fall sowing of permanent grasses can follow early spring application of DACTHAL FLOWABLE.

Where some spring seeding is necessary, there should be a delay of approximately 60 days after the application of most preemergence herbicides, including DACTHAL FLOWABLE. This delay increases the survival of desirable grasses.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is not recommended for use on putting greens.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is not recommended for use on bentgrasses mowed at putting green height. For control of creeping speedwell (*Veronica filiformis*), apply 16 pints of DACTHAL FLOWABLE in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre as a postemergence spray when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously. Spring or early fall applications are usually suitable, provided temperatures are between 65° and 90°F, and there is ample soil moisture. Thorough coverage is essential. Delayed control of creeping speedwell is to be expected and will be manifested first by a gradual loss of color and vigor.

For Use on Turf (non-residential)	To Control	When to Apply	Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE	Remarks
Established Turf	Crabgrass	Early spring, before crabgrass and other spring annual weed seeds germinate.	14 pts./Acre or 1 pt. in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	Apply when Forsythia blossoms. A second application at half the recommended rate may be made 60 days two months after the first application if necessary.
	Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa annua</i>)	Late summer or early fall in Northern states before weed seed germination. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension weed specialist for date <i>Poa annua</i> germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.	20 pts./Acre or 1/2 pints in 3 to 7 gals. per 1,000 sq. ft.	Should be used at least 60 days following an early spring application for crabgrass control.

For Use on Turf (non-residential)	To Control	When to Apply	Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE	Remarks
	Creeping Speedwell (<i>Veronica filiformis</i>)	As a postemergence spray in spring or early fall when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously, there is ample soil moisture and temperature is between 65° and 90°F.	16 pts. /Acre or 18 fluid ounces in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	Apply spray to obtain thorough coverage of foliage. Delayed control of creeping speedwell, approximately 30 days, is to be expected and will be noticed first by a gradual loss of color and vigor.
	Spotted Spurge or Prostrate Spurge (<i>Euphorbia maculata</i> , <i>E. supina</i>)	Mid-April or before seed germination of annual weeds. Repeat applications in 6 to 8 weeks.	14 to 16 pts. /Acre or 15 to 18 ozs in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	Apply first application before germination of annual weed seeds, such as crabgrass. Repeat application at the same rate 6 to 8 weeks later. In addition to control of spotted spurge or prostrate spurge, crabgrass control is also obtained.
Newly seeded turf	Crabgrass	After new turfgrass seedlings have exhibited a greening of the newly-sprouted grass (about 1 to 2 inches high).	14 pts. /Acre or 1 pt. in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	Allows crabgrass control without injury to the new turf.

IMPORTANT: After DACTHAL FLOWABLE treatment, wait approximately 60 days before any new seeding is undertaken. DO NOT use on Dichondra. See recommendations on bentgrass before using on this species.

Nursery Stock: DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be applied to a wide range of nursery stock at the rate of 14 to 16 ~~7 to 8~~ pints to 100 gallons of water per acre of area treated (1 pint in 3 to 7 gallons of water per 3,000 sq. ft.). One repeat application at the same rate may be applied 60 days after first application.

Applications should be made to soil recently cultivated to a uniform texture. These can be made immediately following lining-out of stock. With established plantings, application should be made following proper cultivation to remove existing weeds. Where possible, this should be done early in the spring. Late summer application may prove beneficial for control of fall germinating weeds, if made following cultivation. Weed control up to three months or more may be expected following proper application.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is specifically recommended for weed control with the following:

Abelia	Fir	Nasturtium
Ageratum	Forget-Me-Not	Oak
Alyssum	Forsythia	Orpine
Andromeda, Jap.	Four-O'Clock	Pachistima
Arborvitae	Foxglove	Pachysandra
Ash	Gaillardia	Peony
Aster	Geranium	Petunia
Azalea	Gladiolus	Pine
Babysbreath	Golddust	Pittosporum
Barberry	Goldentuft	Podocarpus
Bellflower	Gum	Poker Plant
Birch	Hawthorn	Poplar
Bleedingheart	Heath, Pink	Privet
Bloodleaf	Holly	Privet, variegated
Boxwood	Honeysuckle	Redbud
Bugloss	Hydrangea	Rhododendron
Camellia	Iris	Rose
Candytufts	Ivy, Baltic	Russian Olive
Chrysanthemum	Ivy, Boston	Sage, Scarlet
Cinquefoil	Ivy, English	Snapdragon
Coleus	Ivy, Wilson	Spiderwort, Va.
Columbine	Juniper	Spirea
Coneflower, Purple	Lantana	Spruce
Coreopsis	Larkspur, Candle	Stonecrop
Coralbells	Lavendercotton	Strawflower
Cosmos	Lilac	Sundrops
Cotoneaster	Lily	Sunflower
Cottonwood	Locust	Sweet Pea
Cuphea	Lupine	Sycamore
Cypress	Magnolia	Tree Peony
Dahlia	Maple	Tulip Tree
Delphinium	Marguerite, Golden	Viburnum
Deutzia	Marigold	Violet, African
Dogwood	Mockorange	Weigela
Elaeagnus	Morningglory	Willow
Elm	Moss, Rose	Wormwood
Euonymus	Mother-of-Thyme	Yarrow, Fernleaf
Evening Primrose	Mountain Laurel	Yew
Feverfew	Mourning Bride	Zinnia

Do not use on the following plants:

Bugleweed	Mesembryanthemum
Button Pink	Pansy
Carnation	Phlox
Geum	Sweet William
Germander	Telanthera

Amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE to Use in Treating Small Areas

Area to be Treated*	Recommended Rate DACTHAL FLOWABLE HERBICIDE/A	Amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE HERBICIDE to Apply
1000 sq. ft. (from 1 to 2 gallons of water should be used to spray 1000 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 pts. (heavy soil) 8 to 10 pts. (medium soil) 6 pts. (sandy soil)	5 oz. 4 oz. 4 oz.
250 sq. ft. (from ¼ to ½ gallon of water should be used to spray 250 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 pts. (heavy soil) 8 to 10 pts. (medium soil) 6 pts. (sandy soil)	1¼ oz. 1 oz. 1 oz.

NOTE: In treating small areas it is important to use care in measuring out required quantity for area to be treated, properly mixing it in water and keeping it adequately agitated during application.

*Other size areas to be treated can be calculated from the above table. For example:

To treat 5,000 sq. ft. at the 14 pts./acre rate, use 1½ pts. in 5 to 10 gallons of water.

To treat 500 sq. ft. at the 14 pts./acre rate, use 2½ oz. in ½ to 1 gallon of water.

Rates of application can be reduced by banding. See Conversion Chart.

CONVERSION CHART FOR DACTHAL FLOWABLE

For a 12-inch band of spray, use this amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE per acre.

Row Width	If overall rate is:			
	6 pts. per acre	8 pts. per acre	10 pts. per acre	12 pts. per acre
24 inches	3 pts.	4 pts.	5 pts.	6 pts.
32 inches	2-1/2 pts.	3 pts.	3-3/4 pts.	4-1/2 pts.
36 inches	2 pts.	2-2/3 pts.	3-1/3 pts.	4 pts.
40 inches	1-3/4 pts.	2-1/2 pts.	3 pts.	3-2/3 pts.

Special Precautions: DO NOT feed treated foliage to livestock or graze treated areas. Apply according to directions and under conditions favorable to good plant growth. DACTHAL FLOWABLE will not harm crops for which its use is recommended. *However, conditions such as high salt concentration, seeding disease, cold weather, deep planting, excessive moisture or drought may injure or weaken crops normally tolerant to DACTHAL FLOWABLE, thereby increasing the possibility of herbicide damage. Under any of these conditions, one or more of the following may result: delayed crop development, reduced yields or reduced quality.*

Recommendations

Any Application of DACTHAL FLOWABLE Should Be Made Prior to Weed Seed Germination

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cabbage and all other Brassica (cole) leafy vegetables in this crop group ¹	At seeding or transplanting	6-14 pts. FLOWABLE*	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.
Seeded melons: (cantaloupe, honeydew, watermelons)	When plants have 4-5 true leaves (see remarks)	6-14 pts. FLOWABLE*	Apply only when plants have 4-5 true leaves, are well-established, and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. (If applied earlier than recommended and/or growing conditions are unfavorable, crop injury may result.) If weeds have emerged, crop should be cultivated and weeded prior to the DACTHAL FLOWABLE application. Incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.
Collards, kale, mustard greens, turnips (greens and roots) including turnip greens (broccoli raab (raab, raab salad), hanover salad and turnip tops)	At seeding	6-14 pts. FLOWABLE*	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.
Horseradish	At planting	6-14 pts. FLOWABLE*	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. Preplant incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.
Onions [dry bulb onions, dry bulb shallots and green onions (green onions, leeks, spring onions or scallions, Japanese bunching onions, green shallots or green eschalots)]	At seeding or transplanting and/or at layby	See preemergence rate and weeds controlled. In sandy loam soils, however, maximum preemergence rate of 10 pints FLOWABLE per acre is recommended	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on onions either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL FLOWABLE preemergence treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) up to 14 weeks after planting at rates up to 14 pts. per acre on any soil type. If weeds emerge prior to layby, the onions should be cultivated or weeded prior to application. Use ¼ inch of overhead irrigation to incorporate Dacthal into the soil. Where onion emergence is expected to be slow due to cold and wet soil conditions, delay application until seed begins to germinate to reduce the risk of crop injury. Preplant incorporation is not recommended for onions.</p> <p>Broadcast applications permitted in California for onions in certain counties from August through December. Due to potential for off-site movement through co-distillation and deposition on unlabeled crops, DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be applied as a band application to onions in all counties with the following exception. During the period from August 1</p>

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
			through December 31, broadcast applications of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be made in the following counties: Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego and Imperial. A minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre should be used for broadcast applications. During the period from January 1 through July 31, DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications should be applied as a banded application in all counties.
Radish	At seeding or up to three-leaf stage	6-14 pts. FLOWABLE per acre	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application to permit uniform coverage of soil. Preplant incorporation not recommended. DO NOT graze on treated areas or feed plant refuse to livestock. DO NOT harvest within 25 days of application. Based upon available residue data, the use of DACTHAL FLOWABLE for weed control in radishes is limited to the State of California. In California, applications must be banded.
Sweet Potatoes	At transplanting and layby	See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at transplanting. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on sweet potatoes either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL FLOWABLE at transplant treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments). Layby applications can be made up to 6 weeks after transplanting. If weeds are present, the crop should be weeded or cultivated prior to DACTHAL FLOWABLE application. Incorporation of layby applications not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.
Tomatoes; tomatillos; eggplant	4-6 weeks after transplanting or on direct seeded plants at 4-6 inches in height (see remarks)	See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled	Application uniformly to the soil should be confined to a period of 4-6 weeks after transplanting. Plants should be well-established and growing conditions favorable for good plant growth. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, the crop should be cultivated or weeded prior to making the DACTHAL FLOWABLE application. DO NOT apply to seeded plants until plants are 4-6 inches in height, well established and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. In California, applications must be banded.
Strawberries: New Plantings	At transplanting	12 pints FLOWABLE per acre	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. For new beds apply 12 pints at transplanting. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
Strawberries: Established Plantings	Fall and early Spring	8-12 pints FLOWABLE per acre	Application of 8-12 pints per acre may be applied to established plantings in fall and early spring to control late summer or early fall germinating weeds. When two applications are used a minimum of 14 days are required between treatments. Application to established plantings should be made in fall and early spring. DO NOT apply after first bloom through harvest. Applications may be made directly over the plants without injury. In California, applications must be banded.
Note: Rates can be reduced by banding.			Layby used in this table refers to the time just prior to the stage when crop plant size would prevent further cultivation.

*See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled

¹Brassica leafy vegetables crop group includes broccoli, Chinese (gai lon, white flowering) broccoli, broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy, napa, tight-heading varieties), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), cauliflower, cavalo broccolo, collards, kale, kohlrabi, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach and rape greens.

²Fruits of the gourd (*Cucurbitaceae*) family that are consumed when immature, 100% of the fruit is edible either cooked or raw, once picked it cannot be stored, has a soft rind which is easily penetrated, and if seeds were harvested they would not germinate; e.g., *Lagenaria* spp. (i.e., hyotan, cucuzza); *Luffa* spp. (i.e., hechima, Chinese okra); *Momordica* spp. (i.e., bitter melon, balsam pear, balsam apple, Chinese cucumber); *Sechium edule* (chayote); and other cultivars and/or hybrids of these.

APPLICATION AND CALIBRATION TECHNIQUES FOR SPRINKLER IRRIGATION

Apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, solid set or portable (side roll, end tow or hand move) irrigation systems. DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

DO NOT apply this product through irrigation systems connected to a public water system. "Public water system" means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

Always inject DACTHAL FLOWABLE into irrigation water after it discharges from the irrigation pump and after it passes through the check valve. Never inject pesticides into the intake line of the suction side of the pump.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Spray mixture in the chemical supply tank must be agitated at all times, otherwise settling and uneven application may occur.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be used through two basic types of sprinkler irrigation systems as outlined in Sections A and B below. Determine which type of system is in place, then refer to the appropriate directions provided for each type. The tank containing DACTHAL FLOWABLE must be equipped with effective mechanical agitation to keep the wettable powder in suspension. Premixing DACTHAL FLOWABLE as instructed under ground application will insure that a uniform suspension is obtained. The injection equipment which contains the DACTHAL FLOWABLE suspension should be connected to the discharge side of the irrigation pump or other pressurized equipment attached to the irrigation line.

A. Center Pivot and Motorized Lateral Move Irrigation Equipment

For injection of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a positive displacement injection pump, of either diaphragm or piston type, constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of injection at pressures approximately 2-3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems.

Fill chemical supply tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete revolution or run across the field, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage covered. Thoroughly mix recommended amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL FLOWABLE has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

B. Solid Set and Portable (Side Roll, End Tow or Hand Move) Irrigation Equipment

Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over a 30 to 45-minute period. Mix desired amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE for acreage to be covered into quantity of water used during calibration and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used for amount of time established during calibration. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL FLOWABLE has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of at an approved waste disposal facility. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants (a) that this product conform to the chemical description on the label; (b) that this product is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the directions for use, subject to the inherent risks referred to herein, when it is used in accordance with such directions; and (c) that the directions, warnings, and other statements on this label are based upon responsible experts' evaluations of reasonable tests of effectiveness, of toxicity to laboratory animals and to plants and residues on food crops, and upon reports of field experience. Tests have not been made on all varieties of food crops and plants, or in all states or under all conditions.

THERE ARE NO EXPRESS WARRANTIES OTHER THAN THOSE SET FORTH HEREIN. THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS, NOR DOES IT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE, TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND IT EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY WARRANTY OF QUALITY OR PERFORMANCE. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO, AND THE BUYER SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR, ANY AND ALL LOSS OR DAMAGE WHICH RESULTS FROM THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ANY MANNER WHICH IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS, WARNINGS OR CAUTIONS.

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Attachment B to Attachment Email 1 (September 7, 2017)



June 8, 2017

Ms. Kathryn Montague
Product Manager (PM 23)
Document Processing Desk (AMEND)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7505C)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
2777 South Crystal Drive
Arlington, VA 22202

Subject: Dacthal W-75 (EPA Reg. No. 5481-490)
Label Amendment to Clarify Directions For Use

Dear Kathryn:

This is submitted in response to recent discussions with the Agency in which various label revisions were requested to clarify the above listed product. The enclosed labeling includes the following revisions:

- Deleted all references to aerial application methods.
- Clarified application intervals.
- Clarified use sites per FRL-7726-5, 27 Jul 05

In support of this application, please find the following documents enclosed:

- Application for Registration form (EPA Form 8570-1)
- Three copies of the proposed revised labeling (Ref. No. 490-20170605)
- One copy of proposed labeling highlighting changes to currently approved labeling (Ref. No. 490-20170605 REDLINE)

If you need additional information, please don't hesitate to contact me at 949-221-6109 or email jonw@amvac-chemical.com. Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Best Regards,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Jon C. Wood".

Jon C. Wood
Sr. Regulatory Manager
AMVAC Chemical Corporation



United States
Environmental Protection Agency
Washington, DC 20460

- Registration
 Amendment
 Other

OPP Identifier Number

Application for Pesticide - Section I

1. Company/Product Number 5481-490		2. EPA Product Manager Kathryn Montague	3. Proposed Classification	
1. Company/Product (Name) Dacthal W-75		PM# 23	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted	
2. Name and Address of Applicant (Include Zip Code) Amvac Chemical Corporation 4695 MacArthur Court, Suite 1200 Newport Beach, CA 92660 <input type="checkbox"/> Check if this is a new address		6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3)(b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No. _____ Product Name _____		

Section - II

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Amendment - Explain below	<input type="checkbox"/> Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated _
<input type="checkbox"/> Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated _____	<input type="checkbox"/> "Me Too" Application
<input type="checkbox"/> Notification - Explain below	<input type="checkbox"/> Other - Explain below

Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For Section I and Section II.)

Amend Label Directions For Use:

- Deleted all aerial application methods.
- Clarified application intervals.
- Clarified use sites per FRL-7726-5, 27 Jul 05

Section - III

1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:

Child-Resistant Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes* <input type="checkbox"/> No * Certification must be submitted	Unit Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If "Yes" Unit Packaging wt. No. per container	Water Soluble Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If "Yes" Package wt. No. per container	2. Type of Container <input type="checkbox"/> Metal <input type="checkbox"/> Plastic <input type="checkbox"/> Glass <input type="checkbox"/> Paper <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) ____
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3. Location of Net Contents Information <input type="checkbox"/> Label <input type="checkbox"/> Container	4. Size(s) Retail Container	5. Location of Label Directions <input type="checkbox"/> On Label <input type="checkbox"/> On Labeling accompanying product
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6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product <input type="checkbox"/> Lithographed <input type="checkbox"/> Paper glued	<input type="checkbox"/> Stenciled <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____
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Section - IV

1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.)

Name Jon C. Wood	Title Sr. Regulatory Manager	Telephone No. (Include Area Code) 949-221-6109
---------------------	---------------------------------	---

Certification
I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.

8. Date Application Received (Stamped)

2. Signature 	3. Title Sr. Regulatory Manager	
4. Typed Name Jon C. Wood	5. Date 05-June-2017	

DACTHAL[®] W-75

Agricultural Herbicide (75% Wettable Powder)

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:		By Wt.
DCPA (dimethyl tetrachloroterephthalate).....	75.0%	
INERT INGREDIENTS:	25.0%	
	Total	100.0%

Keep Out of Reach of Children
CAUTION

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Emergency Telephone Number	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. Questions? Call 1-888-462-6822. In case of spills, contact Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300	

SEE SIDE [BACK] [INSIDE] PANEL [BOOKLET] FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

EPA Reg. No. 5481-490

EPA Est. No. _____

NET CONTENTS: _____



AMVAC Chemical Corporation
 4100 E. Washington Blvd.
 Los Angeles, CA 90023 U.S.A
 1-888-462-6822

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material,
- Shoes plus socks,
- A dust/mist respirator (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C) or a NIOSH approved respirator with any N, R, P or HE filter.

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are made of any waterproof material. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistant category selection chart.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment wastewater.

Groundwater Advisory: Tetrachloroterephthalic acid, a breakdown product of DACTHAL W-75 is known to leach through soil as a result of agricultural and turf uses and has been found in groundwater which may be used for drinking water. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL W-75 to sand and loamy sand soils where the water table (groundwater) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., well drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of groundwater used for drinking water.

Surface Water Advisory: DCPA can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, DCPA may also have a high potential to contaminate surface water through runoff (via both dissolution in runoff water and adsorption to eroding soil) for several weeks post-application. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL W-75 to poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible sloping towards adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas over-laying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and highly erodible soils.

DACTHAL W-75 Herbicide

A selective preemergence herbicide for control of annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds in vegetable crops.

Read entire label carefully and use only as directed.

General Information

490-20170605 DFU Amend

DACTHAL W-75 is a 75 percent wettable powder formulation for use in preemergence application for control of crabgrass and other annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds on mineral soils in vegetables, strawberries, agronomic crops, and ornamentals.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

DO NOT APPLY IN SUFFOLK AND NASSAU COUNTIES, LONG ISLAND.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. Exception: If the product is soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, and
- Shoes plus socks

Preparation and Application of the Spray: DACTHAL W-75 should be thoroughly mixed in the spray tank with water to provide for broadcast application of at least 20 gallons of water per acre, depending on equipment and local practices. Adequate agitation should be maintained during filling and spraying to keep material in uniform suspension. Use nozzles suitable for applying wettable powders so that the spray can be uniformly distributed over the properly prepared soil surface. Any screen or strainer in spray equipment should be no finer than 50 mesh to prevent clogging. It is essential that the sprayer be properly calibrated before making applications. Standard low-pressure (30-50 psi) boom-type sprayers are recommended.

A minimum of one-third to one-half inch of water, either as rain or irrigation, is necessary to activate DACTHAL W-75 and thereby obtain preemergence control of weeds specified. Normally, water must be applied within 3 to 5 days of application if sufficient rainfall does not occur. However, when surface soil is dry but subsurface soil contains enough moisture to germinate weeds, water should be applied immediately. If furrow irrigation is used, the top of the bed must be thoroughly wet. If rainfall during this period does not occur and irrigation cannot be made, shallow incorporation, when recommended, will aid in weed control.

Information on Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

Controlling Droplet Size

Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure: Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of Nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Boom Length

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application Height

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small, suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Soil Preparation: Prior to making application, the soil should be cultivated to provide a weed-free and uniform surface since DACTHAL W-75 herbicide is effective only when applied before weed seed germination occurs. Unless incorporated, DACTHAL W-75 should be applied within two to three days following cultivation, to prevent subsurface germinating weeds from becoming established. When cultivating between rows, use shields on cultivator to prevent untreated soil from covering treated bands. Cultural practices, such as forming crop beds, should be completed prior to DACTHAL W-75 application in order to avoid exposing untreated soil in the bottom of the furrow and concentrating the sprayed soil within the bed.

Soil Incorporation: DO NOT incorporate deeper than 2 inches. Shallow soil incorporation, when recommended (see specific crop recommendation), often gives more consistent results. Depending on crop and time of application, several incorporation methods may be used.

Preplant Incorporation: This type of incorporation often provides better weed control on irrigated land, and also on non-irrigated land when dry weather is anticipated following planting. When recommended, DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed on the soil surface and then incorporated into the soil using a disc harrow or related tillage equipment. To insure complete incorporation, double disc in two directions. For incorporating banded treatments, hooded-power driven rotary tillers or ground tillers are essential.

Delayed Preemergent Incorporation: For crops where preplant incorporation can be used (see specific crop recommendation). Incorporation at this time should be used when adequate rainfall or irrigation is not available within 3 to 5 days after planting. Lightly incorporate (to 1 inch deep) with drag harrow, rotary hoe or other suitable tillage equipment.

Layby Incorporation: (Just prior to stage when plant growth would prevent further cultivation). Cultivate soil to remove established weeds. Apply DACTHAL W-75 over top of foliage and lightly incorporate with suitable equipment.

Off-Site Movement Under California Growing Conditions: Current research indicates a propensity for off-site movement of certain soil-applied pesticides in California's unique growing conditions. Pesticides, such as DACTHAL W-75, may be moved off-site through a process called co-distillation. This phenomenon has been shown to occur where bare soil is treated (crops not present) and the soil surface is very hot. The pesticides, though not highly volatile, appear to be carried from the soil surface with water molecules during rapid evaporation that occurs immediately after irrigation. Banding applications of preemergence herbicides, such as DACTHAL W-75, significantly reduces the potential for off-site movement by reducing the amount of product used to treat a given crop area.

Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled: DACTHAL W-75 is recommended at rates of 6-14 lbs./A depending on soil type and weeds to be controlled. The following table outlines general recommendations for the use of DACTHAL W-75 on various soil types. The maximum rate for each soil type should be used when moderately susceptible weeds are present. Specific recommendations for each for each crop should be consulted. ***DACTHAL W-75 should not be applied to certain crops under conditions of cool, wet weather when plants are not actively growing.*** Refer to specific label recommendations for seeded melons, tomatoes, onions and eggplants for further details.

Soil Type	Organic Matter %	Broadcast Rate of DACTHAL W-75/A
Light-sand or sandy loam	0-3	6-8 pounds
Medium-silt loam	0-3	8-10 pounds
Heavy-clay loam	0-3	10-14 pounds
Heavy-silt loam	3-5	12-14 pounds

Weed Control Spectrum

DACTHAL W-75 is a preemergence herbicide which provides effective control of annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds. The following weeds are grouped according to their susceptibility to DACTHAL W-75:

Susceptible Weeds

Controlled at Lowest Recommended Rates for Each Soil Type

Carpetweed	Lovegrass
Chickweed, Common	Nettle, Burning
Crabgrass, Large	Pansy, Field
Crabgrass, Smooth	Purslane
Foxtail, Green	Pusley, Florida
Foxtail, Yellow	Witchgrass
Lambsquarters, Common	

Moderately Susceptible Weeds

Highest Recommended Rates for Each Soil Type Required for Effective Control

Barnyardgrass	Groundcherry
Bluegrass, Annual	Johnsongrass (from seed)
Cheeseweed (Malva parviflora)	Knotweed, Prostrate
Copperleaf, Rhombic	Nightshade, Black
Copperleaf, Virginia (three-seeded mercury)	Panicum, Brown Top
Dodder	Pigweed, Redroot
Deadnettle, Purple	Sandbur
Deadnettle, Spotted	Spurge, Nodding
Goosegrass	Spurge, Prostrate
	Spurge, Spotted

Difficult to Control Weeds

Commercially acceptable control of the following weeds may not always be obtained but weed populations will be suppressed when applied at the maximum-labeled rate, thus resulting in less competition with the emerging and growing crop.

Buckwheat, Wild	Panicum, Fall
Canarygrass, Littleseed	Panicum, Texas
Dock, Curly (from seed)	Polypogon, Rabbitfoot
Foxtail, Giant	Rocket, London
Goosefoot, Nettleleaf	Shepherdspurse
Henbit	Sowthistle, Annual
Knotweed, Silversheath	Vaseygrass
Ladysthumb	Witchweed

Weeds Not Controlled with DACTHAL W-75

Galinsoga	Nutsedge
Jimsonweed	Ragweed, Common
Johnsongrass (from rhizomes)	Smartweed
Mustards	Velvetleaf

Replanting: Replanting crops other than those included on this label in DACTHAL W-75 treated soil within 8 months of application may result in crop injury. If replanting is required because of an early crop failure, the planting of onions, seeded cucurbits, potatoes, tomatoes, eggplants or peppers at this time may result in crop injury. However, all crops on this label may be planted following harvest of a DACTHAL W-75 treated crop.

IMPORTANT: After DACTHAL W-75 treatment, wait approximately 60 days before any new seeding is undertaken. DO NOT use on Dichondra.

Nursery Stock: DACTHAL W-75 can be applied to a wide range of nursery stock at the rate of 14 to 16 pounds in 50 to 100 gallons of water per acre of area treated (1 pound in 3 to 7 gallons of water per 3,000 sq. ft.). One repeat application at the same rate may be applied 60 days after first application.

Applications should be made to soil recently cultivated to a uniform texture. These can be made immediately following lining-out of stock. With established plantings, application should be made following proper cultivation to remove existing weeds. Where possible, this should be done early in the spring. Late summer application may prove beneficial for control of fall germinating weeds, if made following cultivation. Weed control up to three months or more may be expected following proper application.

DACTHAL W-75 is specifically recommended for weed control with the following:

Abelia	Fir	Oak
Ageratum	Forget-Me-Not	Orpine
Alyssum	Forsythia	Pachistima
Andromeda, Jap.	Four-O'Clock	Pachysandra
Arborvitae	Foxglove	Peony
Ash	Gaillardia	Petunia
Aster	Geranium	Pine
Azalea	Gladiolus	Pittosporum
Babysbreath	Golddust	Podocarpus
Barberry	Goldentuft	Poker Plant
Bellflower	Gum	Poplar
Birch	Hawthorn	Privet
Bleedingheart	Heath, Pink	Privet, variegated
Bloodleaf	Holly	Redbud
Boxwood	Hydrangea	Rhododendron
Bugloss	Honeysuckle	Rose
Camellia	Iris	Russian Olive
Candytufts	Ivy, Baltic	Sage, Scarlet
Chrysanthemum	Ivy, Boston	Snapdragon
Cinquefoil	Ivy, English	Spiderwort, Va.
Coleus	Ivy, Wilson	Spirea
Columbine	Juniper	Spruce
Coneflower, Purple	Lantana	Stonecrop
Coreopsis	Larkspur, Candle	Strawflower
Coralbells	Lavendercotton	Sundrops
Cosmos	Lilac	Sunflower
Cotoneaster	Lily	Sweet Pea
Cottonwood	Locust	Sycamore
Cuphea	Lupine	Tree Peony
Cypress	Magnolia	Tulip Tree
Dahlia	Maple	Viburnum
Delphinium	Marguerite, Golden	Violet, African
Deutzia	Marigold	Weigela
Dogwood	Mockorange	Willow
Elaeagnus	Morningglory	Wormwood
Elm	Moss, Rose	Yarrow, Fernleaf
Euonymus	Mother-of-Thyme	Yew
Evening Primrose	Mountain Laurel	Zinnia
Feverfew	Mourning Bride	
	Nasturtium	

Do not use on the following plants:
490-20170605 DFU Amend

Bugleweed	Mesembryanthemum
Button Pink	Pansy
Carnation	Phlox
Geum	Sweet William
Germander	Telantha

Amount of DACTHAL W-75 to Use in Treating Small Areas

Area to be Treated*	Recommended Rate DACTHAL W-75 lb/A	Amount of DACTHAL W-75 to Apply	Struck-off (level) Tablespoons
1000 sq. ft. (from 1 to 2 gallons of water should be used to spray 1000 sq. ft.)	14 (heavy soil)	5 oz.	22
	12	4 oz.	19
	10 (medium soil)	3 oz.	16
	8	3 oz.	13
	6 (sandy soil)	2 oz.	10
250 sq. ft. (from ¼ gallon of water should be used to spray 250 sq. ft.)	14 (heavy soil)	1¼ oz.	5½
	12	1 oz.	4½
	10 (medium soil)	¾-1 oz.	4
	8	¾ oz.	3
	6 (sandy soil)	½ oz.	2½

Note: In treating small areas it is important to use care in measuring out required quantity for area to be treated, properly mixing it in water and keeping it adequately agitated during application.

*Other size areas to be treated can be calculated from the above table. For example:

To treat 5000 sq. ft. at the 10 lbs./acre rate, use 80 tbsp. (5 x 16) in 5 to 10 gallons of water (5 x 1 to 2).

To treat 600 sq. ft. at the 12 lbs./acre rate, use 11.4 tbsp. (0.6 x 19) in 0.6 to 1.2 gallons of water (0.6 x 1 to 2).

Rates of application can be reduced by banding. See Conversion Chart.

Conversion Chart for DACTHAL W-75

For a 12-inch band of spray, use this amount of DACTHAL W-75 per acre.

Row Width	If overall rate is:			
	6 lbs. per acre	8 lbs. per acre	10 lbs. per acre	12 lbs. per acre
24 inches	3 lbs.	4 lbs.	5 lbs.	6 lbs.
32 inches	2-1/2 lbs.	3 lbs.	3-3/4 lbs.	4-1/2 lbs.
36 inches	2 lbs.	2-2/3 lbs.	3-1/3 lbs.	4 lbs.
40 inches	1-3/4 lbs.	2-1/2 lbs.	3 lbs.	3-2/3 lbs.

Special Precautions: DO NOT feed treated foliage to livestock or graze treated areas. Apply according to directions and under conditions favorable to good plant growth. DACTHAL W-75 will not harm crops for which its use is recommended. *However, conditions such as high salt concentration, seeding disease, cold weather, deep planting, excessive moisture or drought may injure or weaken crops normally tolerant to DACTHAL W-75, thereby increasing the possibility of herbicide damage. Under any of these conditions, one or more of the following may result: delayed crop development, reduced yields or reduced quality.*

Recommendations

Any Application of DACTHAL W-75 Should Be Made Prior to Weed Seed Germination

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cabbage and all other Brassica (cole) leafy vegetables in this crop group ¹	At seeding or transplanting	6-14 lbs. W-75*	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.
Chayote (fruit), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon),-gherkin, gourd, edible (includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra), <i>Momordica</i> spp (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bittermelon, Chinese cucumber), muskmelon (includes hybrids and/or varieties of <i>Cucumis melo</i> (including true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, Santa Claus melon, crenshaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, Persian melon, golden pershaw melon, mango melon, pineapple melon, snake melon), watermelon including hybrids	When plants have 4-5 true leaves (see remarks)	6-14 lbs. W-75*	Apply only when plants have 4-5 true leaves, are well-established, and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. (If applied earlier than recommended and/or growing conditions are unfavorable, crop injury may result.) If weeds have emerged, crop should be cultivated and weeded prior to the DACTHAL W-75 application. Incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.

*(See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled)

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
Collards, kale, mustard greens, turnips (greens and roots) Broccoli raab, cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy), collards, kale, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach, rape greens, turnips (greens and roots: broccoli raab (raab, raab salad), hanover salad, turnip tops (turnip greens))	At seeding	6-14 lbs. W-75*	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
Horseradish	At planting	6-14 lbs. W-75*	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. Preplant incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.
Onions: dry bulb onions (shallots); green onions (leeks, spring onions or scallions, Japanese bunching onions, Welsh onion, green shallots, or green eschalots)	At seeding or transplanting and/or at layby	See preemergence rate and weeds controlled. In sandy loam soils, however, maximum preemergence rate of 10 pounds W-75 per acre is recommended	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on onions either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL W-75 preemergence treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) up to 14 weeks after planting at rates up to 14 lbs. per acre on any soil type. If weeds emerge prior to layby, the onions should be cultivated or weeded prior to application. Preplant incorporation not recommended.</p> <p>Broadcast applications permitted in California for onions in certain counties from August through December. Due to potential for off-site movement through co-distillation and deposition on unlabeled crops, DACTHAL W-75 should be applied as a band application to onions in all counties with the following exception. During the period from August 1 through December 31, broadcast applications of DACTHAL W-75 may be made in the following counties: Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego and Imperial. A minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre should be used for broadcast applications. During the period from January 1 through July 31, DACTHAL W-75 applications should be applied as a banded application in all counties.</p>

*(See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled)

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
Radish	At seeding or up to three-leaf stage	6-14 lbs. W-75 per acre	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application to permit uniform coverage of soil. Preplant incorporation not recommended. DO NOT graze on treated areas or feed plant refuse to livestock. DO NOT harvest within 25 days of application.</p> <p>Based upon available residue data, the use of DACTHAL W-75 for weed control in radishes is limited to the State of California. In California, applications must be banded.</p>
Sweet Potatoes; arrowroot; cassava, bitter and sweet; chayote (root); dasheen (taro); turmeric	At transplanting and layby	See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at transplanting. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on sweet potatoes either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL W-75 at transplant treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) up to 6 weeks after transplanting. If weeds are present, the crop should be weeded or cultivated prior to DACTHAL W-75 application. Incorporation of layby applications not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.</p>

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
Tomatoes; tomatillos; eggplant; pepino; groundcherry	4-6 weeks after transplanting or on direct seeded plants at 4-6 inches in height (see remarks)	See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled	<p>Application uniformly to the soil should be confined to a period of 4-6 weeks after transplanting. Plants should be well-established and growing conditions favorable for good plant growth. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, the crop should be cultivated or weeded prior to making the DACTHAL W-75 application. DO NOT apply to seeded plants until plants are 4-6 inches in height, well established and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. In California, applications must be banded.</p>
Strawberries: New Plantings	At transplanting	12 pounds W-75 per acre	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. For new beds apply 12 pounds at transplanting. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.</p>

Strawberries: Established Plantings	Fall and early Spring	8-12 pounds W- 75 per acre	Application of 8-12 pounds per acre may be applied to established plantings in fall and early spring to control late summer or early fall germinating weeds. When two applications are used a minimum of 14 days are required between treatments. DO NOT apply after first bloom through harvest. Applications may be made directly over the plants without injury. In California, applications must be banded.
Note: Rates can be reduced by banding.		Layby used in this table refers to the time just prior to the stage when crop plant size would prevent further cultivation.	

¹Brassica leafy vegetables crop group includes broccoli, Chinese (gai lon, white flowering) broccoli, broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy, napa, tight-heading varieties), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), cauliflower, cavalo broccolo, collards, kale, kohlrabi, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach and rape greens.

Fruits of the gourd (*Cucurbitaceae*) family that are consumed when immature, 100% of the fruit is edible either cooked or raw, once picked it cannot be stored, has a soft rind which is easily penetrated, and if seeds were harvested they would not germinate; *Lagenaria* spp. (i.e., spaghetti squash, hyotan, cucuzza); *Luffa* spp. (i.e., hechima, Chinese okra); *Momordica* spp. (i.e., bitter melon, balsam pear, balsam apple, Chinese cucumber); *Sechium edule* (chayote); and other cultivars and/or hybrids of these.

Application and Calibration Techniques for Sprinkler Irrigation

Apply DACTHAL W-75 only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, solid set or portable (side roll, end tow or hand move) irrigation systems. DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

DO NOT apply this product through irrigation systems connected to a public water system. "Public water system" means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

Always inject DACTHAL W-75 into irrigation water after it discharges from the irrigation pump and after it passes through the check valve. Never inject pesticides into the intake line of the suction side of the pump.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Spray mixture in the chemical supply tank must be agitated at all times, otherwise settling and uneven application may occur.

DACTHAL W-75 may be used through two basic types of sprinkler irrigation systems as outlined in Sections A and B below. Determine which type of system is in place, then refer to the appropriate directions provided for each type. The tank containing DACTHAL W-75 must be equipped with effective mechanical agitation to keep the wettable powder in suspension. Premixing DACTHAL W-75 as instructed under ground application will insure that a uniform suspension is obtained. The injection equipment which contains the DACTHAL W-75 suspension should be connected to the discharge side of the irrigation pump or other pressurized equipment attached to the irrigation line.

A. Center Pivot and Motorized Lateral Move Irrigation Equipment

For injection of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a positive displacement injection pump, of either diaphragm or piston type, constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of injection at pressures approximately 2-3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems.

Fill chemical supply tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete revolution or run across the field, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage covered. Thoroughly mix recommended amount of DACTHAL W-75 for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

B. Solid Set and Portable (Side Roll, End Tow or Hand Move) Irrigation Equipment

Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over a 30 to 45-minute period. Mix desired amount of DACTHAL W-75 for acreage to be covered into quantity of water used during calibration and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used for amount of time established during calibration. DACTHAL W-75 can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of at an approved waste disposal facility. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Completely empty bag into application equipment. When completely empty, offer for recycling or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants (a) that this product conform to the chemical description on the label; (b) that this product is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the directions for use, subject to the inherent risks referred to herein, when it is used in accordance with such directions; and (c) that the directions, warnings, and other statements on this label are based upon responsible experts' evaluations of reasonable tests of effectiveness, of toxicity to laboratory animals and to plants and residues on food crops, and upon reports of field experience. Tests have not been made on all varieties of food crops and plants, or in all states or under all conditions.

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AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4100 E. Washington Boulevard
Los Angeles, CA 90023 U.S.A.
1-888-462-6822

DACTHAL[®] W-75

Agricultural Herbicide (75% Wettable Powder)

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:		By Wt.
DCPA (dimethyl tetrachloroterephthalate).....	75.0%	
INERT INGREDIENTS:	25.0%	
	Total	100.0%

Keep Out of Reach of Children
CAUTION

See side/back panel for additional precautionary statements.

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Emergency Telephone Number	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. Questions? Call 1-888-462-6822. In case of spills, contact Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300	

SEE SIDE [BACK] [INSIDE] PANEL [BOOKLET] FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

EPA Reg. No. 5481-490

EPA Est. No. _____

NET CONTENTS: _____



AMVAC Chemical Corporation
 4100 E. Washington Blvd.
 Los Angeles, CA 90023 U.S.A
 1-888-462-6822

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material,
- Shoes plus socks,
- A dust/mist respirator (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C) or a NIOSH approved respirator with any N, R, P or HE filter.

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are made of any waterproof material. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistant category selection chart.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment wastewater.

Groundwater Advisory: Tetrachloroterephthalic acid, a breakdown product of DACTHAL W-75 is known to leach through soil as a result of agricultural and turf uses and has been found in groundwater which may be used for drinking water. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL W-75 to sand and loamy sand soils where the water table (groundwater) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., well drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of groundwater used for drinking water.

Surface Water Advisory: DCPA can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, DCPA may also have a high potential to contaminate surface water through runoff (via both dissolution in runoff water and adsorption to eroding soil) for several weeks post-application. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL W-75 to poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible sloping towards adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas over-laying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and highly erodible soils.

DACTHAL W-75 Herbicide

A selective preemergence herbicide for control of annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds in vegetable crops.

Read entire label carefully and use only as directed.

General Information

DACTHAL W-75 is a 75 percent wettable powder formulation for use in preemergence application for control of crabgrass and other annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds on mineral soils in vegetables, strawberries, agronomic crops, and ornamentals.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

DO NOT APPLY IN SUFFOLK AND NASSAU COUNTIES, LONG ISLAND.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. Exception: If the product is soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, and
- Shoes plus socks

Preparation and Application of the Spray: DACTHAL W-75 should be thoroughly mixed in the spray tank with water to provide for broadcast application of at least 20 gallons of water per acre, depending on equipment and local practices. Adequate agitation should be maintained during filling and spraying to keep material in uniform suspension. Use nozzles suitable for applying wettable powders so that the spray can be uniformly distributed over the properly prepared soil surface. Any screen or strainer in spray equipment should be no finer than 50 mesh to prevent clogging. It is essential that the sprayer be properly calibrated before making applications. Standard low-pressure (30-50 psi) boom-type sprayers are recommended.

A minimum of one-third to one-half inch of water, either as rain or irrigation, is necessary to activate DACTHAL W-75 and thereby obtain preemergence control of weeds specified. Normally, water must be applied within 3 to 5 days of application if sufficient rainfall does not occur. However, when surface soil is dry but subsurface soil contains enough moisture to germinate weeds, water should be applied immediately. If furrow irrigation is used, the top of the bed must be thoroughly wet. If rainfall during this period does not occur and irrigation cannot be made, shallow incorporation, when recommended, will aid in weed control.

~~**Aircraft Application:** It is recommended that DACTHAL W-75 be applied in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre. Aircraft should be equipped with pumps with sufficient capacity to deliver at least 10 gallons per acre. Placement of nozzles should provide a uniform spray pattern. DACTHAL W-75 should be premixed in a nurse tank or mixing tank equipped with mechanical or bypass agitation. Mixture can then be pumped into the aircraft. Screens on mixing tanks should be no finer than 50 mesh. Adequate agitation should be maintained in the mixing tank as well as the aircraft throughout the spraying operation. Regulations governing aerial application of herbicides are in effect in many states. Consult local regulatory agencies concerning requirements before making applications. Avoid spray drift to adjacent fields; particular care should be exercised when adjacent fields contain edible crops or those that will be fed or grazed by livestock. Spray only on still days.~~

~~**Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory:** Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making aerial application decisions.~~

~~The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.~~

- ~~1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.~~
- ~~2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.~~

Information on Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

Controlling Droplet Size

Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure: Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of Nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Boom Length

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application Height

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants ~~unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.~~ Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

~~Swath Adjustment~~

~~When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)~~

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small, suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke ~~from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator~~. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Soil Preparation: Prior to making application, the soil should be cultivated to provide a weed-free and uniform surface since DACTHAL W-75 herbicide is effective only when applied before weed seed germination occurs. Unless incorporated, DACTHAL W-75 should be applied within two to three days following cultivation, to prevent subsurface germinating weeds from becoming established. When cultivating between rows, use shields on cultivator to prevent untreated soil from covering treated bands. Cultural practices, such as forming crop beds, should be completed prior to DACTHAL W-75 application in order to avoid exposing untreated soil in the bottom of the furrow and concentrating the sprayed soil within the bed.

Soil Incorporation: DO NOT incorporate deeper than 2 inches. Shallow soil incorporation, when recommended (see specific crop recommendation), often gives more consistent results. Depending on crop and time of application, several incorporation methods may be used.

Preplant Incorporation: This type of incorporation often provides better weed control on irrigated land, and also on non-irrigated land when dry weather is anticipated following planting. When recommended, DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed on the soil surface and then incorporated into the soil using a disc harrow or related tillage equipment. To insure complete incorporation, double disc in two directions. For incorporating banded treatments, hooded-power driven rotary tillers or ground tillers are essential.

Delayed Preemergent Incorporation: For crops where preplant incorporation can be used (see specific crop recommendation). Incorporation at this time should be used when adequate rainfall or irrigation is not available within 3 to 5 days after planting. Lightly incorporate (to 1 inch deep) with drag harrow, rotary hoe or other suitable tillage equipment.

Layby Incorporation: (Just prior to stage when plant growth would prevent further cultivation). Cultivate soil to remove established weeds. Apply DACTHAL W-75 over top of foliage and lightly incorporate with suitable equipment.

Off-Site Movement Under California Growing Conditions: Current research indicates a propensity for off-site movement of certain soil-applied pesticides in California's unique growing conditions. Pesticides, such as DACTHAL W-75, may be moved off-site through a process called co-distillation. This phenomenon has been shown to occur where bare soil is treated (crops not present) and the soil surface is very hot. The pesticides, though not highly volatile, appear to be carried from the soil surface with water molecules during rapid evaporation that occurs immediately after irrigation. Banding applications of preemergence herbicides, such as DACTHAL W-75, significantly reduces the potential for off-site movement by reducing the amount of product used to treat a given crop area.

Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled: DACTHAL W-75 is recommended at rates of 6-14 lbs./A depending on soil type and weeds to be controlled. The following table outlines general recommendations for the use of DACTHAL W-75 on various soil types. The maximum rate for each soil type should be used when moderately susceptible weeds are present. Specific recommendations for each for each crop should be consulted. ***DACTHAL W-75 should not be applied to certain crops under conditions of cool, wet weather when plants are not actively growing.*** Refer to specific label recommendations for seeded melons, tomatoes, onions and eggplants for further details.

Soil Type	Organic Matter %	Broadcast Rate of DACTHAL W-75/A
Light-sand or sandy loam	0-3	6-8 pounds
Medium-silt loam	0-3	8-10 pounds
Heavy-clay loam	0-3	10-14 pounds
Heavy-silt loam	3-5	12-14 pounds

Weed Control Spectrum

DACTHAL W-75 is a preemergence herbicide which provides effective control of annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds. The following weeds are grouped according to their susceptibility to DACTHAL W-75:

Susceptible Weeds

Controlled at Lowest Recommended Rates for Each Soil Type

Carpetweed	Lovegrass
Chickweed, Common	Nettle, Burning
Crabgrass, Large	Pansy, Field
Crabgrass, Smooth	Purslane
Foxtail, Green	Pusley, Florida
Foxtail, Yellow	Witchgrass
Lambsquarters, Common	

Moderately Susceptible Weeds

Highest Recommended Rates for Each Soil Type Required for Effective Control

Barnyardgrass	Groundcherry
Bluegrass, Annual	Johnsongrass (from seed)
Cheeseweed (Malva parviflora)	Knotweed, Prostrate
Copperleaf, Rhombic	Nightshade, Black
Copperleaf, Virginia (three-seeded mercury)	Panicum, Brown Top
Dodder	Pigweed, Redroot
Deadnettle, Purple	Sandbur
Deadnettle, Spotted	Spurge, Nodding
Goosegrass	Spurge, Prostrate
	Spurge, Spotted

Difficult to Control Weeds

Commercially acceptable control of the following weeds may not always be obtained but weed populations will be suppressed when applied at the maximum-labeled rate, thus resulting in less competition with the emerging and growing crop.

Buckwheat, Wild	Panicum, Fall
Canarygrass, Littleseed	Panicum, Texas
Dock, Curly (from seed)	Polypogon, Rabbitfoot
Foxtail, Giant	Rocket, London
Goosefoot, Nettleleaf	Shepherdspurge
Henbit	Sowthistle, Annual
Knotweed, Silversheath	Vaseygrass
Ladysthumb	Witchweed

Weeds Not Controlled with DACTHAL W-75

Galinsoga	Nutsedge
Jimsonweed	Ragweed, Common
Johnsongrass (from rhizomes)	Smartweed
Mustards	Velvetleaf

Replanting: Replanting crops other than those included on this label in DACTHAL W-75 treated soil within 8 months of application may result in crop injury. If replanting is required because of an early crop failure, the planting of onions, seeded cucurbits, potatoes, tomatoes, eggplants or peppers at this time may result in crop injury. However, all crops on this label may be planted following harvest of a DACTHAL W-75 treated crop.

IMPORTANT: After DACTHAL W-75 treatment, wait approximately 60 days before any new seeding is undertaken. DO NOT use on Dichondra.

Nursery Stock: DACTHAL W-75 can be applied to a wide range of nursery stock at the rate of 14 to 16 pounds in 50 to 100 gallons of water per acre of area treated (1 pound in 3 to 7 gallons of water per 3,000 sq. ft.). One repeat application at the same rate may be applied 60 days after first application.

Applications should be made to soil recently cultivated to a uniform texture. These can be made immediately following lining-out of stock. With established plantings, application should be made following proper cultivation to remove existing weeds. Where possible, this should be done early in the spring. Late summer application may prove beneficial for control of fall germinating weeds, if made following cultivation. Weed control up to three months or more may be expected following proper application.

DACTHAL W-75 is specifically recommended for weed control with the following:

Abelia	Fir	Oak
Ageratum	Forget-Me-Not	Orpine
Alyssum	Forsythia	Pachistima
Andromeda, Jap.	Four-O'Clock	Pachysandra
Arborvitae	Foxglove	Peony
Ash	Gaillardia	Petunia
Aster	Geranium	Pine
Azalea	Gladiolus	Pittosporum
Babysbreath	Golddust	Podocarpus
Barberry	Goldentuft	Poker Plant
Bellflower	Gum	Poplar
Birch	Hawthorn	Privet
Bleedingheart	Heath, Pink	Privet, variegated
Bloodleaf	Holly	Redbud
Boxwood	Hydrangea	Rhododendron
Bugloss	Honeysuckle	Rose
Camellia	Iris	Russian Olive
Candytufts	Ivy, Baltic	Sage, Scarlet
Chrysanthemum	Ivy, Boston	Snapdragon
Cinquefoil	Ivy, English	Spiderwort, Va.
Coleus	Ivy, Wilson	Spirea
Columbine	Juniper	Spruce
Coneflower, Purple	Lantana	Stonecrop
Coreopsis	Larkspur, Candle	Strawflower
Coralbells	Lavendercotton	Sundrops
Cosmos	Lilac	Sunflower
Cotoneaster	Lily	Sweet Pea
Cottonwood	Locust	Sycamore
Cuphea	Lupine	Tree Peony
Cypress	Magnolia	Tulip Tree
Dahlia	Maple	Viburnum
Delphinium	Marguerite, Golden	Violet, African
Deutzia	Marigold	Weigela
Dogwood	Mockorange	Willow
Elaeagnus	Morningglory	Wormwood
Elm	Moss, Rose	Yarrow, Fernleaf
Euonymus	Mother-of-Thyme	Yew
Evening Primrose	Mountain Laurel	Zinnia
Feverfew	Mourning Bride	
	Nasturtium	

Do not use on the following plants:

Bugleweed	Mesembryanthemum
Button Pink	Pansy
Carnation	Phlox
Geum	Sweet William
Germander	Telanthera

Amount of DACTHAL W-75 to Use in Treating Small Areas

Area to be Treated*	Recommended Rate DACTHAL W-75 lb/A	Amount of DACTHAL W-75 to Apply	Struck-off (level) Tablespoons
1000 sq. ft. (from 1 to 2 gallons of water should be used to spray 1000 sq. ft.)	14 (heavy soil)	5 oz.	22
	12	4 oz.	19
	10 (medium soil)	3 oz.	16
	8	3 oz.	13
	6 (sandy soil)	2 oz.	10
250 sq. ft. (from ¼ gallon of water should be used to spray 250 sq. ft.)	14 (heavy soil)	1¼ oz.	5½
	12	1 oz.	4½
	10 (medium soil)	¾-1 oz.	4
	8	¾ oz.	3
	6 (sandy soil)	½ oz.	2½

Note: In treating small areas it is important to use care in measuring out required quantity for area to be treated, properly mixing it in water and keeping it adequately agitated during application.

*Other size areas to be treated can be calculated from the above table. For example:

To treat 5000 sq. ft. at the 10 lbs./acre rate, use 80 tbsp. (5 x 16) in 5 to 10 gallons of water (5 x 1 to 2).

To treat 600 sq. ft. at the 12 lbs./acre rate, use 11.4 tbsp. (0.6 x 19) in 0.6 to 1.2 gallons of water (0.6 x 1 to 2).

Rates of application can be reduced by banding. See Conversion Chart.

Conversion Chart for DACTHAL W-75

For a 12-inch band of spray, use this amount of DACTHAL W-75 per acre.

Row Width	If overall rate is:			
	6 lbs. per acre	8 lbs. per acre	10 lbs. per acre	12 lbs. per acre
24 inches	3 lbs.	4 lbs.	5 lbs.	6 lbs.
32 inches	2-1/2 lbs.	3 lbs.	3-3/4 lbs.	4-1/2 lbs.
36 inches	2 lbs.	2-2/3 lbs.	3-1/3 lbs.	4 lbs.
40 inches	1-3/4 lbs.	2-1/2 lbs.	3 lbs.	3-2/3 lbs.

Special Precautions: DO NOT feed treated foliage to livestock or graze treated areas. Apply according to directions and under conditions favorable to good plant growth. DACTHAL W-75 will not harm crops for which its use is recommended. *However, conditions such as high salt concentration, seeding disease, cold weather, deep planting, excessive moisture or drought may injure or weaken crops normally tolerant to DACTHAL W-75, thereby increasing the possibility of herbicide damage. Under any of these conditions, one or more of the following may result: delayed crop development, reduced yields or reduced quality.*

Recommendations

Any Application of DACTHAL W-75 Should Be Made Prior to Weed Seed Germination

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cabbage and all other Brassica (cole) leafy vegetables in this crop group ¹	At seeding or transplanting	6-14 lbs. W-75*	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.
Chayote (fruit), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon),-gherkin, gourd, edible (includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra), <i>Momordica</i> spp (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bittermelon, Chinese cucumber), muskmelon (includes hybrids and/or varieties of <i>Cucumis melo</i> (including true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, Santa Claus melon, crenshaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, Persian melon, golden pershaw melon, mango melon, pineapple melon, snake melon), watermelon including hybrids and/or varieties of <i>Citrullus</i> spp.	When plants have 4-5 true leaves (see remarks)	6-14 lbs. W-75*	Apply only when plants have 4-5 true leaves, are well-established, and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. (If applied earlier than recommended and/or growing conditions are unfavorable, crop injury may result.) If weeds have emerged, crop should be cultivated and weeded prior to the DACTHAL W-75 application. Incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.

*(See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled)

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
Collards, kale, mustard greens, turnips (greens and roots) Broccoli raab, cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy), collards, kale, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach, rape greens, turnips (greens and roots: broccoli raab (raab, raab salad), hanover salad, turnip tops (turnip greens))	At seeding	6-14 lbs. W-75*	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
Horseradish	At planting	6-14 lbs. W-75*	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. Preplant incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.
Onions: dry bulb onions (shallots); green onions (leeks, spring onions or scallions, Japanese bunching onions, Welsh onion, green shallots, or green eschalots)	At seeding or transplanting and/or at layby	See preemergence rate and weeds controlled. In sandy loam soils, however, maximum preemergence rate of 10 pounds W-75 per acre is recommended	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on onions either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL W-75 preemergence treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) up to 14 weeks after planting at rates up to 14 lbs. per acre on any soil type. If weeds emerge prior to layby, the onions should be cultivated or weeded prior to application. Preplant incorporation not recommended.</p> <p>Broadcast applications permitted in California for onions in certain counties from August through December. Due to potential for off-site movement through co-distillation and deposition on unlabeled crops, DACTHAL W-75 should be applied as a band application to onions in all counties with the following exception. During the period from August 1 through December 31, broadcast applications of DACTHAL W-75 may be made in the following counties: Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego and Imperial. A minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre should be used for broadcast applications. During the period from January 1 through July 31, DACTHAL W-75 applications should be applied as a banded application in all counties.</p>

*(See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled)

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
Radish	At seeding or up to three-leaf stage	6-14 lbs. W-75 per acre	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application to permit uniform coverage of soil. Preplant incorporation not recommended. DO NOT graze on treated areas or feed plant refuse to livestock. DO NOT harvest within 25 days of application. Based upon available residue data, the use of DACTHAL W-75 for weed control in radishes is limited to the State of California. In California, applications must be banded.
Sweet Potatoes; arrowroot; cassava, bitter and sweet; chayote (root); dasheen (taro); turmeric	At transplanting and layby	See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at transplanting. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on sweet potatoes either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL W-75 at transplant treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) Lay-by applications can be made up to 6 weeks after transplanting. If weeds are present, the crop should be weeded or cultivated prior to DACTHAL W-75 application. Incorporation of layby applications not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
Tomatoes; tomatillos; eggplant; pepino; groundcherry	4-6 weeks after transplanting or on direct seeded plants at 4-6 inches in height (see remarks)	See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled	Application uniformly to the soil should be confined to a period of 4-6 weeks after transplanting. Plants should be well-established and growing conditions favorable for good plant growth. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, the crop should be cultivated or weeded prior to making the DACTHAL W-75 application. DO NOT apply to seeded plants until plants are 4-6 inches in height, well established and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. In California, applications must be banded.
Strawberries: New Plantings	At transplanting	12 pounds W-75 per acre	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. For new beds apply 12 pounds at transplanting. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.

Strawberries: Established Plantings	Fall and early Spring	8-12 pounds W- 75 per acre	Application of 8-12 pounds per acre may be applied to established plantings in fall and early spring to control late summer or early fall germinating weeds. When two applications are used a minimum of 14 days are required between treatments. Application to established plantings should be made in fall and early spring. DO NOT apply after first bloom through harvest. Applications may be made directly over the plants without injury. In California, applications must be banded.
Note: Rates can be reduced by banding.		Layby used in this table refers to the time just prior to the stage when crop plant size would prevent further cultivation.	

¹Brassica leafy vegetables crop group includes broccoli, Chinese (gai lon, white flowering) broccoli, broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy, napa, tight-heading varieties), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), cauliflower, cavalo broccolo, collards, kale, kohlrabi, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach and rape greens.

Fruits of the gourd (*Cucurbitaceae*) family that are consumed when immature, 100% of the fruit is edible either cooked or raw, once picked it cannot be stored, has a soft rind which is easily penetrated, and if seeds were harvested they would not germinate; *Lagenaria* spp. (i.e., spaghetti squash, hyotan, cucuzza); *Luffa* spp. (i.e., hechima, Chinese okra); *Momordica* spp. (i.e., bitter melon, balsam pear, balsam apple, Chinese cucumber); *Sechium edule* (chayote); and other cultivars and/or hybrids of these.

Application and Calibration Techniques for Sprinkler Irrigation

Apply DACTHAL W-75 only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, solid set or portable (side roll, end tow or hand move) irrigation systems. DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

DO NOT apply this product through irrigation systems connected to a public water system. "Public water system" means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

Always inject DACTHAL W-75 into irrigation water after it discharges from the irrigation pump and after it passes through the check valve. Never inject pesticides into the intake line of the suction side of the pump.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Spray mixture in the chemical supply tank must be agitated at all times, otherwise settling and uneven application may occur.

DACTHAL W-75 may be used through two basic types of sprinkler irrigation systems as outlined in Sections A and B below. Determine which type of system is in place, then refer to the appropriate directions provided for each type. The tank containing DACTHAL W-75 must be equipped with effective mechanical agitation to keep the wettable powder in suspension. Premixing DACTHAL W-75 as instructed under ground application will insure that a uniform suspension is obtained. The injection equipment which contains the DACTHAL W-75 suspension should be connected to the discharge side of the irrigation pump or other pressurized equipment attached to the irrigation line.

A. Center Pivot and Motorized Lateral Move Irrigation Equipment

For injection of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a positive displacement injection pump, of either diaphragm or piston type, constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of injection at pressures approximately 2-3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems.

Fill chemical supply tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete revolution or run across the field, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage covered. Thoroughly mix recommended amount of DACTHAL W-75 for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

B. Solid Set and Portable (Side Roll, End Tow or Hand Move) Irrigation Equipment

Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over a 30 to 45-minute period. Mix desired amount of DACTHAL W-75 for acreage to be covered into quantity of water used during calibration and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used for amount of time established during calibration. DACTHAL W-75 can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of at an approved waste disposal facility. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Completely empty bag into application equipment. When completely empty, offer for recycling or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants (a) that this product conform to the chemical description on the label; (b) that this product is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the directions for use, subject to the inherent risks referred to herein, when it is used in

accordance with such directions; and (c) that the directions, warnings, and other statements on this label are based upon responsible experts' evaluations of reasonable tests of effectiveness, of toxicity to laboratory animals and to plants and residues on food crops, and upon reports of field experience. Tests have not been made on all varieties of food crops and plants, or in all states or under all conditions.

THERE ARE NO EXPRESS WARRANTIES OTHER THAN THOSE SET FORTH HEREIN. THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS, NOR DOES IT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE, TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND IT EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY WARRANTY OF QUALITY OR PERFORMANCE. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO, AND THE BUYER SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR, ANY AND ALL LOSS OR DAMAGE WHICH RESULTS FROM THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ANY MANNER WHICH IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS, WARNINGS OR CAUTIONS.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW BUYER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, DAMAGES, OR INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER OR NOT BASED IN CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED, AT THE MANUFACTURER'S OPTION, TO REPLACEMENT OF, OR THE REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR, THE QUANTITY OF PRODUCT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH DAMAGES ARE CLAIMED. IN NO EVENT, SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

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AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4100 E. Washington Boulevard
Los Angeles, CA 90023 U.S.A.
1-888-462-6822

Attachment C to Attachment Email 1 (September 7, 2017)



June 8, 2017

Ms. Kathryn Montague
Product Manager (PM 23)
Document Processing Desk (AMEND)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7505C)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
2777 South Crystal Drive
Arlington, VA 22202

Subject: Dacthal W-75 Turf (EPA Reg. No. 5481-491)
Label Amendment to Clarify Directions For Use

Dear Kathryn:

This is submitted in response to recent discussions with the Agency in which various label revisions were requested to clarify the above listed product. The enclosed labeling includes the following revisions:

- Deleted all references to aerial application methods.
- Clarified application intervals.
- Clarified use sites per FRL-7726-5, 27 Jul 05
- Deleted statement 'Manufactured with Carbon Tetrachloride ...' as it is no longer applicable.

In support of this application, please find the following documents enclosed:

- Application for Registration form (EPA Form 8570-1)
- Three copies of the proposed revised labeling (Ref. No. 491-20170605)
- One copy of proposed labeling highlighting changes to currently approved labeling (Ref. No. 491-20170605 REDLINE)

If you need additional information, please don't hesitate to contact me at 949-221-6109 or email jonw@amvac-chemical.com. Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Best Regards,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Jon C. Wood".

Jon C. Wood
Sr. Regulatory Manager
AMVAC Chemical Corporation



United States
Environmental Protection Agency
Washington, DC 20460

- Registration
 Amendment
 Other

OPP Identifier Number

Application for Pesticide - Section I

1. Company/Product Number 5481-491		2. EPA Product Manager Kathryn Montague	3. Proposed Classification
1. Company/Product (Name) Dacthal W-75 Turf		PM# 23	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted
2. Name and Address of Applicant (Include Zip Code) Amvac Chemical Corporation 4695 MacArthur Court, Suite 1200 Newport Beach, CA 92660 <input type="checkbox"/> Check if this is a new address		6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3)(b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No. _____ Product Name _____	

Section - II

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Amendment - Explain below	<input type="checkbox"/> Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated _
<input type="checkbox"/> Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated _____	<input type="checkbox"/> "Me Too" Application
<input type="checkbox"/> Notification - Explain below	<input type="checkbox"/> Other - Explain below

Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For Section I and Section II.)

Amend Label Directions For Use:

- Deleted all aerial application methods.
- Clarified application intervals.
- Clarified use sites per FRL-7726-5, 27 Jul 05
- Deleted statement 'Manufacture with Carbon Tetrachloride ...' as it is no longer applicable.

Section - III

1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:			
Child-Resistant Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes* <input type="checkbox"/> No * Certification must be submitted	Unit Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If "Yes" Unit Packaging wt. No. per container	Water Soluble Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If "Yes" Package wt. No. per container	2. Type of Container <input type="checkbox"/> Metal <input type="checkbox"/> Plastic <input type="checkbox"/> Glass <input type="checkbox"/> Paper <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) ____
3. Location of Net Contents Information <input type="checkbox"/> Label <input type="checkbox"/> Container		4. Size(s) Retail Container	5. Location of Label Directions <input type="checkbox"/> On Label <input type="checkbox"/> On Labeling accompanying product
6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product <input type="checkbox"/> Lithographed <input type="checkbox"/> Paper glued		<input type="checkbox"/> Stenciled <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	

Section - IV

1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.)		
Name Jon C. Wood	Title Sr. Regulatory Manager	Telephone No. (Include Area Code) 949-221-6109
2. Signature 		8. Date Application Received (Stamped)
3. Title Sr. Regulatory Manager		
4. Typed Name Jon C. Wood		
5. Date 08-June-2017		

DACTHAL[®] W-75 Turf

Turf Care[®] Turf & Ornamental Herbicide (75% Wettable Powder)

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:		By Wt.
	DCPA (dimethyl tetrachloroterephthalate).....	75.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	<u>25.0%</u>
	Total	100.0%

Keep Out of Reach of Children

CAUTION

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Emergency Telephone Number	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. Questions? Call 1-888-462-6822. In case of spills, contact Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300	

SEE SIDE [BACK] [INSIDE] PANEL [BOOKLET] FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

EPA Reg. No. 5481-491

EPA Est. No. _____

NET CONTENTS: _____



AMVAC Chemical Corporation
 4100 E. Washington Blvd.
 Los Angeles, CA 90023 U.S.A
 1-888-462-6822

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes and socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before

Environmental Hazards

DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment wastewater.

DACTHAL® W-75 Turf

A Selective Preemergence Herbicide for Non-Residential Nurseries and Ornamental Turf Management.

Read entire label carefully and use only as directed.

General Information

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is a 75 percent wettable powder formulation for use in preemergence application for control of crabgrass and other annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds on mineral soils in ornamental turf and nursery stock.

The following weeds are grouped according to their susceptibility to DACTHAL W-75 TURF.

Susceptible (controlled at recommended rates): Common lambsquarters, smooth crabgrass, large crabgrass, lovegrass, carpetweed, witchgrass, purslane, Florida pusley, yellow foxtail, green foxtail, common chickweed.

Moderately Susceptible (Maximum rates required for effective control): Redroot pigweed, sandbur, dodder, barnyardgrass, goosegrass, browntop panicum, groundcherry, annual bluegrass, johnsongrass (from seed), nodding spurge, spotted spurge and prostrate spurge.

Tolerant: Velvetleaf, common ragweed, johnsongrass (established from rhizomes), mustards, jimsonweed, galinsoga, smartweed, nutsedge. DACTHAL W-75 TURF may be used as a post-emergence for the control of creeping speedwell.

Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

DO NOT APPLY IN SUFFOLK COUNTY, LONG ISLAND, NEW YORK.

Groundwater Advisory: Tetrachloroterephthalic acid, a breakdown product of DACTHAL, is known to leach through soil as a result of agricultural and turf uses and has been found in groundwater which may be used for drinking water. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL to sand and loamy sand soils where the water table (groundwater) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., well drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of groundwater used for drinking water.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks

Preparation and Application of the Spray: DACTHAL W-75 TURF should be thoroughly mixed in the spray tank with water to provide for broadcast application of at least 20 gallons of water per acre, depending on equipment and local practices. Adequate agitation should be maintained during filling and spraying to keep material in uniform suspension. Use nozzles suitable for applying wettable powders so that the spray can be uniformly distributed over turf or properly prepared soil surface. Any screen or strainer in spray equipment should be no finer than 50 mesh to prevent clogging. It is essential that the sprayer be properly calibrated before making applications. Standard low-pressure (30-50 psi) boom-type sprayers are recommended.

A minimum of one-fourth inch of water, either as rain or irrigation, is necessary to activate DACTHAL W-75 TURF and thereby obtain pre-emergence control of weeds specified. Normally, water must be applied within 3 to 5 days of application if sufficient rainfall does not occur. However, when surface soil is dry but subsurface soil contains enough moisture to germinate weeds, water must be applied immediately.

Off-Site Movement Under California Growing Conditions: Current research indicates a propensity for off-site movement of certain soil-applied pesticides in California's unique growing conditions. Pesticides, such as DACTHAL, may be moved off-site through a process called co-distillation. This phenomenon has been shown to occur where bare soil is treated (crops not present) and the soil surface is very hot. The pesticides, though not highly volatile, appear to be carried from the soil surface with

water molecules during rapid evaporation that occurs immediately after irrigation. Banding applications of pre-emergence herbicides, such as DCPA, significantly reduces the potential for off-site movement by reducing the amount of product used to treat a given crop area.

Ornamental Turf: Application at the rate of 14 lbs. of DACTHAL W-75 TURF in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1 lb./3 to 7 gals/3,000 sq. ft.) gives excellent control of crabgrass and other weeds as listed on this label. In California, DACTHAL W-75 TURF applications to turf should be watered within 4 hours with 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water by irrigation. One application applied in early spring before weed seed germination usually provides season long control. Crabgrass seed germination usually coincides with the time when Forsythia blossoms start to fall. In areas which commonly experience stands of late-germinating crabgrass and other annual weedy grasses, a second application at half the regular rate can be safely made two months after the first application. In order to control annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) and other erratic or late-germinating grasses and weeds in northern states, a late summer or early fall application before weed seed germination of 20 pounds of DACTHAL W-75 TURF in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1/2 lb./1 to 2 gals./1,000 sq. ft.) should supplement the early spring application. Earlier applications are required in Southern States. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialist for date *Poa annua* seed germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.

Early spring application of DACTHAL W-75 TURF may be made to new turfgrass seedlings after the grasses have exhibited a uniform greening of the newly sprouted grass, preferably when 1 to 2 inches in height. Such DACTHAL W-75 TURF application gives control of crabgrass without injury to newly-emerged grass. Fall sowing of permanent grasses can follow early spring application of DACTHAL W-75 TURF.

Where some spring seeding is necessary, there should be a delay of approximately 60 days after the application of most pre-emergence herbicides, including DACTHAL W-75 TURF. This delay increases the survival of desirable grasses.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is not recommended for use on putting greens.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is not recommended for use on bentgrasses mowed at putting green height. DO NOT feed treated foliage to livestock or graze treated areas.

For control of creeping speedwell (*Veronica filiformis*), apply 16 pounds of DACTHAL W-75 TURF in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre as a post-emergence spray when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously. Spring or early fall applications are usually suitable, provided temperatures are between 65° and 90°F, and there is ample soil moisture. Thorough coverage is essential. Delayed control of creeping speedwell is to be expected. Foliage turns darker green following application and remains so for about 30 days when leaves curl and the plant dies.

For Use on Ornamental Turf

For Use on Turf	To Control	When to Apply	Rate of DACTHAL W-75 TURF	Remarks
Established Turf	Crabgrass	Early spring, before crabgrass and other spring annual weed seeds germinate.	14 lbs. /Acre or 1 lb./3 to 7 gals. /3,000 sq. ft.	Apply when Forsythia blossoms. A second application at half the recommended rate may be made 60 days after the first application if necessary.
	Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa annua</i>)	Late summer or early fall in Northern states before weed seed germination. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension weed specialist for date <i>Poa annua</i> germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.	20 lbs. /Acre or 1 lb. /1 to 2 gals. /1,000 sq. ft.	Should be used at least 60 days following an early spring application for crabgrass control.
	Creeping Speedwell (<i>Veronica filiformis</i>)	As a post-emergence spray in spring or early fall when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously, there is ample soil moisture and temperature is between 70° and 90°F.	16 lbs. /Acre or 1/3 lb. /1 to 2 gals. /1,000 sq. ft.	Apply spray to obtain thorough coverage of foliage. Delayed control of creeping speedwell, approximately 30 days, is to be expected and will be noticed first by a gradual loss of color and vigor.
	Spotted Spurge or Prostrate Spurge (<i>Euphorbia maculata</i> , <i>E. supina</i>)	Mid-April or before seed germination of annual weeds. Repeat applications in 6 to 8 weeks.	14 to 16 lbs. /Acre or 5 to 6 ounces/ 1 to 2 gals. /1,000 sq. ft.	Apply first application before germination of annual weed seeds, such as crabgrass. Repeat application at the same rate 6 to 8 weeks later. In addition to control of spotted spurge or prostrate spurge, crabgrass control is

				also obtained
Newly-seeded turf	Crabgrass	After new turfgrass seedings have exhibited a greening of the newly-sprouted grass (about 1 to 2 inches high).	14 lbs. /Acre or 1 lb. /3 to 7 gals. /3,000 sq. ft.	Allows crabgrass control without injury to the new turf.

CAUTION: After DACTHAL W-75 TURF treatment, wait approximately 60 days before any new seeding is undertaken. DO NOT use on Dichondra.

See recommendations on bentgrass before using on this species.

Nursery Stock: DACTHAL W-75 TURF can be applied to a wide range of nursery stock at the rate of 14 to 16 pounds in 50 to 100 gallons of water per acre of area treated (1 pound in 3 to 7 gallons of water/3,000 square feet). One repeat application at the same rate may be applied 60 days after first application.

Applications should be made to soil recently cultivated to a uniform texture. These can be made immediately following lining-out of stock. With established plantings, application should be made following proper cultivation to remove existing weeds. Where possible, this should be done early in the spring. Late summer application may prove beneficial for control of fall germinating weeds, if made following cultivation. Weed control up to three months or more may be expected following proper application.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is specifically recommended for weed control with the following:

Abelia	Feverfew	Nasturtium
Ageratum	Fir	Oak
Alyssum	Forget-Me-Not	Orpine
Andromeda, Jap.	Forsythia	Pachistima
Arborvitae	Four-O'Clock	Pachysandra
Ash	Foxglove	Peony
Aster	Gaillardia	Petunia
Azalea	Geranium	Pine
Babysbreath	Gladiolus	Pittosporum
Barberry	Golddust	Podocarpus
Bellflower	Goldentuft	Poker Plant
Birch	Gum	Poplar
Bleedingheart	Hawthorn	Privet
Bloodleaf	Heath, Pink	Privet, variegated
Boxwood	Holly	Redbud
Bugloss	Hydrangea	Rhododendron
Camellia	Honeysuckle	Rose
Candytufts	Iris	Russian Olive
	Ivy, Baltic	Sage, Scarlet
Chrysanthemum	Ivy, Boston	Snapdragon
Cinquefoil	Ivy, English	Spiderwort, Va.
Coleus	Ivy, Wilson	Spirea
Columbine	Juniper	Spruce
Coneflower, Purple	Lantana	Stonecrop
Coreopsis	Larkspur, Candle	Strawflower
Coralbells	Lavendercotton	Sundrops
Cosmos	Lilac	Sunflower

Cotoneaster	Lily	Sweet Pea
Cottonwood	Locust	Sycamore
	Lupine	Tree Peony
Cuphea	Magnolia	Tulip Tree
Cypress	Maple	Viburnum
Dahlia	Marguerite, Golden	Violet, African
Delphinium	Marigold	
Deutzia	Mockorange	Weigela
Dogwood	Morningglory	Willow
Elaeagnus	Moss, Rose	Wormwood
Elm	Mother-of-Thyme	Yarrow, Fernleaf
Euonymus	Mountain Laurel	Yew
Evening Primrose	Mourning Bride	Zinnia

Do not use on the following plants:

Bugleweed	Germander	Sweet William
Button Pink	Mesembryant	Telanthera
Carnation	Pansy	
Geum	Phlox	

Amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF to Use in Treating Small Areas

Area to be Treated*	Recommended Rate DACTHAL W-75 TURF lb/A	Amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF to Apply	Struck-off (level) Tablespoons
1000 sq. ft. (from 1 to 2 gallons of water should be used to spray 1000 sq. ft.)	14 (heavy soil)	5 oz.	22
	12 (heavy soil)	4 oz.	19
	10 (medium soil)	3 oz.	16
	8 (medium soil)	3 oz.	13
	6 (sandy soil)	2 oz.	10
250 sq. ft. (from 1/4 to gallon of water should be used to spray 250 sq. ft.)	14 (heavy soil)	1 ½	5 ½
	12 (heavy soil)	1 oz	4 ½
	10 (medium soil)	¾ - 1 oz	4
	8 (medium soil)	¾ oz	3
	6 (sandy soil)	½ oz	2 ½

NOTE: In treating small areas it is important to use care in measuring out required quantity for area to be treated, properly mixing it in water and keeping it adequately agitated during application.

*Other size areas to be treated can be calculated from the above table. For example:

To treat 5000 sq. ft. at the 10 lbs./acre rate, use 5 cups or 80 tbsp. (5 x 16) in 5 to 10 gallons of water (5 x 1 to 2). To treat 600 sq. ft. at the 12 lbs./acre rate, use 11.4 tbsp. (0.6 x 19) in 0.6 to 1.2 gallons of water (0.6 x 1 to 2).

Application and Calibration Techniques for Sprinkler Irrigation

Apply DACTHAL W-75 TURF only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, solid set or portable (side roll, end tow or hand move) irrigation systems. DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

DO NOT apply this product through irrigation systems connected to a public water system. "Public water system" means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

Always inject DACTHAL W-75 TURF into irrigation water after it discharges from the irrigation pump and after it passes through the check valve. Never inject pesticides into the intake line of the suction side of the pump.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Spray mixture in the chemical supply tank must be agitated at all times, otherwise settling and uneven application may occur.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF may be used through two basic types of sprinkler irrigation systems as outlined in Sections A and B below. Determine which type of system is in place, then refer to the appropriate directions provided for each type. The tank containing DACTHAL W-75 TURF must be equipped with effective mechanical agitation to keep the wettable powder in suspension. Premixing DACTHAL W-75 TURF as instructed under ground application will insure that a uniform suspension is obtained. The injection equipment which contains the DACTHAL W-75 TURF suspension should be connected to the discharge side of the irrigation pump or other pressurized equipment attached to the irrigation line.

A. Center Pivot and Motorized Lateral Move Irrigation Equipment

For injection of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a positive displacement injection pump, of either diaphragm or piston type, constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of injection at pressures approximately 2-3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems.

Fill chemical supply tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete revolution or run across the field, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage covered. Thoroughly mix recommended amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 TURF has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

B. Solid Set and Portable (Side Roll, End Tow or Hand Move) Irrigation Equipment

Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over a 30 to 45-minute period. Mix desired amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF for acreage to be covered into quantity of water used during calibration and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used for amount of time established during calibration. DACTHAL W-75 TURF can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 TURF has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

Storage and Disposal

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

Storage: Store in a dry place.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of at an approved waste disposal facility. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

Container Disposal: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty bag into application equipment. When completely empty, offer for recycling or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants (a) that this product conform to the chemical description on the label; (b) that this product is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the directions for use, subject to the inherent risks referred to herein, when it is used in accordance with such directions; and (c) that the directions, warnings, and other statements on this label are based upon responsible experts' evaluations of reasonable tests of effectiveness, of toxicity to laboratory animals and to plants and residues on food crops, and upon reports of field experience. Tests have not been made on all varieties of food crops and plants, or in all states or under all conditions.

THERE ARE NO EXPRESS WARRANTIES OTHER THAN THOSE SET FORTH HEREIN. THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS, NOR DOES IT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE, TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND IT EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY WARRANTY OF QUALITY OR PERFORMANCE. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO, AND THE BUYER SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR, ANY AND ALL LOSS OR DAMAGE WHICH RESULTS FROM THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ANY MANNER WHICH IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS, WARNINGS OR CAUTIONS.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW BUYER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, DAMAGES, OR INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER OR NOT BASED IN CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED, AT THE MANUFACTURER'S OPTION, TO REPLACEMENT OF, OR THE REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR, THE QUANTITY OF PRODUCT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH DAMAGES ARE CLAIMED. IN NO EVENT, SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

AMVAC offers this product, and Buyer accepts it, subject to the foregoing Limited Warranty which may be varied only by agreement in writing signed by an authorized representative of AMVAC.

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AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4100 E. Washington Boulevard
Los Angeles, CA 90023 U.S.A.
1-888-462-6822

DACTHAL[®] W-75 Turf

Turf Care[®] Turf & Ornamental Herbicide (75% Wettable Powder)

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:		By Wt.
	DCPA (dimethyl tetrachloroterephthalate).....	75.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	<u>25.0%</u>
	Total	100.0%

Keep Out of Reach of Children
CAUTION

See side/back panel for additional precautionary statements.

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Emergency Telephone Number	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. Questions? Call 1-888-462-6822. In case of spills, contact Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300	

SEE SIDE [BACK] [INSIDE] PANEL [BOOKLET] FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

EPA Reg. No. 5481-491

EPA Est. No. 37429-GA-01

NET CONTENTS: _____



AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4100 E. Washington Blvd.
Los Angeles, CA 90023 U.S.A
1-888-462-6822

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes and socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, or enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before

Environmental Hazards

DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment wastewater.

DACTHAL® W-75 Turf

A Selective Preemergence Herbicide for Non-Residential Nurseries and ~~Professional~~ Ornamental Turf Management.

-Read entire label carefully and use only as directed.

General Information

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is a 75 percent wettable powder formulation for use in preemergence application for control of crabgrass and other annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds on mineral soils in ornamental turf and nursery stock.

The following weeds are grouped according to their susceptibility to DACTHAL W-75 TURF.

Susceptible (controlled at recommended rates): Common lambsquarters, smooth crabgrass, large crabgrass, lovegrass, carpetweed, witchgrass, purslane, Florida pusley, yellow foxtail, green foxtail, common chickweed.

Moderately Susceptible (Maximum rates required for effective control): Redroot pigweed, sandbur, dodder, barnyardgrass, goosegrass, browntop panicum, groundcherry, annual bluegrass, johnsongrass (from seed), nodding spurge, spotted spurge and prostrate spurge.

Tolerant: Velvetleaf, common ragweed, johnsongrass (established from rhizomes), mustards,

jimsonweed, galinsoga, smartweed, nutsedge. DACTHAL W-75 TURF may be used as a post-emergence for the control of creeping speedwell.

Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

DO NOT APPLY IN SUFFOLK COUNTY, LONG ISLAND, NEW YORK.

Groundwater Advisory: Tetrachloroterephthalic acid, a breakdown product of DACTHAL, is known to leach through soil as a result of agricultural and turf uses and has been found in groundwater which may be used for drinking water. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL to sand and loamy sand soils where the water table (groundwater) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., well drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of groundwater used for drinking water. DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks

Preparation and Application of the Spray: DACTHAL W-75 TURF should be thoroughly mixed in the spray tank with water to provide for broadcast application of at least 20 gallons of water per acre, depending on equipment and local practices. Adequate agitation should be maintained during filling and spraying to keep material in uniform suspension. Use nozzles suitable for applying wettable powders so that the spray can be uniformly distributed over turf or properly prepared soil surface. Any screen or strainer in spray equipment should be no finer than 50 mesh to prevent clogging. It is essential that the sprayer be properly calibrated before making applications. Standard low-pressure (30-50 psi) boom-type sprayers are recommended.

A minimum of one-fourth inch of water, either as rain or irrigation, is necessary to activate DACTHAL W-75 TURF and thereby obtain pre-emergence control of weeds specified. Normally, water must be applied within 3 to 5 days of application if sufficient rainfall does not occur. However, when surface soil is dry but subsurface soil contains enough moisture to germinate weeds, water must be applied immediately.

Off-Site Movement Under California Growing Conditions: Current research indicates a propensity for off-site movement of certain soil-applied pesticides in California's unique growing conditions.

Pesticides, such as DACTHAL, may be moved off-site through a process called co-distillation. This phenomenon has been shown to occur where bare soil is treated (crops not present) and the soil surface is very hot. The pesticides, though not highly volatile, appear to be carried from the soil surface with water molecules during rapid evaporation that occurs immediately after irrigation. Banding applications of pre-emergence herbicides, such as DCPA, significantly reduces the potential for off-site movement by reducing the amount of product used to treat a given crop area.

Ornamental Turf: Application at the rate of 14 lbs. of DACTHAL W-75 TURF in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1 lb./3 to 7 gals/3,000 sq. ft.) gives excellent control of crabgrass and other weeds as listed on this label. In California, DACTHAL W-75 TURF applications to turf should be watered within 4 hours with 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water by irrigation. One application applied in early spring before weed seed germination usually provides season long control. Crabgrass seed germination usually coincides with the time when Forsythia blossoms start to fall. In areas which commonly experience stands of late-germinating crabgrass and other annual weedy grasses, a second application at half the regular rate can be safely made two months after the first application. In order to control annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) and other erratic or late-germinating grasses and weeds in northern states, a late summer or early fall application before weed seed germination of 20 pounds of DACTHAL W-75 TURF in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1/2 lb./1 to 2 gals./1,000 sq. ft.) should supplement the early spring application. Earlier applications are required in Southern States. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialist for date *Poa annua* seed germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.

Early spring application of DACTHAL W-75 TURF may be made to new turfgrass seedlings after the grasses have exhibited a uniform greening of the newly sprouted grass, preferably when 1 to 2 inches in height. Such DACTHAL W-75 TURF application gives control of crabgrass without injury to newly-emerged grass. Fall sowing of permanent grasses can follow early spring application of DACTHAL W-75 TURF.

Where some spring seeding is necessary, there should be a delay of approximately 60 days after the application of most pre-emergence herbicides, including DACTHAL W-75 TURF. This delay increases the survival of desirable grasses.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is not recommended for use on putting greens.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is not recommended for use on bentgrasses mowed at putting green height. DO NOT feed treated foliage to livestock or graze treated areas.

For control of creeping speedwell (*Veronica filiformis*), apply 16 pounds of DACTHAL W-75 TURF in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre as a post-emergence spray when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously. Spring or early fall applications are usually suitable, provided temperatures are between 65° and 90°F, and there is ample soil moisture. Thorough coverage is essential. Delayed control of creeping speedwell is to be expected. Foliage turns darker green following application and remains so for about 30 days when leaves curl and the plant dies.

For Use on Ornamental Turf

For Use on Turf	To Control	When to Apply	Rate of DACTHAL W-75 TURF	Remarks
Established Turf	Crabgrass	Early spring, before crabgrass and other spring annual weed seeds germinate.	14 lbs. /Acre or 1 lb. /3 to 7 gals. /3,000 sq. ft.	Apply when Forsythia blossoms. A second application at half the recommended rate may be made 60 days 2 months after the first application if necessary.
	Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa annua</i>)	Late summer or early fall in Northern states before weed seed germination. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension weed specialist for date <i>Poa annua</i> germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.	20 lbs. /Acre or 1 lb. /1 to 2 gals. /1,000 sq. ft.	Should be used at least 60 days following an early spring application for crabgrass control.
	Creeping Speedwell (<i>Veronica filiformis</i>)	As a post-emergence spray in spring or early fall when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously, there is ample soil moisture and temperature is between 70° and 90°F.	16 lbs. /Acre or 1/3 lb. /1 to 2 gals. /1,000 sq. ft.	Apply spray to obtain thorough coverage of foliage. Delayed control of creeping speedwell, approximately 30 days, is to be expected and will be noticed first by a gradual loss of color and vigor.
	Spotted Spurge or Prostrate Spurge (<i>Euphorbia maculata</i> , <i>E. supina</i>)	Mid-April or before seed germination of annual weeds. Repeat applications in 6 to 8 weeks.	14 to 16 lbs. /Acre or 5 to 6 ounces/ 1 to 2 gals. /1,000 sq. ft.	Apply first application before germination of annual weed seeds, such as crabgrass. Repeat application at the same rate 6 to 8 weeks later. In

				addition to control of spotted spurge or prostrate spurge, crabgrass control is also obtained
Newly-seeded turf	Crabgrass	After new turfgrass seedings have exhibited a greening of the newly-sprouted grass (about 1 to 2 inches high).	14 lbs. /Acre or 1 lb. /3 to 7 gals. /3,000 sq. ft.	Allows crabgrass control without injury to the new turf.

CAUTION: After DACTHAL W-75 TURF treatment, wait approximately 60 days before any new seeding is undertaken. DO NOT use on Dichondra.

See recommendations on bentgrass before using on this species.

Nursery Stock: DACTHAL W-75 TURF can be applied to a wide range of nursery stock at the rate of 14 to 16 pounds in 50 to 100 gallons of water per acre of area treated (1 pound in 3 to 7 gallons of water/3,000 square feet). One repeat application at the same rate may be applied 60 days after first application.

Applications should be made to soil recently cultivated to a uniform texture. These can be made immediately following lining-out of stock. With established plantings, application should be made following proper cultivation to remove existing weeds. Where possible, this should be done early in the spring. Late summer application may prove beneficial for control of fall germinating weeds, if made following cultivation. Weed control up to three months or more may be expected following proper application.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is specifically recommended for weed control with the following:

Abelia	Feverfew	Nasturtium
Ageratum	Fir	Oak
Alyssum	Forget-Me-Not	Orpine
Andromeda, Jap.	Forsythia	Pachistima
Arborvitae	Four-O'Clock	Pachysandra
Ash	Foxglove	Peony
Aster	Gaillardia	Petunia
Azalea	Geranium	Pine
Babysbreath	Gladiolus	Pittosporum
Barberry	Golddust	Podocarpus
Bellflower	Goldentuft	Poker Plant
Birch	Gum	Poplar
Bleedingheart	Hawthorn	Privet
Bloodleaf	Heath, Pink	Privet, variegated
Boxwood	Holly	Redbud
Bugloss	Hydrangea	Rhododendron
Camellia	Honeysuckle	Rose
Candytufts	Iris	Russian Olive
Chestnut	Ivy, Baltic	Sage, Scarlet
Chrysanthemum	Ivy, Boston	Snapdragon
Cinquefoil	Ivy, English	Spiderwort, Va.
Coleus	Ivy, Wilson	Spirea

Columbine	Juniper	Spruce
Coneflower, Purple	Lantana	Stonecrop
Coreopsis	Larkspur, Candle	Strawflower
Coralbells	Lavendercotton	Sundrops
Cosmos	Lilac	Sunflower
Cotoneaster	Lily	Sweet Pea
Cottonwood	Locust	Sycamore
Crabapple	Lupine	Tree Peony
Cuphea	Magnolia	Tulip Tree
Cypress	Maple	Viburnum
Dahlia	Marguerite, Golden	Violet, African
Delphinium	Marigold	Walnut
Deutzia	Mockorange	Weigela
Dogwood	Morningglory	Willow
Elaeagnus	Moss, Rose	Wormwood
Elm	Mother-of-Thyme	Yarrow, Fernleaf
Euonymus	Mountain Laurel	Yew
Evening Primrose	Mourning Bride	Zinnia

Do not use on the following plants:

Bugleweed	Germander	Sweet William
Button Pink	Mesembryant	Telanthera
Carnation	Pansy	
Geum	Phlox	

Amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF to Use in Treating Small Areas

Area to be Treated*	Recommended Rate DACTHAL W-75 TURF lb/A	Amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF to Apply	Struck-off (level) Tablespoons
1000 sq. ft. (from 1 to 2 gallons of water should be used to spray 1000 sq. ft.)	14 (heavy soil)	5 oz.	22
	12 (heavy soil)	4 oz.	19
	10 (medium soil)	3 oz.	16
	8 (medium soil)	3 oz.	13
	6 (sandy soil)	2 oz.	10
250 sq. ft. (from 1/4 to gallon of water should be used to spray 250 sq. ft.)	14 (heavy soil)	1 ½	5 ½
	12 (heavy soil)	1 oz	4 ½
	10 (medium soil)	¾ - 1 oz	4
	8 (medium soil)	¾ oz	3
	6 (sandy soil)	½ oz	2 ½

NOTE: In treating small areas it is important to use care in measuring out required quantity for area to be treated, properly mixing it in water and keeping it adequately agitated during application.

*Other size areas to be treated can be calculated from the above table. For example:

To treat 5000 sq. ft. at the 10 lbs./acre rate, use 5 cups or 80 tbsp. (5 x 16) in 5 to 10 gallons of water (5 x 1 to 2). To treat 600 sq. ft. at the 12 lbs./acre rate, use 11.4 tbsp. (0.6 x 19) in 0.6 to 1.2 gallons of water

(0.6 x 1 to 2). Application and Calibration Techniques for Sprinkler Irrigation

Apply DACTHAL W-75 TURF only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, solid set or portable (side roll, end tow or hand move) irrigation systems. DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

DO NOT apply this product through irrigation systems connected to a public water system. "Public water system" means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

Always inject DACTHAL W-75 TURF into irrigation water after it discharges from the irrigation pump and after it passes through the check valve. Never inject pesticides into the intake line of the suction side of the pump.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Spray mixture in the chemical supply tank must be agitated at all times, otherwise settling and uneven application may occur.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF may be used through two basic types of sprinkler irrigation systems as outlined in Sections A and B below. Determine which type of system is in place, then refer to the appropriate directions provided for each type. The tank containing DACTHAL W-75 TURF must be equipped with effective mechanical agitation to keep the wettable powder in suspension. Premixing DACTHAL W-75 TURF as instructed under ground application will insure that a uniform suspension is obtained. The injection equipment which contains the DACTHAL W-75 TURF suspension should be connected to the discharge side of the irrigation pump or other pressurized equipment attached to the irrigation line.

A. Center Pivot and Motorized Lateral Move Irrigation Equipment

For injection of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a positive displacement injection pump, of either diaphragm or piston type, constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of injection at pressures approximately 2-3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems.

Fill chemical supply tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete revolution or run across the field, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage covered. Thoroughly mix recommended amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 TURF has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

B. Solid Set and Portable (Side Roll, End Tow or Hand Move) Irrigation Equipment

Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over a 30 to 45-minute period. Mix desired amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF for acreage to be covered into quantity of water used during calibration and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used for amount of time established during calibration. DACTHAL W-75 TURF can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 TURF has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

Storage and Disposal

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

Storage: Store in a dry place.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of at an approved waste disposal facility. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

Container Disposal: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty bag into application equipment. When completely empty, offer for recycling or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants (a) that this product conform to the chemical description on the label; (b) that this product is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the directions for use, subject to the inherent risks referred to herein, when it is used in accordance with such directions; and (c) that the directions, warnings, and other statements on this label are based upon responsible experts' evaluations of reasonable tests of effectiveness, of toxicity to laboratory animals and to plants and residues on food crops, and upon reports of field experience. Tests have not been made on all varieties of food crops and plants, or in all states or under all conditions.

THERE ARE NO EXPRESS WARRANTIES OTHER THAN THOSE SET FORTH HEREIN. THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS, NOR DOES IT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE, TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND IT EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY WARRANTY OF QUALITY OR PERFORMANCE. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO, AND THE BUYER SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR, ANY AND ALL LOSS OR DAMAGE WHICH RESULTS FROM THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ANY MANNER WHICH IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS, WARNINGS OR CAUTIONS.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW BUYER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, DAMAGES, OR INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER OR NOT BASED IN CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED, AT THE MANUFACTURER'S OPTION, TO REPLACEMENT OF, OR THE REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR, THE QUANTITY OF PRODUCT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH DAMAGES ARE CLAIMED. IN NO EVENT, SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

AMVAC offers this product, and Buyer accepts it, subject to the foregoing Limited Warranty which may be varied only by agreement in writing signed by an authorized representative of AMVAC.

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~~**WARNING: Manufactured with Carbon Tetrachloride, a substance which harms public health and environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere.**~~

AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4100 E. Washington Boulevard
Los Angeles, CA 90023 U.S.A.
1-888-462-6822

Attachment D to Attachment Email 1 (September 7, 2017)



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

June 13, 2017

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

DR. ANNE TURNBOUGH
AMVAC CHEMICAL CORPORATION
4695 MACARTHUR COURT, SUITE 1200
NEWPORT BEACH, CA 92660-1706

PRODUCT NAME: DACTHAL FLOWABLE HERBICIDE
COMPANY NAME: AMVAC CHEMICAL CORPORATION
OPP IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:
EPA FILE SYMBOL: 5481-487
EPA RECEIPT DATE: 06/12/17

SUBJECT: RECEIPT OF AMENDMENT

DEAR REGISTRANT:

The Office of Pesticide Programs has received your application for an amendment and it has passed an administrative screen for completeness.

During the initial screen we determined that the application appears to qualify for fast track review. The package will now be forwarded to the Product Manager for review to determine its acceptability for fast track status.

If you have any questions, please contact Registration Division, Risk Management Team 23, at (703) 305-1243.

Sincerely,


Front End Processing Staff
Information Services Branch
Information Technology & Resources Management Division



United States
 Environmental Protection Agency
 Washington, DC 20460
 Official Business *NEED*
 Penalty for Private Use \$300

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06/20/2017

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Vertical barcode or tracking information on the right edge of the envelope.

Attachment E to Attachment Email 1 (September 7, 2017)



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

June 13, 2017

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

DR. ANNE TURNBOUGH
AMVAC CHEMICAL CORPORATION
4695 MACARTHUR COURT, SUITE 1200
NEWPORT BEACH, CA 92660-1706

PRODUCT NAME: DACTHAL W-75 HERBICIDE
COMPANY NAME: AMVAC CHEMICAL CORPORATION
OPP IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:
EPA FILE SYMBOL: 5481-490
EPA RECEIPT DATE: 06/12/17

SUBJECT: RECEIPT OF AMENDMENT

DEAR REGISTRANT:

The Office of Pesticide Programs has received your application for an amendment and it has passed an administrative screen for completeness.

During the initial screen we determined that the application appears to qualify for fast track review. The package will now be forwarded to the Product Manager for review to determine its acceptability for fast track status.

If you have any questions, please contact Registration Division, Risk Management Team 23, at (703) 305-1243.

Sincerely,


Front End Processing Staff
Information Services Branch
Information Technology & Resources Management Division

Attachment F to Attachment Email 1 (September 7, 2017)



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

June 13, 2017

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

DR. ANNE TURNBOUGH
AMVAC CHEMICAL CORPORATION
4695 MACARTHUR COURT, SUITE 1200
NEWPORT BEACH, CA 92660-1706

PRODUCT NAME: DACTHAL W-75
COMPANY NAME: AMVAC CHEMICAL CORPORATION
OPP IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:
EPA FILE SYMBOL: 5481-491
EPA RECEIPT DATE: 06/12/17

SUBJECT: RECEIPT OF AMENDMENT

DEAR REGISTRANT:

The Office of Pesticide Programs has received your application for an amendment and it has passed an administrative screen for completeness.

During the initial screen we determined that the application appears to qualify for fast track review. The package will now be forwarded to the Product Manager for review to determine its acceptability for fast track status.

If you have any questions, please contact Registration Division, Risk Management Team 23, at (703) 305-1243.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "S. [unclear]", written over a horizontal line.

Front End Processing Staff
Information Services Branch
Information Technology & Resources Management Division

Attachment Email 2 to March 25, 2022 Email

From: Wood, Jon
Sent: Tuesday, January 16, 2018 11:53 AM
To: 'Meadows, Sarah'
Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491
Attachments: 487-20180110_Dacthal Flowable nw.pdf; 487-20180110_Dacthal Flowable REDLINE nw.pdf; 490-20170605 Dacthal W-75_DFU Amend.pdf; 491-20170605 Dacthal W-75 TURF_DFU Amend.pdf
Categories: DCPA - US

Hi Sarah,

Following up on our phone call last week, please find Dacthal end-use labeling attached --

1. Dacthal Flowable Herbicide (5481-487) - Thank you for considering additional changes beyond the label originally submitted in June 2017 [Ref. No. 487-20170605]
 - a. Clean pdf of label submitted here as *replacement* for label submitted June 2017 [Ref. No. [487-20180110](#)]
 - b. REDLINE of above replacement label highlighting all changes to currently registered label [Ref. No. [487-20180110 REDLINE](#)]
2. Dacthal W-75 Agricultural Herbicide (5481-490) -
 - a. Clean pdf of label submitted June 2017 [Ref. No. [490-20170605](#)]
3. Dacthal W-75 Turf (5481-491) -
 - a. Clean pdf of label submitted June 2017 [Ref. No. [491-20170605](#)]

NOTE: I did not take this opportunity to update these end-use herbicide labels per FRAC Resistance language (PR Notices 2017-1 and 2017-2). However, if you would prefer I do so at this time then let me know as such changes can be returned to you very quickly.

Let me know if you have questions or need further clarification.

Best regards,

Jon

Jon C. Wood
AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court
Suite 1200
Newport Beach, CA 92660
Office: (949) 221-6109
Fax: (949) 221-6159
Mobile: (714) 651-7541

From: Meadows, Sarah [mailto:Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov]
Sent: Wednesday, December 20, 2017 11:25 AM
To: Wood, Jon <JonW@amvac-chemical.com>
Subject: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hello, Mr. Wood. I've been assigned the review of the labels you submitted for these three products in June. I apologize for the delay. Please send me a PDF of the three proposed labels when you can.

Thanks,

Sarah

Sarah True Meadows, PhD
US Environmental Protection Agency
Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division - Herbicide Branch
(703) 347-0505
meadows.sarah@epa.gov

Attachment A to Attachment Email 2 (January 16, 2018)

DACTHAL[®] FLOWABLE HERBICIDE

(ABN - DACTHAL T&O)

AGRICULTURAL HERBICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	By Wt.
DCPA (dimethyl tetrachloroterephthalate).....	54.9%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	45.1%
Total	100.0%

Contains 6 lbs. DCPA per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
EMERGENCY INFORMATION	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. FOR THE FOLLOWING EMERGENCIES, PHONE 24 HOURS A DAY: For Medical Emergencies phone.....1-888-681-4261 For Transportation Emergencies, including spill, leak or fire, phone: CHEMTREC [®]1-800-424-9300 For Product Use Information phone: AMVAC [®]1-888-462-6822	

SEE SIDE [BACK] [INSIDE] PANEL [BOOKLET] FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

EPA Reg. No. 5481-487

EPA Est. No. _____

NET CONTENTS: _____



AMVAC Chemical Corporation
 4100 E. Washington Blvd.
 Los Angeles, CA 90023 U.S.A
 1-888-462-6822

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material,
- Shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs, in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment wastewater.

Groundwater Advisory: Tetrachloroterephthalic acid, a breakdown product of DACTHAL FLOWABLE is known to leach through soil as a result of agricultural and turf uses and has been found in groundwater which may be used for drinking water. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE to sand and loamy sand soils where the water table (groundwater) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., well drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of groundwater used for drinking water.

Surface Water Advisory: DCPA can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, DCPA may also have a high potential to contaminate surface water through runoff (via both dissolution in runoff water and adsorption to eroding soil) for several weeks post-application. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE to poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible sloping towards adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas over-laying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and highly erodible soils.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE HERBICIDE

A selective preemergence herbicide for control of annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds in vegetable crops and ornamental turf.

Read entire label carefully and use only as directed.

General Information

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is a flowable formulation for use in preemergence application for control of crabgrass and other annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds on mineral soils in vegetables, strawberries, agronomic crops, ornamental, turf, and nursery stock and as a post-emergence application for control of creeping speedwell (*Veronica filiformis*). Dacthal Flowable Herbicide is compatible with liquid nitrogen fertilizers commonly used by the lawn care industry.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

This product is not for sale, use or distribution in Suffolk and Nassau County, Long Island, New York.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. Exception: If the product is soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, and
- Shoes plus socks

Preparation and Application of the Spray: DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be thoroughly mixed in the spray tank with water to provide for broadcast application of at least 20 gallons of water per acre, depending on equipment and local practices. Adequate agitation should be maintained during filling and spraying to keep material in uniform suspension. Use nozzles suitable for applying wettable powders so that the spray can be uniformly distributed over the properly prepared soil surface. Any screen or strainer in spray equipment should be no finer than 50 mesh to prevent clogging. It is essential that the sprayer be properly calibrated before making applications. Standard low-pressure (30-50 psi) boom-type sprayers are recommended.

A minimum of one-third to one-half inch of water, either as rain or irrigation, is necessary to activate DACTHAL FLOWABLE and thereby obtain preemergence control of weeds specified. Normally, water must be applied within 3 to 5 days of application if sufficient rainfall does not occur. However, when surface soil is dry but subsurface soil contains enough moisture to germinate weeds, water should be applied immediately. If furrow irrigation is used, the top of the bed must be thoroughly wet. If rainfall during this period does not occur and irrigation cannot be made, shallow incorporation, when recommended, will aid in weed control.

INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE

Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure: Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of Nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small, suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Soil Preparation: Prior to making application, the soil should be cultivated to provide a weed-free and uniform surface since DACTHAL FLOWABLE herbicide is effective only when applied before weed seed germination occurs. Unless incorporated, DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be applied within two to three days following cultivation, to prevent subsurface germinating weeds from becoming established. When cultivating between rows, use shields on cultivator to prevent untreated soil from covering treated bands. Cultural practices, such as forming crop beds, should be completed prior to DACTHAL FLOWABLE application in order to avoid exposing untreated soil in the bottom of the furrow and concentrating the sprayed soil within the bed.

Soil Incorporation: DO NOT incorporate deeper than 2 inches. Shallow soil incorporation, when recommended (see specific crop recommendation), often gives more consistent results. Depending on crop and time of application, several incorporation methods may be used.

Preplant Incorporation: This type of incorporation often provides better weed control on irrigated land, and also on non-irrigated land when dry weather is anticipated following planting. When recommended, DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed on the soil surface and then incorporated into the soil using a disc harrow or related tillage equipment. To insure complete incorporation, double disc in two directions. For incorporating banded treatments, hooded-power driven rotary tillers or ground tillers are essential.

Delayed Preemergent Incorporation: For crops where preplant incorporation can be used (see specific crop recommendation). Incorporation at this time should be used when adequate rainfall or irrigation is not available within 3 to 5 days after planting. Lightly incorporate (to 1 inch deep) with drag harrow, rotary hoe or other suitable tillage equipment.

Layby Incorporation: (Just prior to stage when plant growth would prevent further cultivation). Cultivate soil to remove established weeds. Apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE over top of foliage and lightly incorporate with suitable equipment.

Off-Site Movement Under California Growing Conditions: Current research indicates a propensity for off-site movement of certain soil-applied pesticides in California's unique growing conditions. Pesticides, such as DACTHAL FLOWABLE, may be moved off-site through a process called co-distillation. This phenomenon has been shown to occur where bare soil is treated (crops not present) and the soil surface is very hot. The pesticides, though not highly volatile, appear to be carried from the soil surface with water molecules during rapid evaporation that occurs immediately after irrigation. Banding applications of preemergence herbicides, such as DACTHAL FLOWABLE, significantly reduces the potential for off-site movement by reducing the amount of product used to treat a given crop area.

Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled: DACTHAL FLOWABLE is recommended at rates of 6-14 pints/A depending on soil type and weeds to be controlled. The following table outlines general recommendations for the use of DACTHAL FLOWABLE on various soil types. The maximum rate for each soil type should be used when moderately susceptible weeds are present. Specific recommendations for each for each crop should be consulted. *DACTHAL FLOWABLE should not be applied to certain crops under conditions of cool, wet weather when plants are not actively growing.* Refer to specific label recommendations for seeded melons, tomatoes, onions and eggplants for further details.

Soil Type	Organic Matter %	Broadcast Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE/A
Light-sand or sandy loam	0-3	6-8 pints
Medium-silt loam	0-3	8-10 pints
Heavy-clay loam	0-3	10-14 pints
Heavy-silt loam	3-5	12-14 pints

Weed Control Spectrum

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is a preemergence herbicide which provides effective control of annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds. The following weeds are grouped according to their susceptibility to DACTHAL FLOWABLE:

Susceptible Weeds

Controlled at Lowest Recommended Rates for Each Soil Type

- | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Carpetweed | Lovegrass |
| Chickweed, Common | Nettle, Burning |
| Crabgrass, Large | Pansy, Field |
| Crabgrass, Smooth | Purslane |
| Foxtail, Green | Pusley, Florida |
| Foxtail, Yellow | Witchgrass |
| Lambsquarters, Common | |

Moderately Susceptible Weeds

Highest Recommended Rates for Each Soil Type Required for Effective Control

- | | |
|---|--------------------------|
| Barnyardgrass | Groundcherry |
| Bluegrass, Annual | Johnsongrass (from seed) |
| Cheeseweed (Malva parviflora) | Knotweed, Prostrate |
| Copperleaf, Rhombic | Nightshade, Black |
| Copperleaf, Virginia (three-seeded mercury) | Panicum, Brown Top |
| Dodder | Pigweed, Redroot |
| Deadnettle, Purple | Sandbur |
| Deadnettle, Spotted | Spurge, Nodding |
| Goosegrass | Spurge, Prostrate |
| | Spurge, Spotted |

Difficult to Control Weeds

Commercially acceptable control of the following weeds may not always be obtained but weed populations will be suppressed when applied at the maximum-labeled rate, thus resulting in less competition with the emerging and growing crop.

- | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Buckwheat, Wild | Panicum, Fall |
| Canarygrass, Littleseed | Panicum, Texas |
| Dock, Curly (from seed) | Polypogon, Rabbitfoot |
| Foxtail, Giant | Rocket, London |
| Goosefoot, Nettleleaf | Shepherdspurse |
| Henbit | Sowthistle, Annual |
| Knotweed, Silversheath | Vaseygrass |
| Ladysthumb | Witchweed |

Weeds Not Controlled with DACTHAL FLOWABLE

Galinsoga
 Jimsonweed
 Johnsongrass (from rhizomes)
 Mustards

Nutsedge
 Ragweed, Common
 Smartweed
 Velvetleaf

Replanting: Replanting crops other than those included on this label in DACTHAL FLOWABLE treated soil within 8 months of application may result in crop injury. If replanting is required because of an early crop failure, the planting of onions, seeded cucurbits, potatoes, tomatoes, eggplants or peppers at this time may result in crop injury. However, all crops on this label may be planted following harvest of a DACTHAL FLOWABLE treated crop.

Ornamental Turf (such as Lawns [non residential], Golf Courses, Cemeteries, Athletic Fields, Parks, Sod Farms, and Institutional Areas where turf is grown): Application at the rate of 14 pts of DACTHAL FLOWABLE in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1 pt./3 to 7 gals./3,000 sq. ft.) gives excellent control of crabgrass and other weeds as listed on this label. In California, DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications to turf should be watered within 4 hours with 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water by irrigation. One application applied in early spring before weed seed germination usually provides seasonal control. Crabgrass seed germination usually coincides with the time when Forsythia blossoms start to fall. In areas which commonly experience stands of late-germinating crabgrass and other annual weedy grasses, a second application at half the regular rate can be safely made 60 days after the first application. In order to control annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) and other erratic or late-germinating grasses and weeds in northern states, a late summer or early fall application before weed seed germination of 10 quarts of DACTHAL FLOWABLE in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1/2 pts/3 to 7 gals./3,000 sq. ft.) should supplement the early spring application. Earlier applications are required in southern United States. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialist for date *Poa annua* seed germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.

Early spring application of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be made to new turfgrass seedlings after the grasses have exhibited a uniform greening of the newly sprouted grass, preferably when 1 to 2 inches in height. Such DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications give control of crabgrass without injury to newly-emerged grass. Fall sowing of permanent grasses can follow early spring application of DACTHAL FLOWABLE.

Where some spring seeding is necessary, there should be a delay of approximately 60 days after the application of most preemergence herbicides, including DACTHAL FLOWABLE. This delay increases the survival of desirable grasses.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is not recommended for use on putting greens.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is not recommended for use on bentgrasses mowed at putting green height. For control of creeping speedwell (*Veronica filiformis*), apply 16 pints of DACTHAL FLOWABLE in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre as a postemergence spray when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously. Spring or early fall applications are usually suitable, provided temperatures are between 65° and 90°F, and there is ample soil moisture. Thorough coverage is essential. Delayed control of creeping speedwell is to be expected and will be manifested first by a gradual loss of color and vigor.

For Use on Turf (non-residential)	To Control	When to Apply	Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE	Remarks
Established Turf	Crabgrass	Early spring, before crabgrass and other spring annual weed seeds germinate.	14 pts. /Acre or 1 pt. in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	Apply when Forsythia blossoms. A second application at half the recommended rate may be made 60 days after the first application if necessary.
	Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa annua</i>)	Late summer or early fall in Northern states before weed seed germination. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension weed specialist for date <i>Poa annua</i> germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.	20 pts. /Acre or 1/2 pints in 3 to 7 gals. per 1,000 sq. ft.	Should be used at least 60 days following an early spring application for crabgrass control.

For Use on Turf (non-residential)	To Control	When to Apply	Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE	Remarks
	Creeping Speedwell (<i>Veronica filiformis</i>)	As a postemergence spray in spring or early fall when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously, there is ample soil moisture and temperature is between 65° and 90°F.	16 pts. /Acre or 18 fluid ounces in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	Apply spray to obtain thorough coverage of foliage. Delayed control of creeping speedwell, approximately 30 days, is to be expected and will be noticed first by a gradual loss of color and vigor.
	Spotted Spurge or Prostrate Spurge (<i>Euphorbia maculata, E. supina</i>)	Mid-April or before seed germination of annual weeds. Repeat applications in 6 to 8 weeks.	14 to 16 pts. /Acre or 15 to 18 ozs in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	Apply first application before germination of annual weed seeds, such as crabgrass. Repeat application at the same rate 6 to 8 weeks later. In addition to control of spotted spurge or prostrate spurge, crabgrass control is also obtained.
Newly seeded turf	Crabgrass	After new turfgrass seedings have exhibited a greening of the newly-sprouted grass (about 1 to 2 inches high).	14 pts. /Acre or 1 pt. in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	Allows crabgrass control without injury to the new turf.

IMPORTANT: After DACTHAL FLOWABLE treatment, wait approximately 60 days before any new seeding is undertaken. DO NOT use on Dichondra. See recommendations on bentgrass before using on this species.

Nursery Stock: DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be applied to a wide range of nursery stock at the rate of 14 to 16 pints to 100 gallons of water per acre of area treated (1 pint in 3 to 7 gallons of water per 3,000 sq. ft.). One repeat application at the same rate may be applied 60 days after first application. Applications should be made to soil recently cultivated to a uniform texture. These can be made immediately following lining-out of stock. With established plantings, application should be made following proper cultivation to remove existing weeds. Where possible, this should be done early in the spring. Late summer application may prove beneficial for control of fall germinating weeds, if made following cultivation. Weed control up to three months or more may be expected following proper application.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is specifically recommended for weed control with the following:

Abelia	Fir	Nasturtium
Ageratum	Forget-Me-Not	Oak
Alyssum	Forsythia	Orpine
Andromeda, Jap.	Four-O'Clock	Pachistima
Arborvitae	Foxglove	Pachysandra
Ash	Gaillardia	Peony
Aster	Geranium	Petunia
Azalea	Gladiolus	Pine
Babysbreath	Golddust	Pittosporum
Barberry	Goldentuft	Podocarpus
Bellflower	Gum	Poker Plant
Birch	Hawthorn	Poplar
Bleedingheart	Heath, Pink	Privet
Bloodleaf	Holly	Privet, variegated
Boxwood	Honeysuckle	Redbud
Bugloss	Hydrangea	Rhododendron
Camellia	Iris	Rose
Candytufts	Ivy, Baltic	Russian Olive
Chrysanthemum	Ivy, Boston	Sage, Scarlet
Cinquefoil	Ivy, English	Snapdragon
Coleus	Ivy, Wilson	Spiderwort, Va.
Columbine	Juniper	Spirea

Coneflower, Purple	Lantana	Spruce
Coreopsis	Larkspur, Candle	Stonecrop
Coralbells	Lavendercotton	Strawflower
Cosmos	Lilac	Sundrops
Cotoneaster	Lily	Sunflower
Cottonwood	Locust	Sweet Pea
Cuphea	Lupine	Sycamore
Cypress	Magnolia	Tree Peony
Dahlia	Maple	Tulip Tree
Delphinium	Marguerite, Golden	Viburnum
Deutzia	Marigold	Violet, African
Dogwood	Mockorange	Weigela
Elaeagnus	Morningglory	Willow
Elm	Moss, Rose	Wormwood
Euonymus	Mother-of-Thyme	Yarrow, Fernleaf
Evening Primrose	Mountain Laurel	Yew
Feverfew	Mourning Bride	Zinnia

Do not use on the following plants:

Bugleweed	Mesembryanthemum
Button Pink	Pansy
Carnation	Phlox
Geum	Sweet William
Germander	Telanthera

Amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE to Use in Treating Small Areas

Area to be Treated*	Recommended Rate DACTHAL FLOWABLE HERBICIDE/A	Amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE HERBICIDE to Apply
1000 sq. ft. (from 1 to 2 gallons of water should be used to spray 1000 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 pts. (heavy soil)	5 oz.
	8 to 10 pts. (medium soil)	4 oz.
	6 pts. (sandy soil)	4 oz.
250 sq. ft. (from ¼ to ½ gallon of water should be used to spray 250 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 pts. (heavy soil)	1¼ oz.
	8 to 10 pts. (medium soil)	1 oz.
	6 pts. (sandy soil)	1 oz.

NOTE: In treating small areas it is important to use care in measuring out required quantity for area to be treated, properly mixing it in water and keeping it adequately agitated during application.

*Other size areas to be treated can be calculated from the above table. For example:

To treat 5,000 sq. ft. at the 14 pts./acre rate, use 1½ pts. in 5 to 10 gallons of water.

To treat 500 sq. ft. at the 14 pts./acre rate, use 2½ oz. in ½ to 1 gallon of water.

Rates of application can be reduced by banding. See Conversion Chart.

CONVERSION CHART FOR DACTHAL FLOWABLE

For a 12-inch band of spray, use this amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE per acre.

Row Width	If overall rate is:			
	6 pts. per acre	8 pts. per acre	10 pts. per acre	12 pts. per acre
24 inches	3 pts.	4 pts.	5 pts.	6 pts.
32 inches	2-1/2 pts.	3 pts.	3-3/4 pts.	4-1/2 pts.
36 inches	2 pts.	2-2/3 pts.	3-1/3 pts.	4 pts.
40 inches	1-3/4 pts.	2-1/2 pts.	3 pts.	3-2/3 pts.

Special Precautions: DO NOT feed treated foliage to livestock or graze treated areas. Apply according to directions and under conditions favorable to good plant growth. DACTHAL FLOWABLE will not harm crops for which its use is recommended. *However, conditions such as high salt concentration, seeding disease, cold weather, deep planting, excessive moisture or drought may injure or weaken crops normally tolerant to DACTHAL FLOWABLE, thereby increasing the possibility of herbicide damage. Under any of these conditions, one or more of the following may result: delayed crop development, reduced yields or reduced quality.*

Recommendations

Any Application of DACTHAL FLOWABLE Should Be Made Prior to Weed Seed Germination

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cabbage and all other Brassica (cole) leafy vegetables in this crop group ¹	At seeding or transplanting	6-14 pts. FLOWABLE*	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application. Can be preplant incorporated.</p> <p>Broadcast applications permitted in California for crops in this group in certain counties from August through December. Due to potential for off-site movement through co-distillation and deposition on unlabeled crops, DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be applied as a band application to these crops in all counties with the following exception; During the period from August 1 through December 31, broadcast applications of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be made in the following counties: Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego and Imperial. A minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre should be used for broadcast applications. During the period from January 1 through July 31, DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications should be applied as a banded application in all counties.</p>
cantaloupe, honeydew, watermelons	When plants have 4-5 true leaves (see remarks)	6-14 pts. FLOWABLE*	<p>Apply only when plants have 4-5 true leaves, are well-established, and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. (If applied earlier than recommended and/or growing conditions are unfavorable, crop injury may result.) If weeds have emerged, crop should be cultivated and weeded prior to the DACTHAL FLOWABLE application. Incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.</p>
Collards, kale, mustard greens, turnips (greens and roots) including turnip greens (broccoli raab (raab, raab salad), hanover salad and turnip tops)	At seeding	6-14 pts. FLOWABLE*	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application. Can be preplant incorporated.</p> <p>Broadcast applications permitted in California for crops in this group in certain counties from August through December. Due to potential for off-site movement through co-distillation and deposition on unlabeled crops, DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be applied as a band application to these crops in all counties with the following exception. During the period from August 1 through December 31, broadcast applications of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be</p>

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
			made in the following counties: Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego and Imperial. A minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre should be used for broadcast applications. During the period from January 1 through July 31, DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications should be applied as a banded application in all counties.
Horseradish	At planting	6-14 pts. FLOWABLE*	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. Preplant incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.
Onions [dry bulb onions, dry bulb shallots and green onions (green onions, leeks, spring onions or scallions, Japanese bunching onions, green shallots or green eschalots)]	At seeding or transplanting and/or at layby	See preemergence rate and weeds controlled. In sandy loam soils, however, maximum preemergence rate of 10 pints FLOWABLE per acre is recommended	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on onions either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL FLOWABLE preemergence treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) up to 14 weeks after planting at rates up to 14 pts. per acre on any soil type. If weeds emerge prior to layby, the onions should be cultivated or weeded prior to application. Use ¼ inch of overhead irrigation to incorporate Dacthal into the soil. Where onion emergence is expected to be slow due to cold and wet soil conditions, delay application until seed begins to germinate to reduce the risk of crop injury. Preplant incorporation is not recommended for onions.</p> <p>Broadcast applications permitted in California for onions in certain counties from August through December. Due to potential for off-site movement through co-distillation and deposition on unlabeled crops, DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be applied as a band application to onions in all counties with the following exception. During the period from August 1 through December 31, broadcast applications of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be made in the following counties: Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego and Imperial. A minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre should be used for broadcast applications. During the period from January 1 through July 31, DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications should be applied as a banded application in all counties.</p>
Radish	At seeding or up to three-leaf stage	6-14 pts. FLOWABLE per acre	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application to permit uniform coverage of soil. Preplant incorporation not recommended. DO NOT graze on treated areas or feed plant refuse to livestock. DO NOT harvest within 25 days of application.</p> <p>Based upon available residue data, the use of DACTHAL FLOWABLE for weed control in radishes is limited to the State of California. In California, applications must be banded.</p>

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
Sweet Potatoes	At transplanting and layby	See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at transplanting. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on sweet potatoes either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL FLOWABLE at transplant treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) up to 6 weeks after transplanting. If weeds are present, the crop should be weeded or cultivated prior to DACTHAL FLOWABLE application. Incorporation of layby applications not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.
Tomatoes; tomatillos; eggplant	4-6 weeks after transplanting or on direct seeded plants at 4-6 inches in height (see remarks)	See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled	Application uniformly to the soil should be confined to a period of 4-6 weeks after transplanting. Plants should be well-established and growing conditions favorable for good plant growth. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, the crop should be cultivated or weeded prior to making the DACTHAL FLOWABLE application. DO NOT apply to seeded plants until plants are 4-6 inches in height, well established and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. In California, applications must be banded.
Strawberries: New Plantings	At transplanting	12 pints FLOWABLE per acre	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. For new beds apply 12 pints at transplanting. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.
Strawberries: Established Plantings	Fall and early Spring	8-12 pints FLOWABLE per acre	Application of 8-12 pints per acre may be applied to established plantings in fall and early spring to control late summer or early fall germinating weeds. When two applications are used a minimum of 14 days are required between treatments. DO NOT apply after first bloom through harvest. Applications may be made directly over the plants without injury. In California, applications must be banded.
Note: Rates can be reduced by banding.			Layby used in this table refers to the time just prior to the stage when crop plant size would prevent further cultivation.

*See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled

¹Brassica leafy vegetables crop group includes broccoli, Chinese (gai lon, white flowering) broccoli, broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy, napa, tight-heading varieties), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), cauliflower, cavalo broccolo, collards, kale, kohlrabi, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach and rape greens.

²Fruits of the gourd (*Cucurbitaceae*) family that are consumed when immature, 100% of the fruit is edible either cooked or raw, once picked it cannot be stored, has a soft rind which is easily penetrated, and if seeds were harvested they would not germinate; e.g., *Lagenaria* spp. (i.e., hyotan, cucuzza); *Luffa* spp. (i.e., hechima, Chinese okra); *Momordica* spp. (i.e., bitter melon, balsam pear, balsam apple, Chinese cucumber); *Sechium edule* (chayote); and other cultivars and/or hybrids of these.

APPLICATION AND CALIBRATION TECHNIQUES FOR SPRINKLER IRRIGATION

Apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, solid set or portable (side roll, end tow or hand move) irrigation systems. DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

DO NOT apply this product through irrigation systems connected to a public water system. "Public water system" means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

Always inject DACTHAL FLOWABLE into irrigation water after it discharges from the irrigation pump and after it passes through the check valve. Never inject pesticides into the intake line of the suction side of the pump.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Spray mixture in the chemical supply tank must be agitated at all times, otherwise settling and uneven application may occur.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be used through two basic types of sprinkler irrigation systems as outlined in Sections A and B below. Determine which type of system is in place, then refer to the appropriate directions provided for each type. The tank containing DACTHAL FLOWABLE must be equipped with effective mechanical agitation to keep the wettable powder in suspension. Premixing DACTHAL FLOWABLE as instructed under ground application will insure that a uniform suspension is obtained. The injection equipment which contains the DACTHAL FLOWABLE suspension should be connected to the discharge side of the irrigation pump or other pressurized equipment attached to the irrigation line.

A. Center Pivot and Motorized Lateral Move Irrigation Equipment

For injection of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a positive displacement injection pump, of either diaphragm or piston type, constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of injection at pressures approximately 2-3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems.

Fill chemical supply tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete revolution or run across the field, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage covered. Thoroughly mix recommended amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL FLOWABLE has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

B. Solid Set and Portable (Side Roll, End Tow or Hand Move) Irrigation Equipment

Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over a 30 to 45-minute period. Mix desired amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE for acreage to be covered into quantity of water used during calibration and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used for amount of time established during calibration. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL FLOWABLE has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of at an approved waste disposal facility. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants (a) that this product conform to the chemical description on the label; (b) that this product is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the directions for use, subject to the inherent risks referred to herein, when it is used in accordance with such directions; and (c) that the directions, warnings, and other statements on this label are based upon responsible experts' evaluations of reasonable tests of effectiveness, of toxicity to laboratory animals and to plants and residues on food crops, and upon reports of field experience. Tests have not been made on all varieties of food crops and plants, or in all states or under all conditions.

THERE ARE NO EXPRESS WARRANTIES OTHER THAN THOSE SET FORTH HEREIN. THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS, NOR DOES IT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE, TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND IT EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY WARRANTY OF QUALITY OR PERFORMANCE. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO, AND THE BUYER SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR, ANY AND ALL LOSS OR DAMAGE WHICH RESULTS FROM THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ANY MANNER WHICH IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS, WARNINGS OR CAUTIONS.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW BUYER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, DAMAGES, OR INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER OR NOT BASED IN CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED, AT THE MANUFACTURER'S OPTION, TO REPLACEMENT OF, OR THE REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR, THE QUANTITY OF PRODUCT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH DAMAGES ARE CLAIMED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW IN NO EVENT, SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

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AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4100 E. Washington Boulevard
Los Angeles, CA 90023 U.S.A.
1-888-462-6822

Attachment B to Attachment Email 2 (January 16, 2018)

DACTHAL[®] FLOWABLE HERBICIDE

(ABN - DACTHAL T&O)

AGRICULTURAL HERBICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	By Wt.
DCPA (dimethyl tetrachloroterephthalate).....	54.9%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	45.1%
Total	100.0%

Contains 6 lbs. DCPA per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
EMERGENCY INFORMATION	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. FOR THE FOLLOWING EMERGENCIES, PHONE 24 HOURS A DAY: For Medical Emergencies phone.....1-888-681-4261 For Transportation Emergencies, including spill, leak or fire, phone: CHEMTREC [®]1-800-424-9300 For Product Use Information phone: AMVAC [®]1-888-462-6822	

SEE SIDE [BACK] [INSIDE] PANEL [BOOKLET] FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

EPA Reg. No. 5481-487

EPA Est. No. _____

NET CONTENTS: _____



AMVAC Chemical Corporation
 4100 E. Washington Blvd.
 Los Angeles, CA 90023 U.S.A
 1-888-462-6822

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material,
- Shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems or ~~enclosed cabs~~, ~~or aircraft~~ in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment wastewater.

Groundwater Advisory: Tetrachloroterephthalic acid, a breakdown product of DACTHAL FLOWABLE is known to leach through soil as a result of agricultural and turf uses and has been found in groundwater which may be used for drinking water. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE to sand and loamy sand soils where the water table (groundwater) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., well drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of groundwater used for drinking water.

Surface Water Advisory: DCPA can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, DCPA may also have a high potential to contaminate surface water through runoff (via both dissolution in runoff water and adsorption to eroding soil) for several weeks post-application. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE to poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible sloping towards adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas over-laying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and highly erodible soils.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE HERBICIDE

A selective preemergence herbicide for control of annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds in vegetable crops and ornamental turf.

Read entire label carefully and use only as directed.

General Information

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is a flowable formulation for use in preemergence application for control of crabgrass and other annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds on mineral soils in vegetables, strawberries, agronomic crops, ornamental, turf, and nursery stock and as a post-emergence application for control of creeping speedwell (*Veronica filiformis*). Dacthal Flowable Herbicide is compatible with liquid nitrogen fertilizers commonly used by the lawn care industry.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

This product is not for sale, use or distribution in Suffolk and Nassau County, Long Island, New York.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. Exception: If the product is soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, and
- Shoes plus socks

Preparation and Application of the Spray: DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be thoroughly mixed in the spray tank with water to provide for broadcast application of at least 20 gallons of water per acre, depending on equipment and local practices. Adequate agitation should be maintained during filling and spraying to keep material in uniform suspension. Use nozzles suitable for applying wettable powders so that the spray can be uniformly distributed over the properly prepared soil surface. Any screen or strainer in spray equipment should be no finer than 50 mesh to prevent clogging. It is essential that the sprayer be properly calibrated before making applications. Standard low-pressure (30-50 psi) boom-type sprayers are recommended.

A minimum of one-third to one-half inch of water, either as rain or irrigation, is necessary to activate DACTHAL FLOWABLE and thereby obtain preemergence control of weeds specified. Normally, water must be applied within 3 to 5 days of application if sufficient rainfall does not occur. However, when surface soil is dry but subsurface soil contains enough moisture to germinate weeds, water should be applied immediately. If furrow irrigation is used, the top of the bed must be thoroughly wet. If rainfall during this period does not occur and irrigation cannot be made, shallow incorporation, when recommended, will aid in weed control.

~~**Aircraft Application:** It is recommended that DACTHAL FLOWABLE be applied in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre. Aircraft should be equipped with pumps with sufficient capacity to deliver at least 10 gallons per acre. Placement of nozzles should provide a uniform spray pattern. DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be premixed in a nurse tank or mixing tank equipped with mechanical or bypass agitation. Mixture can then be pumped into the aircraft. Screens on mixing tanks should be no finer than 50 mesh. Adequate agitation should be maintained in the mixing tank as well as the aircraft throughout the spraying operation. Regulations governing aerial application of herbicides are in effect in many states. Consult local regulatory agencies concerning requirements before making applications. Avoid spray drift to adjacent fields; particular care should be exercised when adjacent fields contain edible crops or those that will be fed or grazed by livestock. Spray only on still days.~~

~~**Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory:** Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making aerial application decisions.~~

~~The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations:~~

- ~~1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.~~
- ~~2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.~~

INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE

Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure: Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of Nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

~~BOOM LENGTH~~

~~For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.~~

~~Application Height~~

~~Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.~~

~~Swath Adjustment~~

~~When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)~~

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small, suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke ~~from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator.~~ Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Soil Preparation: Prior to making application, the soil should be cultivated to provide a weed-free and uniform surface since DACTHAL FLOWABLE herbicide is effective only when applied before weed seed germination occurs. Unless incorporated, DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be applied within two to three days following cultivation, to prevent subsurface germinating weeds from becoming established. When cultivating between rows, use shields on cultivator to prevent untreated soil from covering treated bands. Cultural practices, such as forming crop beds, should be completed prior to DACTHAL FLOWABLE application in order to avoid exposing untreated soil in the bottom of the furrow and concentrating the sprayed soil within the bed.

Soil Incorporation: DO NOT incorporate deeper than 2 inches. Shallow soil incorporation, when recommended (see specific crop recommendation), often gives more consistent results. Depending on crop and time of application, several incorporation methods may be used.

Preplant Incorporation: This type of incorporation often provides better weed control on irrigated land, and also on non-irrigated land when dry weather is anticipated following planting. When recommended, DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed on the soil surface and then incorporated into the soil using a disc harrow or related tillage equipment. To insure complete incorporation, double disc in two directions. For incorporating banded treatments, hooded-power driven rotary tillers or ground tillers are essential.

Delayed Preemergent Incorporation: For crops where preplant incorporation can be used (see specific crop recommendation). Incorporation at this time should be used when adequate rainfall or irrigation is not available within 3 to 5 days after planting. Lightly incorporate (to 1 inch deep) with drag harrow, rotary hoe or other suitable tillage equipment.

Layby Incorporation: (Just prior to stage when plant growth would prevent further cultivation). Cultivate soil to remove established weeds. Apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE over top of foliage and lightly incorporate with suitable equipment.

Off-Site Movement Under California Growing Conditions: Current research indicates a propensity for off-site movement of certain soil-applied pesticides in California's unique growing conditions. Pesticides, such as DACTHAL FLOWABLE, may be moved off-site through a process called co-distillation. This phenomenon has been shown to occur where bare soil is treated (crops not present) and the soil surface is very hot. The pesticides, though not highly volatile, appear to be carried from the soil surface with water molecules during rapid evaporation that occurs immediately after irrigation. Banding applications of preemergence herbicides, such as DACTHAL FLOWABLE, significantly reduces the potential for off-site movement by reducing the amount of product used to treat a given crop area.

Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled: DACTHAL FLOWABLE is recommended at rates of 6-14 pints/A depending on soil type and weeds to be controlled. The following table outlines general recommendations for the use of DACTHAL FLOWABLE on various soil types. The maximum rate for each soil type should be used when moderately susceptible weeds are present. Specific recommendations for each for each crop should be consulted. ***DACTHAL FLOWABLE should not be applied to certain crops under conditions of cool, wet weather when plants are not actively growing.*** Refer to specific label recommendations for seeded melons, tomatoes, onions and eggplants for further details.

Soil Type	Organic Matter %	Broadcast Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE/A
Light-sand or sandy loam	0-3	6-8 pints
Medium-silt loam	0-3	8-10 pints
Heavy-clay loam	0-3	10-14 pints
Heavy-silt loam	3-5	12-14 pints

Weed Control Spectrum

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is a preemergence herbicide which provides effective control of annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds. The following weeds are grouped according to their susceptibility to DACTHAL FLOWABLE:

Susceptible Weeds

Controlled at Lowest Recommended Rates for Each Soil Type

Carpetweed	Lovegrass
Chickweed, Common	Nettle, Burning
Crabgrass, Large	Pansy, Field
Crabgrass, Smooth	Purslane
Foxtail, Green	Pusley, Florida
Foxtail, Yellow	Witchgrass
Lambsquarters, Common	

Moderately Susceptible Weeds

Highest Recommended Rates for Each Soil Type Required for Effective Control

Barnyardgrass	Groundcherry
Bluegrass, Annual	Johnsongrass (from seed)
Cheeseweed (Malva parviflora)	Knotweed, Prostrate
Copperleaf, Rhombic	Nightshade, Black
Copperleaf, Virginia (three-seeded mercury)	Panicum, Brown Top
Dodder	Pigweed, Redroot
Deadnettle, Purple	Sandbur
Deadnettle, Spotted	Spurge, Nodding
Goosegrass	Spurge, Prostrate
	Spurge, Spotted

Difficult to Control Weeds

Commercially acceptable control of the following weeds may not always be obtained but weed populations will be suppressed when applied at the maximum-labeled rate, thus resulting in less competition with the emerging and growing crop.

Buckwheat, Wild	Panicum, Fall
Canarygrass, Littleseed	Panicum, Texas
Dock, Curly (from seed)	Polypogon, Rabbitfoot
Foxtail, Giant	Rocket, London
Goosefoot, Nettleleaf	Shepherdspurse
Henbit	Sowthistle, Annual
Knotweed, Silversheath	Vaseygrass
Ladysthumb	Witchweed

Weeds Not Controlled with DACTHAL FLOWABLE

Galinsoga	Nutsedge
Jimsonweed	Ragweed, Common
Johnsongrass (from rhizomes)	Smartweed
Mustards	Velvetleaf

Replanting: Replanting crops other than those included on this label in DACTHAL FLOWABLE treated soil within 8 months of application may result in crop injury. If replanting is required because of an early crop failure, the planting of onions, seeded cucurbits, potatoes, tomatoes, eggplants or peppers at this time may result in crop injury. However, all crops on this label may be planted following harvest of a DACTHAL FLOWABLE treated crop.

Ornamental Turf (such as Lawns [non residential], Golf Courses, Cemeteries, Athletic Fields, Parks, Sod Farms, and Institutional Areas where turf is grown): Application at the rate of 14 pts of DACTHAL FLOWABLE in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1 pt./3 to 7 gals./3,000 sq. ft.) gives excellent control of crabgrass and other weeds as listed on this label. In California, DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications to turf should be watered within 4 hours with 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water by irrigation. One application applied in early spring before weed seed germination usually provides seasonal control. Crabgrass seed germination usually coincides with the time when Forsythia blossoms start to fall. In areas which commonly experience stands of late-germinating crabgrass and other annual weedy grasses, a second application at half the regular rate can be safely made ~~60 days~~^{two months} after the first application. In order to control annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) and other erratic or late-germinating grasses and weeds in northern states, a late summer or early fall application before weed seed germination of 10 quarts of DACTHAL FLOWABLE in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1/2 pts/3 to 7 gals./3,000 sq. ft.) should supplement the early spring application. Earlier applications are required in southern United States. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialist for date *Poa annua* seed germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.

Early spring application of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be made to new turfgrass seedlings after the grasses have exhibited a uniform greening of the newly sprouted grass, preferably when 1 to 2 inches in height. Such DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications give control of crabgrass without injury to newly-emerged grass. Fall sowing of permanent grasses can follow early spring application of DACTHAL FLOWABLE.

Where some spring seeding is necessary, there should be a delay of approximately 60 days after the application of most preemergence herbicides, including DACTHAL FLOWABLE. This delay increases the survival of desirable grasses.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is not recommended for use on putting greens.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is not recommended for use on bentgrasses mowed at putting green height. For control of creeping speedwell (*Veronica filiformis*), apply 16 pints of DACTHAL FLOWABLE in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre as a postemergence spray when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously. Spring or early fall applications are usually suitable, provided temperatures are between 65° and 90°F, and there is ample soil moisture. Thorough coverage is essential. Delayed control of creeping speedwell is to be expected and will be manifested first by a gradual loss of color and vigor.

For Use on Turf (non-residential)	To Control	When to Apply	Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE	Remarks
Established Turf	Crabgrass	Early spring, before crabgrass and other spring annual weed seeds germinate.	14 pts. /Acre or 1 pt. in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	Apply when Forsythia blossoms. —A second application at half the recommended rate may be made 60 days ^{2 months} after the first application if necessary.
	Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa annua</i>)	Late summer or early fall in Northern states before weed seed germination. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension weed specialist for date <i>Poa annua</i> germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.	20 pts. /Acre or 1/2 pints in 3 to 7 gals. per 1,000 sq. ft.	Should be used at least 60 days following an early spring application for crabgrass control.

For Use on Turf (non-residential)	To Control	When to Apply	Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE	Remarks
	Creeping Speedwell (<i>Veronica filiformis</i>)	As a postemergence spray in spring or early fall when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously, there is ample soil moisture and temperature is between 65° and 90°F.	16 pts. /Acre or 18 fluid ounces in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	Apply spray to obtain thorough coverage of foliage. Delayed control of creeping speedwell, approximately 30 days, is to be expected and will be noticed first by a gradual loss of color and vigor.
	Spotted Spurge or Prostrate Spurge (<i>Euphorbia maculata</i> , <i>E. supina</i>)	Mid-April or before seed germination of annual weeds. Repeat applications in 6 to 8 weeks.	14 to 16 pts. /Acre or 15 to 18 ozs in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	Apply first application before germination of annual weed seeds, such as crabgrass. Repeat application at the same rate 6 to 8 weeks later. In addition to control of spotted spurge or prostrate spurge, crabgrass control is also obtained.
Newly seeded turf	Crabgrass	After new turfgrass seedings have exhibited a greening of the newly-sprouted grass (about 1 to 2 inches high).	14 pts. /Acre or 1 pt. in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	Allows crabgrass control without injury to the new turf.

IMPORTANT: After DACTHAL FLOWABLE treatment, wait approximately 60 days before any new seeding is undertaken. DO NOT use on Dichondra. See recommendations on bentgrass before using on this species.

Nursery Stock: DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be applied to a wide range of nursery stock at the rate of 14 to 16 ~~7 to 8~~ pints to 100 gallons of water per acre of area treated (1 pint in 3 to 7 gallons of water per 3,000 sq. ft.). **One repeat application at the same rate may be applied 60 days after first application.**

Applications should be made to soil recently cultivated to a uniform texture. These can be made immediately following lining-out of stock. With established plantings, application should be made following proper cultivation to remove existing weeds. Where possible, this should be done early in the spring. Late summer application may prove beneficial for control of fall germinating weeds, if made following cultivation. Weed control up to three months or more may be expected following proper application.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is specifically recommended for weed control with the following:

Abelia	Fir	Nasturtium
Ageratum	Forget-Me-Not	Oak
Alyssum	Forsythia	Orpine
Andromeda, Jap.	Four-O'Clock	Pachistima
Arborvitae	Foxglove	Pachysandra
Ash	Gaillardia	Peony
Aster	Geranium	Petunia
Azalea	Gladiolus	Pine
Babysbreath	Goatweed	Pittosporum
Barberry	Goldentuft	Podocarpus
Bellflower	Gum	Poker Plant
Birch	Hawthorn	Poplar
Bleedingheart	Heath, Pink	Privet
Bloodleaf	Holly	Privet, variegated
Boxwood	Honeysuckle	Redbud
Bugloss	Hydrangea	Rhododendron
Camellia	Iris	Rose
Candytufts	Ivy, Baltic	Russian Olive
Chrysanthemum	Ivy, Boston	Sage, Scarlet
Cinquefoil	Ivy, English	Snapdragon
Coleus	Ivy, Wilson	Spiderwort, Va.
Columbine	Juniper	Spirea
Coneflower, Purple	Lantana	Spruce
Coreopsis	Larkspur, Candle	Stonecrop
Coralbells	Lavendercotton	Strawflower
Cosmos	Lilac	Sundrops
Cotoneaster	Lily	Sunflower
Cottonwood	Locust	Sweet Pea
Cuphea	Lupine	Sycamore
Cypress	Magnolia	Tree Peony
Dahlia	Maple	Tulip Tree
Delphinium	Marguerite, Golden	Viburnum
Deutzia	Marigold	Violet, African
Dogwood	Mockorange	Weigela
Elaeagnus	Morningglory	Willow
Elm	Moss, Rose	Wormwood
Euonymus	Mother-of-Thyme	Yarrow, Fernleaf
Evening Primrose	Mountain Laurel	Yew
Feverfew	Mourning Bride	Zinnia

Do not use on the following plants:

Bugleweed	Mesembryanthemum
Button Pink	Pansy
Carnation	Phlox
Geum	Sweet William
Germander	Telanthera

Amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE to Use in Treating Small Areas

Area to be Treated*	Recommended Rate DACTHAL FLOWABLE HERBICIDE/A	Amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE HERBICIDE to Apply
1000 sq. ft. (from 1 to 2 gallons of water should be used to spray 1000 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 pts. (heavy soil) 8 to 10 pts. (medium soil) 6 pts. (sandy soil)	5 oz. 4 oz. 4 oz.
250 sq. ft. (from ¼ to ½ gallon of water should be used to spray 250 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 pts. (heavy soil) 8 to 10 pts. (medium soil) 6 pts. (sandy soil)	1¼ oz. 1 oz. 1 oz.

NOTE: In treating small areas it is important to use care in measuring out required quantity for area to be treated, properly mixing it in water and keeping it adequately agitated during application.

*Other size areas to be treated can be calculated from the above table. For example:

To treat 5,000 sq. ft. at the 14 pts./acre rate, use 1½ pts. in 5 to 10 gallons of water.

To treat 500 sq. ft. at the 14 pts./acre rate, use 2½ oz. in ½ to 1 gallon of water.

Rates of application can be reduced by banding. See Conversion Chart.

CONVERSION CHART FOR DACTHAL FLOWABLE

For a 12-inch band of spray, use this amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE per acre.

Row Width	If overall rate is:			
	6 pts. per acre	8 pts. per acre	10 pts. per acre	12 pts. per acre
24 inches	3 pts.	4 pts.	5 pts.	6 pts.
32 inches	2-1/2 pts.	3 pts.	3-3/4 pts.	4-1/2 pts.
36 inches	2 pts.	2-2/3 pts.	3-1/3 pts.	4 pts.
40 inches	1-3/4 pts.	2-1/2 pts.	3 pts.	3-2/3 pts.

Special Precautions: DO NOT feed treated foliage to livestock or graze treated areas. Apply according to directions and under conditions favorable to good plant growth. DACTHAL FLOWABLE will not harm crops for which its use is recommended. *However, conditions such as high salt concentration, seeding disease, cold weather, deep planting, excessive moisture or drought may injure or weaken crops normally tolerant to DACTHAL FLOWABLE, thereby increasing the possibility of herbicide damage. Under any of these conditions, one or more of the following may result: delayed crop development, reduced yields or reduced quality.*

Recommendations

Any Application of DACTHAL FLOWABLE Should Be Made Prior to Weed Seed Germination

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cabbage and all other Brassica (cole) leafy vegetables in this crop group ¹	At seeding or transplanting	6-14 pts. FLOWABLE*	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application. Can be preplant incorporated.</p> <p>Broadcast applications permitted in California for crops in this group in certain counties from August through December. Due to potential for off-site movement through co-distillation and deposition on unlabeled crops, DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be applied as a band application to these crops in all counties with the following exception; During the period from August 1 through December 31, broadcast applications of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be made in the following counties: Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego and Imperial. A minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre should be used for broadcast applications. During the period from January 1 through July 31, DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications should be applied as a banded application in all counties. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.</p>
Seeded melons: (cantaloupe, honeydew, watermelons)	When plants have 4-5 true leaves (see remarks)	6-14 pts. FLOWABLE*	<p>Apply only when plants have 4-5 true leaves, are well-established, and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. (If applied earlier than recommended and/or growing conditions are unfavorable, crop injury may result.) If weeds have emerged, crop should be cultivated and weeded prior to the DACTHAL FLOWABLE application. Incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.</p>
Collards, kale, mustard greens, turnips (greens and roots) including turnip greens (broccoli raab (raab, raab salad), hanover salad and turnip tops)	At seeding	6-14 pts. FLOWABLE*	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application. Can be preplant incorporated.</p> <p>Broadcast applications permitted in California for crops in this group in certain counties from August through December. Due to potential for off-site movement through co-distillation and deposition on unlabeled crops, DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be applied as a band application to these crops in all counties with the following exception. During the period from August 1 through December 31, broadcast applications of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be made in the following counties: Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego and Imperial. A minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre should be used for broadcast applications. During</p>

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
			the period from January 1 through July 31, DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications should be applied as a banded application in all counties. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.
Horseradish	At planting	6-14 pts. FLOWABLE*	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. Preplant incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.
Onions [dry bulb onions, dry bulb shallots and green onions (green onions, leeks, spring onions or scallions, Japanese bunching onions, green shallots or green eschalots)]	At seeding or transplanting and/or at layby	See preemergence rate and weeds controlled. In sandy loam soils, however, maximum preemergence rate of 10 pints FLOWABLE per acre is recommended	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on onions either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL FLOWABLE preemergence treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) up to 14 weeks after planting at rates up to 14 pts. per acre on any soil type. If weeds emerge prior to layby, the onions should be cultivated or weeded prior to application. Use ¼ inch of overhead irrigation to incorporate Dacthal into the soil. Where onion emergence is expected to be slow due to cold and wet soil conditions, delay application until seed begins to germinate to reduce the risk of crop injury. Preplant incorporation is not recommended for onions.</p> <p>Broadcast applications permitted in California for onions in certain counties from August through December. Due to potential for off-site movement through co-distillation and deposition on unlabeled crops, DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be applied as a band application to onions in all counties with the following exception. During the period from August 1 through December 31, broadcast applications of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be made in the following counties: Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego and Imperial. A minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre should be used for broadcast applications. During the period from January 1 through July 31, DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications should be applied as a banded application in all counties.</p>
Radish	At seeding or up to three-leaf stage	6-14 pts. FLOWABLE per acre	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application to permit uniform coverage of soil. Preplant incorporation not recommended. DO NOT graze on treated areas or feed plant refuse to livestock. DO NOT harvest within 25 days of application.</p> <p>Based upon available residue data, the use of DACTHAL FLOWABLE for weed control in radishes is limited to the State of California. In California, applications must be banded.</p>

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
Sweet Potatoes	At transplanting and layby	See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at transplanting. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on sweet potatoes either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL FLOWABLE at transplant treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) Layby applications can be made up to 6 weeks after transplanting. If weeds are present, the crop should be weeded or cultivated prior to DACTHAL FLOWABLE application. Incorporation of layby applications not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.
Tomatoes; tomatillos; eggplant	4-6 weeks after transplanting or on direct seeded plants at 4-6 inches in height (see remarks)	See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled	Application uniformly to the soil should be confined to a period of 4-6 weeks after transplanting. Plants should be well-established and growing conditions favorable for good plant growth. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, the crop should be cultivated or weeded prior to making the DACTHAL FLOWABLE application. DO NOT apply to seeded plants until plants are 4-6 inches in height, well established and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. In California, applications must be banded.
Strawberries: New Plantings	At transplanting	12 pints FLOWABLE per acre	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. For new beds apply 12 pints at transplanting. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.
Strawberries: Established Plantings	Fall and early Spring	8-12 pints FLOWABLE per acre	Application of 8-12 pints per acre may be applied to established plantings in fall and early spring to control late summer or early fall germinating weeds. When two applications are used a minimum of 14 days are required between treatments. Application to established plantings should be made in fall and early spring. DO NOT apply after first bloom through harvest. Applications may be made directly over the plants without injury. In California, applications must be banded.
Note: Rates can be reduced by banding.			Layby used in this table refers to the time just prior to the stage when crop plant size would prevent further cultivation.

*See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled

¹Brassica leafy vegetables crop group includes broccoli, Chinese (gai lon, white flowering) broccoli, broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy, napa, tight-heading varieties), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), cauliflower, cavalo broccolo, collards, kale, kohlrabi, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach and rape greens.

²Fruits of the gourd (*Cucurbitaceae*) family that are consumed when immature, 100% of the fruit is edible either cooked or raw, once picked it cannot be stored, has a soft rind which is easily penetrated, and if seeds were harvested they would not germinate; e.g., *Lagenaria* spp. (i.e., hyotan, cucuzza); *Luffa* spp. (i.e., hechima, Chinese okra); *Momordica* spp. (i.e., bitter melon, balsam pear, balsam apple, Chinese cucumber); *Sechium edule* (chayote); and other cultivars and/or hybrids of these.

APPLICATION AND CALIBRATION TECHNIQUES FOR SPRINKLER IRRIGATION

Apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, solid set or portable (side roll, end tow or hand move) irrigation systems. DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

DO NOT apply this product through irrigation systems connected to a public water system. "Public water system" means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

Always inject DACTHAL FLOWABLE into irrigation water after it discharges from the irrigation pump and after it passes through the check valve. Never inject pesticides into the intake line of the suction side of the pump.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Spray mixture in the chemical supply tank must be agitated at all times, otherwise settling and uneven application may occur.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be used through two basic types of sprinkler irrigation systems as outlined in Sections A and B below. Determine which type of system is in place, then refer to the appropriate directions provided for each type. The tank containing DACTHAL FLOWABLE must be equipped with effective mechanical agitation to keep the wettable powder in suspension. Premixing DACTHAL FLOWABLE as instructed under ground application will insure that a uniform suspension is obtained. The injection equipment which contains the DACTHAL FLOWABLE suspension should be connected to the discharge side of the irrigation pump or other pressurized equipment attached to the irrigation line.

A. Center Pivot and Motorized Lateral Move Irrigation Equipment

For injection of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a positive displacement injection pump, of either diaphragm or piston type, constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of injection at pressures approximately 2-3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems.

Fill chemical supply tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete revolution or run across the field, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage covered. Thoroughly mix recommended amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL FLOWABLE has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

B. Solid Set and Portable (Side Roll, End Tow or Hand Move) Irrigation Equipment

Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over a 30 to 45-minute period. Mix desired amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE for acreage to be covered into quantity of water used during calibration and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used for

amount of time established during calibration. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL FLOWABLE has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of at an approved waste disposal facility. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants (a) that this product conform to the chemical description on the label; (b) that this product is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the directions for use, subject to the inherent risks referred to herein, when it is used in accordance with such directions; and (c) that the directions, warnings, and other statements on this label are based upon responsible experts' evaluations of reasonable tests of effectiveness, of toxicity to laboratory animals and to plants and residues on food crops, and upon reports of field experience. Tests have not been made on all varieties of food crops and plants, or in all states or under all conditions.

THERE ARE NO EXPRESS WARRANTIES OTHER THAN THOSE SET FORTH HEREIN. THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS, NOR DOES IT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE, TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND IT EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY WARRANTY OF QUALITY OR PERFORMANCE. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO, AND THE BUYER SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR, ANY AND ALL LOSS OR DAMAGE WHICH RESULTS FROM THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ANY MANNER WHICH IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS, WARNINGS OR CAUTIONS.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW BUYER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, DAMAGES, OR INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER OR NOT BASED IN CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED, AT THE MANUFACTURER'S OPTION, TO REPLACEMENT OF, OR THE REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR, THE QUANTITY OF PRODUCT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH DAMAGES ARE CLAIMED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW IN NO EVENT, SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

AMVAC offers this product, and Buyer accepts it, subject to the foregoing Limited Warranty and Disclaimer which may be varied only by agreement in writing signed by an authorized representative of AMVAC.

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AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4100 E. Washington Boulevard
Los Angeles, CA 90023 U.S.A.
1-888-462-6822

Attachment C to Attachment Email 2 (January 16, 2018)

DACTHAL[®] W-75

Agricultural Herbicide (75% Wettable Powder)

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	By Wt.
DCPA (dimethyl tetrachloroterephthalate).....	75.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	25.0%
Total	100.0%

Keep Out of Reach of Children

CAUTION

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Move person to fresh air.• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Take off contaminated clothing.• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Emergency Telephone Number	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. Questions? Call 1-888-462-6822. In case of spills, contact Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300	

SEE SIDE [BACK] [INSIDE] PANEL [BOOKLET] FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

EPA Reg. No. 5481-490

EPA Est. No. _____

NET CONTENTS: _____



AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4100 E. Washington Blvd.
Los Angeles, CA 90023 U.S.A
1-888-462-6822

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material,
- Shoes plus socks,
- A dust/mist respirator (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C) or a NIOSH approved respirator with any N, R, P or HE filter.

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are made of any waterproof material. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistant category selection chart.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment wastewater.

Groundwater Advisory: Tetrachloroterephthalic acid, a breakdown product of DACTHAL W-75 is known to leach through soil as a result of agricultural and turf uses and has been found in groundwater which may be used for drinking water. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL W-75 to sand and loamy sand soils where the water table (groundwater) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., well drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of groundwater used for drinking water.

Surface Water Advisory: DCPA can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, DCPA may also have a high potential to contaminate surface water through runoff (via both dissolution in runoff water and adsorption to eroding soil) for several weeks post-application. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL W-75 to poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible sloping towards adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas over-laying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and highly erodible soils.

DACTHAL W-75 Herbicide

A selective preemergence herbicide for control of annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds in vegetable crops.

Read entire label carefully and use only as directed.

General Information

DACTHAL W-75 is a 75 percent wettable powder formulation for use in preemergence application for control of crabgrass and other annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds on mineral soils in vegetables, strawberries, agronomic crops, and ornamentals.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

DO NOT APPLY IN SUFFOLK AND NASSAU COUNTIES, LONG ISLAND.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. Exception: If the product is soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, and
- Shoes plus socks

Preparation and Application of the Spray: DACTHAL W-75 should be thoroughly mixed in the spray tank with water to provide for broadcast application of at least 20 gallons of water per acre, depending on equipment and local practices. Adequate agitation should be maintained during filling and spraying to keep material in uniform suspension. Use nozzles suitable for applying wettable powders so that the spray can be uniformly distributed over the properly prepared soil surface. Any screen or strainer in spray equipment should be no finer than 50 mesh to prevent clogging. It is essential that the sprayer be properly calibrated before making applications. Standard low-pressure (30-50 psi) boom-type sprayers are recommended.

A minimum of one-third to one-half inch of water, either as rain or irrigation, is necessary to activate DACTHAL W-75 and thereby obtain preemergence control of weeds specified. Normally, water must be applied within 3 to 5 days of application if sufficient rainfall does not occur. However, when surface soil is dry but subsurface soil contains enough moisture to germinate weeds, water should be applied immediately. If furrow irrigation is used, the top of the bed must be thoroughly wet. If rainfall during this period does not occur and irrigation cannot be made, shallow incorporation, when recommended, will aid in weed control.

Information on Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

Controlling Droplet Size

Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure: Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of Nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Boom Length

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application Height

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small, suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Soil Preparation: Prior to making application, the soil should be cultivated to provide a weed-free and uniform surface since DACTHAL W-75 herbicide is effective only when applied before weed seed germination occurs. Unless incorporated, DACTHAL W-75 should be applied within two to three days following cultivation, to prevent subsurface germinating weeds from becoming established. When cultivating between rows, use shields on cultivator to prevent untreated soil from covering treated bands. Cultural practices, such as forming crop beds, should be completed prior to DACTHAL W-75 application in order to avoid exposing untreated soil in the bottom of the furrow and concentrating the sprayed soil within the bed.

Soil Incorporation: DO NOT incorporate deeper than 2 inches. Shallow soil incorporation, when recommended (see specific crop recommendation), often gives more consistent results. Depending on crop and time of application, several incorporation methods may be used.

Preplant Incorporation: This type of incorporation often provides better weed control on irrigated land, and also on non-irrigated land when dry weather is anticipated following planting. When recommended, DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed on the soil surface and then incorporated into the soil using a disc harrow or related tillage equipment. To insure complete incorporation, double disc in two directions. For incorporating banded treatments, hooded-power driven rotary tillers or ground tillers are essential.

Delayed Preemergent Incorporation: For crops where preplant incorporation can be used (see specific crop recommendation). Incorporation at this time should be used when adequate rainfall or irrigation is not available within 3 to 5 days after planting. Lightly incorporate (to 1 inch deep) with drag harrow, rotary hoe or other suitable tillage equipment.

Layby Incorporation: (Just prior to stage when plant growth would prevent further cultivation). Cultivate soil to remove established weeds. Apply DACTHAL W-75 over top of foliage and lightly incorporate with suitable equipment.

Off-Site Movement Under California Growing Conditions: Current research indicates a propensity for off-site movement of certain soil-applied pesticides in California's unique growing conditions. Pesticides, such as DACTHAL W-75, may be moved off-site through a process called co-distillation. This phenomenon has been shown to occur where bare soil is treated (crops not present) and the soil surface is very hot. The pesticides, though not highly volatile, appear to be carried from the soil surface with water molecules during rapid evaporation that occurs immediately after irrigation. Banding applications of preemergence herbicides, such as DACTHAL W-75, significantly reduces the potential for off-site movement by reducing the amount of product used to treat a given crop area.

Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled: DACTHAL W-75 is recommended at rates of 6-14 lbs./A depending on soil type and weeds to be controlled. The following table outlines general recommendations for the use of DACTHAL W-75 on various soil types. The maximum rate for each soil type should be used when moderately susceptible weeds are present. Specific recommendations for each for each crop should be consulted. ***DACTHAL W-75 should not be applied to certain crops under conditions of cool, wet weather when plants are not actively growing.*** Refer to specific label recommendations for seeded melons, tomatoes, onions and eggplants for further details.

Soil Type	Organic Matter %	Broadcast Rate of DACTHAL W-75/A
Light-sand or sandy loam	0-3	6-8 pounds
Medium-silt loam	0-3	8-10 pounds
Heavy-clay loam	0-3	10-14 pounds
Heavy-silt loam	3-5	12-14 pounds

Weed Control Spectrum

DACTHAL W-75 is a preemergence herbicide which provides effective control of annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds. The following weeds are grouped according to their susceptibility to DACTHAL W-75:

Susceptible Weeds

Controlled at Lowest Recommended Rates for Each Soil Type

Carpetweed	Lovegrass
Chickweed, Common	Nettle, Burning
Crabgrass, Large	Pansy, Field
Crabgrass, Smooth	Purslane
Foxtail, Green	Pusley, Florida
Foxtail, Yellow	Witchgrass
Lambsquarters, Common	

Moderately Susceptible Weeds

Highest Recommended Rates for Each Soil Type Required for Effective Control

Barnyardgrass	Groundcherry
Bluegrass, Annual	Johnsongrass (from seed)
Cheeseweed (Malva parviflora)	Knotweed, Prostrate
Copperleaf, Rhombic	Nightshade, Black
Copperleaf, Virginia (three-seeded mercury)	Panicum, Brown Top
Dodder	Pigweed, Redroot
Deadnettle, Purple	Sandbur
Deadnettle, Spotted	Spurge, Nodding
Goosegrass	Spurge, Prostrate
	Spurge, Spotted

Difficult to Control Weeds

Commercially acceptable control of the following weeds may not always be obtained but weed populations will be suppressed when applied at the maximum-labeled rate, thus resulting in less competition with the emerging and growing crop.

Buckwheat, Wild	Panicum, Fall
Canarygrass, Littleseed	Panicum, Texas
Dock, Curly (from seed)	Polypogon, Rabbitfoot
Foxtail, Giant	Rocket, London
Goosefoot, Nettleleaf	Shepherdspurse
Henbit	Sowthistle, Annual
Knotweed, Silversheath	Vaseygrass
Ladysthumb	Witchweed

Weeds Not Controlled with DACTHAL W-75

Galinsoga	Nutsedge
Jimsonweed	Ragweed, Common
Johnsongrass (from rhizomes)	Smartweed
Mustards	Velvetleaf

Replanting: Replanting crops other than those included on this label in DACTHAL W-75 treated soil within 8 months of application may result in crop injury. If replanting is required because of an early crop failure, the planting of onions, seeded cucurbits, potatoes, tomatoes, eggplants or peppers at this time may result in crop injury. However, all crops on this label may be planted following harvest of a DACTHAL W-75 treated crop.

IMPORTANT: After DACTHAL W-75 treatment, wait approximately 60 days before any new seeding is undertaken. DO NOT use on Dichondra.

Nursery Stock: DACTHAL W-75 can be applied to a wide range of nursery stock at the rate of 14 to 16 pounds in 50 to 100 gallons of water per acre of area treated (1 pound in 3 to 7 gallons of water per 3,000 sq. ft.). One repeat application at the same rate may be applied 60 days after first application.

Applications should be made to soil recently cultivated to a uniform texture. These can be made immediately following lining-out of stock. With established plantings, application should be made following proper cultivation to remove existing weeds. Where possible, this should be done early in the spring. Late summer application may prove beneficial for control of fall germinating weeds, if made following cultivation. Weed control up to three months or more may be expected following proper application.

DACTHAL W-75 is specifically recommended for weed control with the following:

Abelia	Fir	Oak
Ageratum	Forget-Me-Not	Orpine
Alyssum	Forsythia	Pachistima
Andromeda, Jap.	Four-O'Clock	Pachysandra
Arborvitae	Foxglove	Peony
Ash	Gaillardia	Petunia
Aster	Geranium	Pine
Azalea	Gladiolus	Pittosporum
Babysbreath	Golddust	Podocarpus
Barberry	Goldentuft	Poker Plant
Bellflower	Gum	Poplar
Birch	Hawthorn	Privet
Bleedingheart	Heath, Pink	Privet, variegated
Bloodleaf	Holly	Redbud
Boxwood	Hydrangea	Rhododendron
Bugloss	Honeysuckle	Rose
Camellia	Iris	Russian Olive
Candytufts	Ivy, Baltic	Sage, Scarlet
Chrysanthemum	Ivy, Boston	Snapdragon
Cinquefoil	Ivy, English	Spiderwort, Va.
Coleus	Ivy, Wilson	Spirea
Columbine	Juniper	Spruce
Coneflower, Purple	Lantana	Stonecrop
Coreopsis	Larkspur, Candle	Strawflower
Coralbells	Lavendercotton	Sundrops
Cosmos	Lilac	Sunflower
Cotoneaster	Lily	Sweet Pea
Cottonwood	Locust	Sycamore
Cuphea	Lupine	Tree Peony
Cypress	Magnolia	Tulip Tree
Dahlia	Maple	Viburnum
Delphinium	Marguerite, Golden	Violet, African
Deutzia	Marigold	Weigela
Dogwood	Mockorange	Willow
Elaeagnus	Morningglory	Wormwood
Elm	Moss, Rose	Yarrow, Fernleaf
Euonymus	Mother-of-Thyme	Yew
Evening Primrose	Mountain Laurel	Zinnia
Feverfew	Mourning Bride	
	Nasturtium	

Do not use on the following plants:

490-20170605 DFU Amend

Bugleweed	Mesembryanthemum
Button Pink	Pansy
Carnation	Phlox
Geum	Sweet William
Germander	Telanthera

Amount of DACTHAL W-75 to Use in Treating Small Areas

Area to be Treated*	Recommended Rate DACTHAL W-75 lb/A	Amount of DACTHAL W-75 to Apply	Struck-off (level) Tablespoons
1000 sq. ft. (from 1 to 2 gallons of water should be used to spray 1000 sq. ft.)	14 (heavy soil)	5 oz.	22
	12	4 oz.	19
	10 (medium soil)	3 oz.	16
	8	3 oz.	13
	6 (sandy soil)	2 oz.	10
250 sq. ft. (from ¼ gallon of water should be used to spray 250 sq. ft.)	14 (heavy soil)	1¼ oz.	5½
	12	1 oz.	4½
	10 (medium soil)	¾-1 oz.	4
	8	¾ oz.	3
	6 (sandy soil)	½ oz.	2½

Note: In treating small areas it is important to use care in measuring out required quantity for area to be treated, properly mixing it in water and keeping it adequately agitated during application.

*Other size areas to be treated can be calculated from the above table. For example:

To treat 5000 sq. ft. at the 10 lbs./acre rate, use 80 tbsp. (5 x 16) in 5 to 10 gallons of water (5 x 1 to 2).

To treat 600 sq. ft. at the 12 lbs./acre rate, use 11.4 tbsp. (0.6 x 19) in 0.6 to 1.2 gallons of water (0.6 x 1 to 2).

Rates of application can be reduced by banding. See Conversion Chart.

Conversion Chart for DACTHAL W-75

For a 12-inch band of spray, use this amount of DACTHAL W-75 per acre.

Row Width	If overall rate is:			
	6 lbs. per acre	8 lbs. per acre	10 lbs. per acre	12 lbs. per acre
24 inches	3 lbs.	4 lbs.	5 lbs.	6 lbs.
32 inches	2-1/2 lbs.	3 lbs.	3-3/4 lbs.	4-1/2 lbs.
36 inches	2 lbs.	2-2/3 lbs.	3-1/3 lbs.	4 lbs.
40 inches	1-3/4 lbs.	2-1/2 lbs.	3 lbs.	3-2/3 lbs.

Special Precautions: DO NOT feed treated foliage to livestock or graze treated areas. Apply according to directions and under conditions favorable to good plant growth. DACTHAL W-75 will not harm crops for which its use is recommended. *However, conditions such as high salt concentration, seeding disease, cold weather, deep planting, excessive moisture or drought may injure or weaken crops normally tolerant to DACTHAL W-75, thereby increasing the possibility of herbicide damage. Under any of these conditions, one or more of the following may result: delayed crop development, reduced yields or reduced quality.*

Recommendations

Any Application of DACTHAL W-75 Should Be Made Prior to Weed Seed Germination

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cabbage and all other Brassica (cole) leafy vegetables in this crop group ¹	At seeding or transplanting	6-14 lbs. W-75*	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.
Chayote (fruit), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), gherkin, gourd, edible (includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra), <i>Momordica</i> spp (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bittermelon, Chinese cucumber), muskmelon (includes hybrids and/or varieties of <i>Cucumis melo</i> (including true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, Santa Claus melon, crenshaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, Persian melon, golden pershaw melon, mango melon, pineapple melon, snake melon), watermelon including hybrids	When plants have 4-5 true leaves (see remarks)	6-14 lbs. W-75*	Apply only when plants have 4-5 true leaves, are well-established, and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. (If applied earlier than recommended and/or growing conditions are unfavorable, crop injury may result.) If weeds have emerged, crop should be cultivated and weeded prior to the DACTHAL W-75 application. Incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.

*(See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled)

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
Collards, kale, mustard greens, turnips (greens and roots) Broccoli raab, cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy), collards, kale, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach, rape greens, turnips (greens and roots: broccoli raab (raab, raab salad), hanover salad, turnip tops (turnip greens))	At seeding	6-14 lbs. W-75*	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
Horseradish	At planting	6-14 lbs. W-75*	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. Preplant incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.
Onions: dry bulb onions (shallots); green onions (leeks, spring onions or scallions, Japanese bunching onions, Welsh onion, green shallots, or green eschalots)	At seeding or transplanting and/or at layby	See preemergence rate and weeds controlled. In sandy loam soils, however, maximum preemergence rate of 10 pounds W-75 per acre is recommended	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on onions either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL W-75 preemergence treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) up to 14 weeks after planting at rates up to 14 lbs. per acre on any soil type. If weeds emerge prior to layby, the onions should be cultivated or weeded prior to application. Preplant incorporation not recommended.</p> <p>Broadcast applications permitted in California for onions in certain counties from August through December. Due to potential for off-site movement through co-distillation and deposition on unlabeled crops, DACTHAL W-75 should be applied as a band application to onions in all counties with the following exception. During the period from August 1 through December 31, broadcast applications of DACTHAL W-75 may be made in the following counties: Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego and Imperial. A minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre should be used for broadcast applications. During the period from January 1 through July 31, DACTHAL W-75 applications should be applied as a banded application in all counties.</p>

*(See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled)

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
Radish	At seeding or up to three-leaf stage	6-14 lbs. W-75 per acre	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application to permit uniform coverage of soil. Preplant incorporation not recommended. DO NOT graze on treated areas or feed plant refuse to livestock. DO NOT harvest within 25 days of application. Based upon available residue data, the use of DACTHAL W-75 for weed control in radishes is limited to the State of California. In California, applications must be banded.
Sweet Potatoes; arrowroot; cassava, bitter and sweet; chayote (root); dasheen (taro); turmeric	At transplanting and layby	See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at transplanting. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on sweet potatoes either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL W-75 at transplant treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) up to 6 weeks after transplanting. If weeds are present, the crop should be weeded or cultivated prior to DACTHAL W-75 application. Incorporation of layby applications not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.

Crops	When To Apply	Rate Per Acre	Remarks
Tomatoes; tomatillos; eggplant; pepino; groundcherry	4-6 weeks after transplanting or on direct seeded plants at 4-6 inches in height (see remarks)	See Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled	Application uniformly to the soil should be confined to a period of 4-6 weeks after transplanting. Plants should be well-established and growing conditions favorable for good plant growth. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, the crop should be cultivated or weeded prior to making the DACTHAL W-75 application. DO NOT apply to seeded plants until plants are 4-6 inches in height, well established and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. In California, applications must be banded.
Strawberries: New Plantings	At transplanting	12 pounds W-75 per acre	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. For new beds apply 12 pounds at transplanting. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.

Strawberries: Established Plantings	Fall and early Spring	8-12 pounds W- 75 per acre	Application of 8-12 pounds per acre may be applied to established plantings in fall and early spring to control late summer or early fall germinating weeds. When two applications are used a minimum of 14 days are required between treatments. DO NOT apply after first bloom through harvest. Applications may be made directly over the plants without injury. In California, applications must be banded.
Note: Rates can be reduced by banding.		Layby used in this table refers to the time just prior to the stage when crop plant size would prevent further cultivation.	

¹Brassica leafy vegetables crop group includes broccoli, Chinese (gai lon, white flowering) broccoli, broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy, napa, tight-heading varieties), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), cauliflower, cavalo broccolo, collards, kale, kohlrabi, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach and rape greens.

Fruits of the gourd (*Cucurbitaceae*) family that are consumed when immature, 100% of the fruit is edible either cooked or raw, once picked it cannot be stored, has a soft rind which is easily penetrated, and if seeds were harvested they would not germinate; *Lagenaria* spp. (i.e., spaghetti squash, hyotan, cucuzza); *Luffa* spp. (i.e., hechima, Chinese okra); *Momordica* spp. (i.e., bitter melon, balsam pear, balsam apple, Chinese cucumber); *Sechium edule* (chayote); and other cultivars and/or hybrids of these.

Application and Calibration Techniques for Sprinkler Irrigation

Apply DACTHAL W-75 only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, solid set or portable (side roll, end tow or hand move) irrigation systems. DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

DO NOT apply this product through irrigation systems connected to a public water system. "Public water system" means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

Always inject DACTHAL W-75 into irrigation water after it discharges from the irrigation pump and after it passes through the check valve. Never inject pesticides into the intake line of the suction side of the pump.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Spray mixture in the chemical supply tank must be agitated at all times, otherwise settling and uneven application may occur.

DACTHAL W-75 may be used through two basic types of sprinkler irrigation systems as outlined in Sections A and B below. Determine which type of system is in place, then refer to the appropriate directions provided for each type. The tank containing DACTHAL W-75 must be equipped with effective mechanical agitation to keep the wettable powder in suspension. Premixing DACTHAL W-75 as instructed under ground application will insure that a uniform suspension is obtained. The injection equipment which contains the DACTHAL W-75 suspension should be connected to the discharge side of the irrigation pump or other pressurized equipment attached to the irrigation line.

A. Center Pivot and Motorized Lateral Move Irrigation Equipment

For injection of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a positive displacement injection pump, of either diaphragm or piston type, constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of injection at pressures approximately 2-3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems.

Fill chemical supply tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete revolution or run across the field, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage covered. Thoroughly mix recommended amount of DACTHAL W-75 for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

B. Solid Set and Portable (Side Roll, End Tow or Hand Move) Irrigation Equipment

Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over a 30 to 45-minute period. Mix desired amount of DACTHAL W-75 for acreage to be covered into quantity of water used during calibration and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used for amount of time established during calibration. DACTHAL W-75 can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of at an approved waste disposal facility. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Completely empty bag into application equipment. When completely empty, offer for recycling or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants (a) that this product conform to the chemical description on the label; (b) that this product is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the directions for use, subject to the inherent risks referred to herein, when it is used in accordance with such directions; and (c) that the directions, warnings, and other statements on this label are based upon responsible experts' evaluations of reasonable tests of effectiveness, of toxicity to laboratory animals and to plants and residues on food crops, and upon reports of field experience. Tests have not been made on all varieties of food crops and plants, or in all states or under all conditions.

THERE ARE NO EXPRESS WARRANTIES OTHER THAN THOSE SET FORTH HEREIN. THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS, NOR DOES IT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE, TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND IT EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY WARRANTY OF QUALITY OR PERFORMANCE. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO, AND THE BUYER SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR, ANY AND ALL LOSS OR DAMAGE WHICH RESULTS FROM THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ANY MANNER WHICH IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS, WARNINGS OR CAUTIONS.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW BUYER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, DAMAGES, OR INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER OR NOT BASED IN CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED, AT THE MANUFACTURER'S OPTION, TO REPLACEMENT OF, OR THE REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR, THE QUANTITY OF PRODUCT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH DAMAGES ARE CLAIMED. IN NO EVENT, SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

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AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4100 E. Washington Boulevard
Los Angeles, CA 90023 U.S.A.
1-888-462-6822

Attachment D to Attachment Email 2 (January 16, 2018)

DACTHAL[®] W-75 Turf

Turf Care[®] Turf & Ornamental Herbicide (75% Wettable Powder)

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:		By Wt.
DCPA (dimethyl tetrachloroterephthalate).....	75.0%	
INERT INGREDIENTS:	25.0%	
	Total	100.0%

Keep Out of Reach of Children

CAUTION

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Emergency Telephone Number	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. Questions? Call 1-888-462-6822. In case of spills, contact Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300	

SEE SIDE [BACK] [INSIDE] PANEL [BOOKLET] FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

EPA Reg. No. 5481-491

EPA Est. No. _____

NET CONTENTS: _____



AMVAC Chemical Corporation
 4100 E. Washington Blvd.
 Los Angeles, CA 90023 U.S.A
 1-888-462-6822

Precautionary Statements Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes and socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before

Environmental Hazards

DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment wastewater.

DACTHAL® W-75 Turf

A Selective Preemergence Herbicide for Non-Residential Nurseries and Ornamental Turf Management.

Read entire label carefully and use only as directed.

General Information

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is a 75 percent wettable powder formulation for use in preemergence application for control of crabgrass and other annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds on mineral soils in ornamental turf and nursery stock.

The following weeds are grouped according to their susceptibility to DACTHAL W-75 TURF.

Susceptible (controlled at recommended rates): Common lambsquarters, smooth crabgrass, large crabgrass, lovegrass, carpetweed, witchgrass, purslane, Florida pusley, yellow foxtail, green foxtail, common chickweed.

Moderately Susceptible (Maximum rates required for effective control): Redroot pigweed, sandbur, dodder, barnyardgrass, goosegrass, browntop panicum, groundcherry, annual bluegrass, johnsongrass (from seed), nodding spurge, spotted spurge and prostrate spurge.

Tolerant: Velvetleaf, common ragweed, johnsongrass (established from rhizomes), mustards, jimsonweed, galinsoga, smartweed, nutsedge. DACTHAL W-75 TURF may be used as a post-emergence for the control of creeping speedwell.

Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

DO NOT APPLY IN SUFFOLK COUNTY, LONG ISLAND, NEW YORK.

Groundwater Advisory: Tetrachloroterephthalic acid, a breakdown product of DACTHAL, is known to leach through soil as a result of agricultural and turf uses and has been found in groundwater which may be used for drinking water. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL to sand and loamy sand soils where the water table (groundwater) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., well drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of groundwater used for drinking water. DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks

Preparation and Application of the Spray: DACTHAL W-75 TURF should be thoroughly mixed in the spray tank with water to provide for broadcast application of at least 20 gallons of water per acre, depending on equipment and local practices. Adequate agitation should be maintained during filling and spraying to keep material in uniform suspension. Use nozzles suitable for applying wettable powders so that the spray can be uniformly distributed over turf or properly prepared soil surface. Any screen or strainer in spray equipment should be no finer than 50 mesh to prevent clogging. It is essential that the sprayer be properly calibrated before making applications. Standard low-pressure (30-50 psi) boom-type sprayers are recommended.

A minimum of one-fourth inch of water, either as rain or irrigation, is necessary to activate DACTHAL W-75 TURF and thereby obtain pre-emergence control of weeds specified. Normally, water must be applied within 3 to 5 days of application if sufficient rainfall does not occur. However, when surface soil is dry but subsurface soil contains enough moisture to germinate weeds, water must be applied immediately.

Off-Site Movement Under California Growing Conditions: Current research indicates a propensity for off-site movement of certain soil-applied pesticides in California's unique growing conditions. Pesticides, such as DACTHAL, may be moved off-site through a process called co-distillation. This phenomenon has been shown to occur where bare soil is treated (crops not present) and the soil surface is very hot. The pesticides, though not highly volatile, appear to be carried from the soil surface with

water molecules during rapid evaporation that occurs immediately after irrigation. Banding applications of pre-emergence herbicides, such as DCPA, significantly reduces the potential for off-site movement by reducing the amount of product used to treat a given crop area.

Ornamental Turf: Application at the rate of 14 lbs. of DACTHAL W-75 TURF in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1 lb./3 to 7 gals/3,000 sq. ft.) gives excellent control of crabgrass and other weeds as listed on this label. In California, DACTHAL W-75 TURF applications to turf should be watered within 4 hours with 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water by irrigation. One application applied in early spring before weed seed germination usually provides season long control. Crabgrass seed germination usually coincides with the time when Forsythia blossoms start to fall. In areas which commonly experience stands of late-germinating crabgrass and other annual weedy grasses, a second application at half the regular rate can be safely made two months after the first application. In order to control annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) and other erratic or late-germinating grasses and weeds in northern states, a late summer or early fall application before weed seed germination of 20 pounds of DACTHAL W-75 TURF in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1/2 lb./1 to 2 gals./1,000 sq. ft.) should supplement the early spring application. Earlier applications are required in Southern States. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialist for date *Poa annua* seed germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.

Early spring application of DACTHAL W-75 TURF may be made to new turfgrass seedlings after the grasses have exhibited a uniform greening of the newly sprouted grass, preferably when 1 to 2 inches in height. Such DACTHAL W-75 TURF application gives control of crabgrass without injury to newly-emerged grass. Fall sowing of permanent grasses can follow early spring application of DACTHAL W-75 TURF.

Where some spring seeding is necessary, there should be a delay of approximately 60 days after the application of most pre-emergence herbicides, including DACTHAL W-75 TURF. This delay increases the survival of desirable grasses.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is not recommended for use on putting greens.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is not recommended for use on bentgrasses mowed at putting green height. DO NOT feed treated foliage to livestock or graze treated areas.

For control of creeping speedwell (*Veronica filiformis*), apply 16 pounds of DACTHAL W-75 TURF in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre as a post-emergence spray when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously. Spring or early fall applications are usually suitable, provided temperatures are between 65° and 90°F, and there is ample soil moisture. Thorough coverage is essential. Delayed control of creeping speedwell is to be expected. Foliage turns darker green following application and remains so for about 30 days when leaves curl and the plant dies.

For Use on Ornamental Turf

For Use on Turf	To Control	When to Apply	Rate of DACTHAL W-75 TURF	Remarks
Established Turf	Crabgrass	Early spring, before crabgrass and other spring annual weed seeds germinate.	14 lbs. /Acre or 1 lb. /3 to 7 gals. /3,000 sq. ft.	Apply when Forsythia blossoms. A second application at half the recommended rate may be made 60 days after the first application if necessary.
	Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa annua</i>)	Late summer or early fall in Northern states before weed seed germination. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension weed specialist for date <i>Poa annua</i> germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.	20 lbs. /Acre or 1 lb. /1 to 2 gals. /1,000 sq. ft.	Should be used at least 60 days following an early spring application for crabgrass control.
	Creeping Speedwell (<i>Veronica filiformis</i>)	As a post-emergence spray in spring or early fall when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously, there is ample soil moisture and temperature is between 70° and 90°F.	16 lbs. /Acre or 1/3 lb. /1 to 2 gals. /1,000 sq. ft.	Apply spray to obtain thorough coverage of foliage. Delayed control of creeping speedwell, approximately 30 days, is to be expected and will be noticed first by a gradual loss of color and vigor.
	Spotted Spurge or Prostrate Spurge (<i>Euphorbia maculata</i> , <i>E. supina</i>)	Mid-April or before seed germination of annual weeds. Repeat applications in 6 to 8 weeks.	14 to 16 lbs. /Acre or 5 to 6 ounces/ 1 to 2 gals. /1,000 sq. ft.	Apply first application before germination of annual weed seeds, such as crabgrass. Repeat application at the same rate 6 to 8 weeks later. In addition to control of spotted spurge or prostrate spurge, crabgrass control is

				also obtained
Newly-seeded turf	Crabgrass	After new turfgrass seedings have exhibited a greening of the newly-sprouted grass (about 1 to 2 inches high).	14 lbs. /Acre or 1 lb. /3 to 7 gals. /3,000 sq. ft.	Allows crabgrass control without injury to the new turf.

CAUTION: After DACTHAL W-75 TURF treatment, wait approximately 60 days before any new seeding is undertaken. DO NOT use on Dichondra.

See recommendations on bentgrass before using on this species.

Nursery Stock: DACTHAL W-75 TURF can be applied to a wide range of nursery stock at the rate of 14 to 16 pounds in 50 to 100 gallons of water per acre of area treated (1 pound in 3 to 7 gallons of water/3,000 square feet). One repeat application at the same rate may be applied 60 days after first application.

Applications should be made to soil recently cultivated to a uniform texture. These can be made immediately following lining-out of stock. With established plantings, application should be made following proper cultivation to remove existing weeds. Where possible, this should be done early in the spring. Late summer application may prove beneficial for control of fall germinating weeds, if made following cultivation. Weed control up to three months or more may be expected following proper application.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is specifically recommended for weed control with the following:

Abelia	Feverfew	Nasturtium
Ageratum	Fir	Oak
Alyssum	Forget-Me-Not	Orpine
Andromeda, Jap.	Forsythia	Pachistima
Arborvitae	Four-O'Clock	Pachysandra
Ash	Foxglove	Peony
Aster	Gaillardia	Petunia
Azalea	Geranium	Pine
Babysbreath	Gladiolus	Pittosporum
Barberry	Golddust	Podocarpus
Bellflower	Goldentuft	Poker Plant
Birch	Gum	Poplar
Bleedingheart	Hawthorn	Privet
Bloodleaf	Heath, Pink	Privet, variegated
Boxwood	Holly	Redbud
Bugloss	Hydrangea	Rhododendron
Camellia	Honeysuckle	Rose
Candytufts	Iris	Russian Olive
	Ivy, Baltic	Sage, Scarlet
Chrysanthemum	Ivy, Boston	Snapdragon
Cinquefoil	Ivy, English	Spiderwort, Va.
Coleus	Ivy, Wilson	Spirea
Columbine	Juniper	Spruce
Coneflower, Purple	Lantana	Stonecrop
Coreopsis	Larkspur, Candle	Strawflower
Coralbells	Lavendercotton	Sundrops
Cosmos	Lilac	Sunflower

Cotoneaster	Lily	Sweet Pea
Cottonwood	Locust	Sycamore
	Lupine	Tree Peony
Cuphea	Magnolia	Tulip Tree
Cypress	Maple	Viburnum
Dahlia	Marguerite, Golden	Violet, African
Delphinium	Marigold	
Deutzia	Mockorange	Weigela
Dogwood	Morningglory	Willow
Elaeagnus	Moss, Rose	Wormwood
Elm	Mother-of-Thyme	Yarrow, Fernleaf
Euonymus	Mountain Laurel	Yew
Evening Primrose	Mourning Bride	Zinnia

Do not use on the following plants:

Bugleweed	Germander	Sweet William
Button Pink	Mesembryant	Telanthera
Carnation	Pansy	
Geum	Phlox	

Amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF to Use in Treating Small Areas

Area to be Treated*	Recommended Rate DACTHAL W-75 TURF lb/A	Amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF to Apply	Struck-off (level) Tablespoons
1000 sq. ft. (from 1 to 2 gallons of water should be used to spray 1000 sq. ft.)	14 (heavy soil)	5 oz.	22
	12 (heavy soil)	4 oz.	19
	10 (medium soil)	3 oz.	16
	8 (medium soil)	3 oz.	13
	6 (sandy soil)	2 oz.	10
250 sq. ft. (from 1/4 to gallon of water should be used to spray 250 sq. ft.)	14 (heavy soil)	1 ½	5 ½
	12 (heavy soil)	1 oz	4 ½
	10 (medium soil)	¾ - 1 oz	4
	8 (medium soil)	¾ oz	3
	6 (sandy soil)	½ oz	2 ½

NOTE: In treating small areas it is important to use care in measuring out required quantity for area to be treated, properly mixing it in water and keeping it adequately agitated during application.

*Other size areas to be treated can be calculated from the above table. For example:

To treat 5000 sq. ft. at the 10 lbs./acre rate, use 5 cups or 80 tbsp. (5 x 16) in 5 to 10 gallons of water (5 x 1 to 2). To treat 600 sq. ft. at the 12 lbs./acre rate, use 11.4 tbsp. (0.6 x 19) in 0.6 to 1.2 gallons of water (0.6 x 1 to 2).

Application and Calibration Techniques for Sprinkler Irrigation

Apply DACTHAL W-75 TURF only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, solid set or portable (side roll, end tow or hand move) irrigation systems. DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

DO NOT apply this product through irrigation systems connected to a public water system. "Public water system" means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

Always inject DACTHAL W-75 TURF into irrigation water after it discharges from the irrigation pump and after it passes through the check valve. Never inject pesticides into the intake line of the suction side of the pump.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Spray mixture in the chemical supply tank must be agitated at all times, otherwise settling and uneven application may occur.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF may be used through two basic types of sprinkler irrigation systems as outlined in Sections A and B below. Determine which type of system is in place, then refer to the appropriate directions provided for each type. The tank containing DACTHAL W-75 TURF must be equipped with effective mechanical agitation to keep the wettable powder in suspension. Premixing DACTHAL W-75 TURF as instructed under ground application will insure that a uniform suspension is obtained. The injection equipment which contains the DACTHAL W-75 TURF suspension should be connected to the discharge side of the irrigation pump or other pressurized equipment attached to the irrigation line.

A. Center Pivot and Motorized Lateral Move Irrigation Equipment

For injection of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a positive displacement injection pump, of either diaphragm or piston type, constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of injection at pressures approximately 2-3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems.

Fill chemical supply tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete revolution or run across the field, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage covered. Thoroughly mix recommended amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 TURF has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

B. Solid Set and Portable (Side Roll, End Tow or Hand Move) Irrigation Equipment

Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over a 30 to 45-minute period. Mix desired amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF for acreage to be covered into quantity of water used during calibration and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used for amount of time established during calibration. DACTHAL W-75 TURF can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 TURF has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

Storage and Disposal

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

Storage: Store in a dry place.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of at an approved waste disposal facility. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

Container Disposal: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty bag into application equipment. When completely empty, offer for recycling or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants (a) that this product conform to the chemical description on the label; (b) that this product is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the directions for use, subject to the inherent risks referred to herein, when it is used in accordance with such directions; and (c) that the directions, warnings, and other statements on this label are based upon responsible experts' evaluations of reasonable tests of effectiveness, of toxicity to laboratory animals and to plants and residues on food crops, and upon reports of field experience. Tests have not been made on all varieties of food crops and plants, or in all states or under all conditions.

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AMVAC offers this product, and Buyer accepts it, subject to the foregoing Limited Warranty which may be varied only by agreement in writing signed by an authorized representative of AMVAC.

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Los Angeles, CA 90023 U.S.A.
1-888-462-6822

Attachment Email 3 to March 25, 2022 Email

From: Wood, Jon
Sent: Monday, March 11, 2019 6:30 PM
To: 'Meadows, Sarah'
Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491
Attachments: 487-20180110 Dacthal Flowable_kvm edits_20190225.pdf; 490-20180110 Dacthal W-75_DFU Amend_kvm edits_20190225.pdf; 491-20180110 Dacthal W-75 TURF_DFU Amend_kvm edits_20190225.pdf

Hi Sarah,

Please find attached the three subject Dacthal labels that have been revised to address your comments from last year. I must apologize for grossly underestimating the time and not delivering on my promise to get these labels to you in February! However, the extra time was useful as we seized the opportunity to have our technical managers review the labels, which led to a few additional corrections and format changes that add clarity to the Directions For Use language and ultimately improve communication with the end users of these products.

Note that the attached labels only reflect the final result of the changes (i.e., blackline), but I can easily provide colorful REDLINE versions or simply walk through changes with you on the phone to assist with your review if needed.

Thank you for your patience and consideration of these amendments and please don't hesitate to contact me if further clarification is needed.

Best regards,

Jon

Jon C. Wood
Sr. Regulatory Manager
AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court
Suite 1200
Newport Beach, CA 92660
Office: (949) 221-6109
Mobile: (714) 651-7541



From: Wood, Jon
Sent: Thursday, February 21, 2019 10:53 AM
To: 'Meadows, Sarah' <Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>
Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hi Sarah,

I just wanted to let you know that these labels (no REDLINE copies) will be coming in to you next week. I apologize for the delays and I hope you're not buried in snow! ☺

Best regards,

Jon

Jon C. Wood
Sr. Regulatory Manager
AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court
Suite 1200
Newport Beach, CA 92660
Office: (949) 221-6109
Mobile: (714) 651-7541



From: Meadows, Sarah <Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>
Sent: Friday, February 8, 2019 8:11 AM
To: Wood, Jon <JonW@amvac-chemical.com>
Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hi, Jon. Thanks for the kind words. No need to send redlined copies. Please just submit clean pdfs.

Thanks,

Sarah

From: Wood, Jon <JonW@amvac-chemical.com>
Sent: Tuesday, January 08, 2019 1:20 PM
To: Meadows, Sarah <Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>
Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hi Sarah -

Welcome to 2019 and I hope the shutdown hasn't been a burden for you!

Thank you for confirming your continued role with the DCPA label reviews. By the end of this week I intend to send REDLINE labels back to you that will *only* highlight the changes since our last exchange below (27-Aug-2018). I hope that approach will make your review easier, but if you would like the labels to show *all* changes from currently registered (which would be very colorful of course) I can do that— just let me know what works best for you.

Best regards,

Jon

Office: (949) 221-6109
Mobile: (714) 651-7541

From: Meadows, Sarah <Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>
Sent: Friday, December 28, 2018 12:08 PM

To: Wood, Jon <JonW@amvac-chemical.com>
Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hi, Jon. I am still the contact for this chemical. Go ahead and send me your revised labels when you can.

Thanks,

Sarah

From: Meadows, Sarah
Sent: Monday, August 27, 2018 12:30 PM
To: Wood, Jon <JonW@amvac-chemical.com>
Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hello, Jon. Please see the attachments for our label comments. Let me know if you have any questions.

Thanks,

Sarah

From: Wood, Jon [<mailto:JonW@amvac-chemical.com>]
Sent: Friday, August 24, 2018 3:15 PM
To: Meadows, Sarah <Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>
Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hi Sarah,

No worries - I have been distracted with other projects of late too!

Thank you for pointing out this labeling inconsistency. The formulation for these two products is identical, with differences only in use sites (i.e., 5481-490 used on crops, 5481-491 used on Turf). Therefore, since application rates and methods are somewhat similar as well, we believe both labels should include the respirator PPE statement as it appears on 5481-490. Please include with your next round of comments.

Thanks again and have a great weekend!

Best regards,

Jon

Office: (949) 221-6109

Mobile: (714) 651-7541

From: Meadows, Sarah <Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>
Sent: Thursday, August 23, 2018 7:24 AM
To: Wood, Jon <JonW@amvac-chemical.com>
Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hi, Jon. I apologize for the delay on these labels.

I have one question before I send you our label edits. I am doing some digging into the original tox reviews, but thought you may be able to help me speed up the process. We noticed that 5481-490 and 5481-491 are both 75% DCPA wettable powder products, but only one of the labels requires a respirator. Can you help me figure out why this is?

Thanks,

Sarah

From: Wood, Jon [<mailto:JonW@amvac-chemical.com>]

Sent: Wednesday, January 24, 2018 5:14 PM

To: Meadows, Sarah <Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>

Subject: FW: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hi Sarah,

After conferring with my technical experts from our Product Development and Commercial teams, we can offer the following additional information as justification for the minor revision to the proposed Dacthal Flowable (5481-487) label (i.e., broadcast applications on crops other than just onions). These California-only restrictions have been carried on Dacthal labeling since the 1980's and should be adjusted to better reflect current agricultural practices.

Please consider the following as justification for these changes -

- Economics - growers face many problems including input costs and labor shortages. Labor for hand-weeding is no longer practical as these workers have become expensive and in short supply. Hand-weeding produces lower yields because it injures and disrupts the small and shallow root system of onions, making chemical alternative to weed control more desirable.
- Many growers in California's Imperial and Riverside counties grow onions and have observed excellent weed control with Dacthal for years. The larger growers produce crops in both Arizona and California in order to provide year-round availability. Growers in other states (outside California) have seen excellent results from broadcast applications of Dacthal and they've been able to eliminate most hand labor for weeding.
- Volatilization/drift - Potential for drift was reduced with the shift from the Wettable Powder formulation to the current Flowable formulation.
- The vapor pressure of DCPA is 3.33×10^{-4} Pa @ 25C. This value is considered "volatile" but actual off-site movement (drift) and volatility has not been observed with broadcast applications of Dacthal Flowable for weed control in onions. This would certainly be expected to hold true for other crops as well.
- No injury has been observed to non-target plants. Here are some factors that can explain this—
 - High use rate of DCPA (4.5 to 10.5 lb ai/A) required for adequate weed control would suggest that any off-site movement would be at much lower concentration resulting in no observable (phytotoxic) affect.
 - The mitotic inhibition mode of action of DCPA only affects susceptible germinating species. Drift, if any, would be at much lower concentration and would not interfere with the germination process of other plants.

- DCPA is NOT absorbed by foliage and NOT translocated in the plant preventing accumulation of DCPA in the plant.
- The Koc (binding of active ingredient to organic carbon in soil) is high (5,000 mL/g) resulting in significant binding of the DCPA active ingredient to soil components. This will aid to some degree in reducing drift from volatility. The Herbicide Handbook published by the Weed Science Society of America lists DCPA volatilization from soil as "negligible".
- Inadvertent tolerances -- The likelihood of drift occurring at levels to exceed tolerances is low. Inadvertent tolerances are established at 40CFR 180.185(d) for many crops that grow adjacent to onions and exceedances have not been observed.

Thanks, and let me know if you have questions or need further clarification.

Best regards,

Jon

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Mobile: (714) 651-7541

From: Wood, Jon
Sent: Friday, January 19, 2018 8:50 AM
To: 'Meadows, Sarah' <Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>
Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hi Sarah,

I have reached out to my field rep for this and will be back to you asap - thanks! Jon

From: Meadows, Sarah [<mailto:Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>]
Sent: Wednesday, January 17, 2018 12:57 PM
To: Wood, Jon <JonW@amvac-chemical.com>
Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hello, Jon. Can you send me some justification for the additional changes to the label for 5481-487?

Thanks,

Sarah

From: Wood, Jon [<mailto:JonW@amvac-chemical.com>]
Sent: Tuesday, January 16, 2018 11:52 AM
To: Meadows, Sarah <Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>
Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hi Sarah,

Following up on our phone call last week, please find Dacthal end-use labeling attached --

1. Dacthal Flowable Herbicide (5481-487) - Thank you for considering additional changes beyond the label originally submitted in June 2017 [Ref. No. 487-20170605]
 - a. Clean pdf of label submitted here as replacement for label submitted June 2017 [Ref. No. [487-20180110](#)]
 - b. REDLINE of above replacement label highlighting all changes to currently registered label [Ref. No. [487-20180110 REDLINE](#)]

2. Dacthal W-75 Agricultural Herbicide (5481-490) -
 - a. Clean pdf of label submitted June 2017 [Ref. No. [490-20170605](#)]

3. Dacthal W-75 Turf (5481-491) -
 - a. Clean pdf of label submitted June 2017 [Ref. No. [491-20170605](#)]

NOTE: I did not take this opportunity to update these end-use herbicide labels per FRAC Resistance language (PR Notices 2017-1 and 2017-2). However, if you would prefer I do so at this time then let me know as such changes can be returned to you very quickly.

Let me know if you have questions or need further clarification.

Best regards,

Jon

Jon C. Wood
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Fax: (949) 221-6159
Mobile: (714) 651-7541

From: Meadows, Sarah [<mailto:Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>]
Sent: Wednesday, December 20, 2017 11:25 AM
To: Wood, Jon <JonW@amvac-chemical.com>
Subject: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hello, Mr. Wood. I've been assigned the review of the labels you submitted for these three products in June. I apologize for the delay. Please send me a PDF of the three proposed labels when you can.

Thanks,

Sarah

Sarah True Meadows, PhD
US Environmental Protection Agency
Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division - Herbicide Branch
(703) 347-0505
meadows.sarah@epa.gov

Attachment A to Attachment Email 3 (March 11, 2019)

DACTHAL® FLOWABLE HERBICIDE

(ABN - DACTHAL T&O)

DCPA	GROUP	3	HERBICIDE
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AGRICULTURAL HERBICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	By Wt.
DCPA (dimethyl tetrachloroterephthalate)	54.9%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	45.1%
Total	100.0%

Contains 6 lbs. DCPA per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
EMERGENCY INFORMATION	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. FOR THE FOLLOWING EMERGENCIES, PHONE 24 HOURS A DAY:	
For Medical Emergencies phone	1-888-681-4261
For Transportation Emergencies, including spill, leak or fire, phone: CHEMTREC®	1-800-424-9300
For Product Use Information phone: AMVAC®	1-888-462-6822

SEE SIDE [BACK] [INSIDE] PANEL [BOOKLET] FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

EPA Reg. No. 5481-487

EPA Est. No. _____
NET CONTENTS: _____



AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court, Suite 1200
Newport Beach, CA 92660 U.S.A

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Waterproof gloves,
- Shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs, in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment wastewater.

Groundwater Advisory: Tetrachloroterephthalic acid, a breakdown product of DACTHAL FLOWABLE is known to leach through soil as a result of agricultural and turf uses and has been found in groundwater which may be used for drinking water. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE to sand and loamy sand soils where the water table (groundwater) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., well drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of groundwater used for drinking water.

Surface Water Advisory: DCPA can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, DCPA may also have a high potential to contaminate surface water through runoff (via both dissolution in runoff water and adsorption to eroding soil) for several weeks post-application. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE to poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible sloping towards adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas over-laying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and highly erodible soils.

Read entire label carefully and use only as directed.

Product Information

DACTHAL® Flowable Herbicide is a flowable formulation for use in pre-emergence application for control of crabgrass and other annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds on mineral soils in vegetables, strawberries, agronomic crops, ornamental, turf, and nursery stock and as a post-emergence application for control of creeping speedwell (*Veronica filiformis*).

[Note to reviewer: optional marketing language]

DACTHAL® Flowable Herbicide --

- is compatible with liquid nitrogen fertilizers commonly used by the lawn care industry.
- provides broad-spectrum weed control with high crop tolerance.
- controls more than 30 grasses and broadleaf weeds.
- eliminates the need for hand weeding and reduces labor costs.

- *active ingredient works by inhibition of the weed's microtubule assembly with no known herbicide resistance.*
- *active ingredient prevents root and shoot growth in susceptible weeds such that weeds do not emerge, and those that do may be stunted and may die later.*
- *single pre-emergent application prevents early weed competition and allows for vigorous growth of young vegetable crops.*
- *provides an excellent foundation for season-long weed control, lasting as long as 90 days in many specialty crops, and often negates the need for further herbicide applications.*

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

This product is not for sale, use or distribution in Suffolk and Nassau County, Long Island, New York.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. Exception: If the product is soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks

Preparation and Application of the Spray: Mix DACTHAL FLOWABLE thoroughly in the spray tank with water to provide for broadcast application of at least 20 gallons of water per acre, depending on equipment and local practices. Adequate agitation must be maintained during filling and spraying to keep material in uniform suspension. Use nozzles suitable for applying wettable powders so that the spray can be uniformly distributed over the properly prepared soil surface. Any screen or strainer in spray equipment must be no finer than 50 mesh to prevent clogging. It is essential that the sprayer be properly calibrated before making applications. Standard low-pressure (30-50 psi) boom-type sprayers are recommended.

A minimum of one-third to one-half inch of water, either as rain or irrigation, is necessary to activate DACTHAL FLOWABLE and thereby obtain preemergence control of weeds specified. Normally, water must be applied within 3 to 5 days of application if sufficient rainfall does not occur. However, when surface soil is dry but subsurface soil contains enough moisture to germinate weeds, water must be applied immediately. If furrow irrigation is used, the top of the bed must be thoroughly wet. If rainfall during this period does not occur and irrigation cannot be made, shallow incorporation, when recommended, will aid in weed control.

INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure: Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of Nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Avoid application below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

DO NOT apply during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small, suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Soil Preparation: Prior to making application, the soil should be cultivated to provide a weed-free and uniform surface since DACTHAL FLOWABLE herbicide is effective only when applied before weed seed germination occurs. Unless incorporated, DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be applied within two to three days following cultivation, to prevent subsurface germinating weeds from becoming established. When cultivating between rows, use shields on cultivator to prevent untreated soil from covering treated bands. Cultural practices, such as forming crop beds, should be completed prior to DACTHAL FLOWABLE application in order to avoid exposing untreated soil in the bottom of the furrow and concentrating the sprayed soil within the bed.

Soil Incorporation: DO NOT incorporate deeper than 2 inches. Shallow soil incorporation, when recommended (see specific crop recommendation), often gives more consistent results. Depending on crop and time of application, several incorporation methods may be used.

Preplant Incorporation: This type of incorporation often provides better weed control on irrigated land, and also on non-irrigated land when dry weather is anticipated following planting. When recommended, DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed on the soil surface and then incorporated into the soil using a disc harrow or related tillage equipment. To insure complete incorporation, double disc in two directions. For incorporating banded treatments, hooded-power driven rotary tillers or ground tillers are essential.

Delayed Preemergent Incorporation: For crops where preplant incorporation can be used (see specific crop recommendation). Incorporation at this time should be used when adequate rainfall or irrigation is not available within 3 to 5 days after planting. Lightly incorporate (to 1 inch deep) with drag harrow, rotary hoe or other suitable tillage equipment.

Layby Incorporation: (Just prior to stage when plant growth would prevent further cultivation). Cultivate soil to remove established weeds. Apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE over top of foliage and lightly incorporate with suitable equipment.

Off-Site Movement Under California Growing Conditions: Current research indicates a propensity for off-site movement of certain soil-applied pesticides in California's unique growing conditions. Pesticides, such as DACTHAL FLOWABLE, may be moved off-site through a process called co-distillation. This phenomenon has been shown to occur where bare soil is treated (crops not present) and the soil surface is very hot. The pesticides, though not highly volatile, appear to be carried from the soil surface with water molecules during rapid evaporation that occurs immediately after irrigation. Banding applications of preemergence herbicides, such as DACTHAL FLOWABLE, significantly reduces the potential for off-site movement by reducing the amount of product used to treat a given crop area.

Weed Control Spectrum

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is a preemergence herbicide which provides effective control of annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds. The following weeds are grouped according to their susceptibility to DACTHAL FLOWABLE:

Susceptible Weeds

Controlled at Lowest Recommended Rates for Each Soil Type

Carpetweed	Lovegrass
Chickweed, Common	Nettle, Burning
Crabgrass, Large	Pansy, Field
Crabgrass, Smooth	Purslane
Foxtail, Green	Pusley, Florida
Foxtail, Yellow	Witchgrass
Lambsquarters, Common	

Moderately Susceptible Weeds

Highest Recommended Rates for Each Soil Type Required for Effective Control

Barnyardgrass	Groundcherry
Bluegrass, Annual	Johnsongrass (from seed)
Cheeseweed (Malva parviflora)	Knotweed, Prostrate
Copperleaf, Rhombic	Nightshade, Black
Copperleaf, Virginia (three-seeded mercury)	Panicum, Brown Top
Dodder	Pigweed, Redroot
Deadnettle, Purple	Sandbur
Deadnettle, Spotted	Spurge, Nodding
Goosegrass	Spurge, Prostrate
	Spurge, Spotted

Difficult to Control Weeds

Commercially acceptable control of the following weeds may not always be obtained but weed populations will be suppressed when applied at the maximum-labeled rate, thus resulting in less competition with the emerging and growing crop.

Buckwheat, Wild	Panicum, Fall
Canarygrass, Littleseed	Panicum, Texas
Dock, Curly (from seed)	Polypogon, Rabbitfoot
Foxtail, Giant	Rocket, London
Goosefoot, Nettleleaf	Shepherdspurge
Henbit	Sowthistle, Annual
Knotweed, Silversheath	Vaseygrass
Ladysthumb	Witchweed

Weeds Not Controlled with DACTHAL FLOWABLE

Galinsoga	Nutsedge
Jimsonweed	Ragweed, Common

Johnsongrass (from rhizomes)
Mustards

Smartweed
Velvetleaf

Replanting: Replanting crops other than those included on this label in DACTHAL FLOWABLE treated soil within 8 months of application may result in crop injury. If replanting is required because of an early crop failure, the planting of onions, seeded cucurbits, potatoes, tomatoes, eggplants or peppers at this time may result in crop injury. However, all crops on this label may be planted following harvest of a DACTHAL FLOWABLE treated crop.

Ornamental Turf (such as Lawns [non residential], Golf Courses, Cemeteries, Athletic Fields, Parks, Sod Farms, and Institutional Areas where turf is grown): Application at the rate of 14 pts of DACTHAL FLOWABLE in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1 pint in 3 to 7 gallons of water per 3,000 sq. ft.) gives excellent control of crabgrass and other weeds as listed on this label. In California, Water DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications to turf within 4 hours with 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water by irrigation. One application applied in early spring before weed seed germination usually provides seasonal control. Crabgrass seed germination usually coincides with the time when Forsythia blossoms start to fall. In areas which commonly experience stands of late-germinating crabgrass and other annual weedy grasses, a second application at half the regular rate can be safely made 60 days after the first application. In order to control annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) and other erratic or late-germinating grasses and weeds in northern states, a late summer or early fall application before weed seed germination of 20 pints of DACTHAL FLOWABLE in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1/2 pint in 3 to 7 gallons of water per 3,000 sq. ft.) should supplement the early spring application. Earlier applications are required in southern United States. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialist for date *Poa annua* seed germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.

Early spring application of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be made to new turfgrass seedlings after the grasses have exhibited a uniform greening of the newly sprouted grass, preferably when 1 to 2 inches in height. Such DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications give control of crabgrass without injury to newly-emerged grass. Fall sowing of permanent grasses can follow early spring application of DACTHAL FLOWABLE.

Where some spring seeding is necessary, there should be a delay of approximately 60 days after the application of most preemergence herbicides, including DACTHAL FLOWABLE. This delay increases the survival of desirable grasses.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is not recommended for use on putting greens.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is not recommended for use on bentgrasses mowed at putting green height. For control of creeping speedwell (*Veronica filiformis*), apply 16 pints of DACTHAL FLOWABLE in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre as a postemergence spray when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously. Spring or early fall applications are usually suitable, provided temperatures are between 65° and 90°F, and there is ample soil moisture. Thorough coverage is essential. Delayed control of creeping speedwell is to be expected and will be manifested first by a gradual loss of color and vigor.

For Use on Turf (non-residential)	To Control	When to Apply	Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE	Remarks
Established Turf	Crabgrass	Early spring, before crabgrass and other spring annual weed seeds germinate.	14 pts. /Acre or 1 pt. in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	Apply when Forsythia blossoms. A second application at half the recommended rate may be made 60 days after the first application if necessary.
	Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa annua</i>)	Late summer or early fall in Northern states before weed seed germination. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension weed specialist for date <i>Poa annua</i> germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.	20 pts. /Acre or 1/2 pint in 3 to 7 gals. per 1,000 sq. ft.	Do not apply for 60 days following an early spring application for crabgrass control.
	Creeping Speedwell	As a postemergence spray in spring or early	16 pts. /Acre or 18 fl. ozs. in 3 to 7	Apply spray to obtain thorough coverage of foliage. Delayed control of creeping

	<i>(Veronica filiformis)</i>	fall when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously, there is ample soil moisture and temperature is between 65° and 90°F.	gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	speedwell, approximately 30 days, is to be expected and will be noticed first by a gradual loss of color and vigor.
	Spotted Spurge or Prostrate Spurge (<i>Euphorbia maculata, E. supina</i>)	Mid-April or before seed germination of annual weeds. Repeat applications in 6 to 8 weeks.	14 to 16 pts. /Acre or 15 to 18 fl. ozs. in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	Apply first application before germination of annual weed seeds, such as crabgrass. Repeat application at the same rate 6 to 8 weeks later. In addition to control of spotted spurge or prostrate spurge, crabgrass control is also obtained.
Newly seeded turf	Crabgrass	After new turfgrass seedlings have exhibited a greening of the newly-sprouted grass (about 1 to 2 inches high).	14 pts. /Acre or 1 pt. in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	Allows crabgrass control without injury to the new turf.

IMPORTANT: After DACTHAL FLOWABLE treatment, wait approximately 60 days before any new seeding is undertaken. DO NOT use on Dichondra. See recommendations on bentgrass before using on this species.

Nursery Stock: DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be applied to a wide range of nursery stock at the rate of 14 to 16 pints to 100 gallons of water per acre of area treated (1 pint in 3 to 7 gallons of water per 3,000 sq. ft.). One repeat application at the same rate may be applied 60 days after first application. Make applications to soil recently cultivated to a uniform texture. These can be made immediately following lining-out of stock. With established plantings, make application following proper cultivation to remove existing weeds. Where possible, this should be done early in the spring. Late summer application may prove beneficial for control of fall germinating weeds, if made following cultivation. Weed control up to three months or more may be expected following proper application.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is specifically recommended for weed control with the following:

Abelia	Fir	Nasturtium
Ageratum	Forget-Me-Not	Oak
Alyssum	Forsythia	Orpine
Andromeda, Jap.	Four-O'Clock	Pachistima
Arborvitae	Foxglove	Pachysandra
Ash	Gaillardia	Peony
Aster	Geranium	Petunia
Azalea	Gladiolus	Pine
Babysbreath	Golddust	Pittosporum
Barberry	Goldentuft	Podocarpus
Bellflower	Gum	Poker Plant
Birch	Hawthorn	Poplar
Bleedingheart	Heath, Pink	Privet
Bloodleaf	Holly	Privet, variegated
Boxwood	Honeysuckle	Redbud
Bugloss	Hydrangea	Rhododendron
Camellia	Iris	Rose
Candytufts	Ivy, Baltic	Russian Olive
Chrysanthemum	Ivy, Boston	Sage, Scarlet
Cinquefoil	Ivy, English	Snapdragon
Coleus	Ivy, Wilson	Spiderwort, Va.
Columbine	Juniper	Spirea
Coneflower, Purple	Lantana	Spruce
Coreopsis	Larkspur, Candle	Stonecrop
Coralbells	Lavendercotton	Strawflower
Cosmos	Lilac	Sundrops

Cotoneaster	Lily	Sunflower
Cottonwood	Locust	Sweet Pea
Cuphea	Lupine	Sycamore
Cypress	Magnolia	Tree Peony
Dahlia	Maple	Tulip Tree
Delphinium	Marguerite, Golden	Viburnum
Deutzia	Marigold	Violet, African
Dogwood	Mockorange	Weigela
Elaeagnus	Morningglory	Willow
Elm	Moss, Rose	Wormwood
Euonymus	Mother-of-Thyme	Yarrow, Fernleaf
Evening Primrose	Mountain Laurel	Yew
Feverfew	Mourning Bride	Zinnia

DO NOT use on the following plants:

Bugleweed	Mesembryanthemum
Button Pink	Pansy
Carnation	Phlox
Geum	Sweet William
Germander	Telanthera

Amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE to Use in Treating Small Areas		
Area to be Treated	Recommended Rate DACTHAL FLOWABLE HERBICIDE (PTS./A)	Amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE HERBICIDE to Apply (fl. ozs.)
1,000 sq. ft. (from 1 to 2 gallons of water should be used to spray 1,000 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 (heavy soil) 8 to 10 (medium soil) 6 (sandy soil)	4.4 to 5.1 2.9 to 3.7 2.2
250 sq. ft. (from ¼ to ½ gallon of water should be used to spray 250 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 (heavy soil) 8 to 10 (medium soil) 6 (sandy soil)	1.1 to 1.3 0.7 to 0.9 0.6

NOTE: In treating small areas it is important to use care in measuring out required quantity for area to be treated, properly mixing it in water and keeping it adequately agitated during application.

Rates of application can be reduced by banding. See Conversion Chart.

CONVERSION CHART FOR DACTHAL FLOWABLE				
For a 12-inch band of spray, use this amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE per acre.				
Row Width (inches)	If overall rate is:			
	6 pts. Per acre	8 pts. Per acre	10 pts. Per acre	12 pts. Per acre
24	3 pts.	4 pts.	5 pts.	6 pts.
32	2-1/2 pts.	3 pts.	3-3/4 pts.	4-1/2 pts.
36	2 pts.	2-2/3 pts.	3-1/3 pts.	4 pts.
40	1-3/4 pts.	2-1/2 pts.	3 pts.	3-2/3 pts.

Special Precautions: DO NOT feed treated foliage to livestock or graze treated areas. Apply according to directions and under conditions favorable to good plant growth. DACTHAL FLOWABLE will not harm crops for which its use is recommended.

However, conditions such as high salt concentration, seeding disease, cold weather, deep planting, excessive moisture or drought may injure or weaken crops normally tolerant to DACTHAL FLOWABLE, thereby increasing the possibility of herbicide damage. Under any of these conditions, one or more of the following may result: delayed crop development, reduced yields or reduced quality.

DCPA	GROUP	3	HERBICIDE
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Resistance-Management Recommendations

For resistance management, DACTHAL FLOWABLE is a Group 3 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to DACTHAL FLOWABLE and other Group 3 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of DACTHAL FLOWABLE or other Group 3 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields, and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact AMVAC at (888) 462-6822 or at AMVAC-chemical.com.

Recommendations

Any Application of DACTHAL FLOWABLE Must Be Made Prior to Weed Seed Germination

Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled: Apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE at rates of 6-14 pints/A depending on soil type and weeds to be controlled. The following table outlines general recommendations for the use of DACTHAL FLOWABLE on various soil types. Apply the maximum rate for each soil type when moderately susceptible weeds are present. Specific directions for each for each crop should be consulted. ***DACTHAL FLOWABLE should not be applied to certain crops under conditions of cool, wet weather when plants are not actively growing.*** Refer to specific label directions for seeded melons, tomatoes, onions and eggplants for further details.

Soil Type	Organic Matter %	Broadcast Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE (PTS./A)
Light-sand or sandy loam	0 to 3	6 to 8
Medium-silt loam	0 to 3	8 to 10

Heavy-clay loam	0 to 3	10 to 14
Heavy-silt loam	3 to 5	12 to 14

Crops	When To Apply	Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE Per Acre	Remarks
Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cabbage and all other Brassica (cole) leafy vegetables in this crop group ¹	At seeding or transplanting	6 to 14 pts.	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application. Can be preplant incorporated.</p> <p>Broadcast applications permitted in California for crops in this group in certain counties, as listed below, from August through December. Due to potential for off-site movement through co-distillation and deposition on unlabeled crops, apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE as a band application to these crops in all counties with the following exception; During the period from August 1 through December 31, broadcast applications of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be made in the following counties: Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego and Imperial. A minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre should be used for broadcast applications. During the period from January 1 through July 31, DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications must be applied as a banded application in all counties.</p>
cantaloupe, honeydew, watermelons	When plants have 4-5 true leaves (see remarks)	6 to 14 pts.	<p>Apply only when plants have 4-5 true leaves, are well-established, and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. (If applied earlier than recommended and/or growing conditions are unfavorable, crop injury may result.) If weeds have emerged, crop should be cultivated and weeded prior to the DACTHAL FLOWABLE application. Incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.</p>
Collards, kale, mustard greens, turnips (greens and roots) including turnip greens (broccoli raab (raab, raab salad), hanover salad and turnip tops)	At seeding	6 to-14 pts.	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application. Can be preplant incorporated.</p> <p>Broadcast applications permitted in California, as listed below, for crops in this group in certain counties from August through December. Due to potential for off-site movement through co-distillation and deposition on unlabeled crops, Apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE as a band application to these crops in all counties with the following exception. During the period from August 1 through December 31, broadcast applications of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be made in the following counties: Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego and Imperial. A minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre should be used for broadcast applications.</p>

Crops	When To Apply	Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE Per Acre	Remarks
			During the period from January 1 through July 31, DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications must be applied as a banded application in all counties.
Horseradish	At planting	6 to -14 pts.	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. Preplant incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.
Onions [dry bulb onions, dry bulb shallots and green onions (green onions, leeks, spring onions or scallions, Japanese bunching onions, green shallots or green eschalots)]	At seeding or transplanting and/or at layby	See rate and weeds controlled. In sandy loam soils, apply a maximum rate of 10 pints per acre.	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on onions either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL FLOWABLE preemergence treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) up to 14 weeks after planting at rates up to 14 pts. per acre on any soil type. If weeds emerge prior to layby, the onions should be cultivated or weeded prior to application. Use ¼ inch of overhead irrigation to incorporate DACTHAL FLOWABLE into the soil. Where onion emergence is expected to be slow due to cold and wet soil conditions, delay application until seed begins to germinate to reduce the risk of crop injury. Preplant incorporation is not recommended for onions.</p> <p>Broadcast applications permitted in California for onions in certain counties from August through December. Due to potential for off-site movement through co-distillation and deposition on unlabeled crops, DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be applied as a band application to onions in all counties with the following exception. During the period from August 1 through December 31, broadcast applications of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be made in the following counties: Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego and Imperial. A minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre should be used for broadcast applications. During the period from January 1 through July 31, DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications should be applied as a banded application in all counties.</p>
Radish	At seeding or up to three-leaf stage	6 to 14 pts.	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application to permit uniform coverage of soil. Preplant incorporation not recommended. DO NOT graze on treated areas or feed plant refuse to livestock. DO NOT harvest within 25 days of application.</p> <p>Based upon available residue data, the use of DACTHAL FLOWABLE for weed control in radishes is limited to the State of California. In California, applications must be banded.</p>

Crops	When To Apply	Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE Per Acre	Remarks
Sweet Potatoes	At transplanting and layby	6 to 14 pts.	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at transplanting. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on sweet potatoes either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL FLOWABLE at transplant treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) up to 6 weeks after transplanting. If weeds are present, the crop should be weeded or cultivated prior to DACTHAL FLOWABLE application. Incorporation of layby applications not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.
Tomatoes; tomatillos; eggplant	4-6 weeks after transplanting or on direct seeded plants at 4-6 inches in height (see remarks)	6 to 14 pts.	Application uniformly to the soil should be confined to a period of 4-6 weeks after transplanting. Plants should be well-established and growing conditions favorable for good plant growth. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, the crop should be cultivated or weeded prior to making the DACTHAL FLOWABLE application. DO NOT apply to seeded plants until plants are 4-6 inches in height, well established and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. In California, applications must be banded.
Strawberries: New Plantings	At transplanting	12 pts.	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. For new beds apply 12 pints at transplanting. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.
Strawberries: Established Plantings	Fall and early Spring	8 to 12 pts.	Application of 8-12 pints per acre may be applied to established plantings in fall and early spring to control late summer or early fall germinating weeds. When two applications are used a minimum of 14 days are required between treatments. DO NOT apply after first bloom through harvest. Applications may be made directly over the plants without injury. In California, applications must be banded.
Note: Rates can be reduced by banding.			Layby used in this table refers to the time just prior to the stage when crop plant size would prevent further cultivation.

¹Brassica leafy vegetables crop group includes broccoli, Chinese (gai lon, white flowering) broccoli, broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy, napa, tight-heading varieties), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), cauliflower, cavalo broccolo, collards, kale, kohlrabi, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach and rape greens.

APPLICATION AND CALIBRATION TECHNIQUES FOR SPRINKLER IRRIGATION

Apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, solid set or portable (side roll, end tow or hand move) irrigation systems. DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

DO NOT apply this product through irrigation systems connected to a public water system. "Public water system" means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

Always inject DACTHAL FLOWABLE into irrigation water after it discharges from the irrigation pump and after it passes through the check valve. Never inject pesticides into the intake line of the suction side of the pump.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Spray mixture in the chemical supply tank must be agitated at all times, otherwise settling and uneven application may occur.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be used through two basic types of sprinkler irrigation systems as outlined in Sections A and B below. Determine which type of system is in place, then refer to the appropriate directions provided for each type. The tank containing DACTHAL FLOWABLE must be equipped with effective mechanical agitation to keep the wettable powder in suspension. Premixing DACTHAL FLOWABLE as instructed under ground application will insure that a uniform suspension is obtained. The injection equipment which contains the DACTHAL FLOWABLE suspension should be connected to the discharge side of the irrigation pump or other pressurized equipment attached to the irrigation line.

A. Center Pivot and Motorized Lateral Move Irrigation Equipment

For injection of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a positive displacement injection pump, of either diaphragm or piston type, constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of injection at pressures approximately 2-3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems.

Fill chemical supply tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete revolution or run across the field, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage covered. Thoroughly mix recommended amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL FLOWABLE has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

B. Solid Set and Portable (Side Roll, End Tow or Hand Move) Irrigation Equipment

Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over a 30 to 45-minute period. Mix desired amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE for acreage to be covered into quantity of water used during calibration and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used for amount of time established during calibration. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL FLOWABLE has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants (a) that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label; and (b) that the directions, warnings, and other statements on this label are based upon responsible experts' evaluations of reasonable tests of effectiveness, of toxicity to laboratory animals and to plants and residues on food crops, and upon reports of field experience. Tests have not been made on all varieties of food crops and plants, or in all states or under all conditions. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT CONTRARY TO LABEL INSTRUCTIONS, OR UNDER CONDITIONS NOT REASONABLY FORESEEABLE.

THERE ARE NO EXPRESS WARRANTIES OTHER THAN THOSE SET FORTH HEREIN. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS, NOR DOES IT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE, TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND IT EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY WARRANTY OF QUALITY OR PERFORMANCE. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO, AND THE BUYER SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR, ANY AND ALL LOSS OR DAMAGE WHICH RESULTS FROM THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ANY MANNER WHICH IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS, WARNINGS OR CAUTIONS.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW BUYER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, DAMAGES, OR INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER OR NOT BASED IN TORT, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED, AT THE MANUFACTURER'S OPTION, TO REPLACEMENT OF, OR THE REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR, THE QUANTITY OF PRODUCT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH DAMAGES ARE CLAIMED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW IN NO EVENT, SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

AMVAC offers this product, and Buyer accepts it, subject to the foregoing Limited Warranty and Disclaimer which may be varied only by agreement in writing signed by an authorized representative of AMVAC.

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AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court, Suite 1200
Newport Beach, CA 92660 U.S.A.

Attachment B to Attachment Email 3 (March 11, 2019)

DACTHAL® W-75

Agricultural Herbicide (75% Wettable Powder)

DCPA	GROUP	3	HERBICIDE
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ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	By Wt.
DCPA (dimethyl tetrachloroterephthalate)	75.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	25.0%
Total	100.0%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Move person to fresh air.• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Take off contaminated clothing.• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
EMERGENCY INFORMATION	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. FOR THE FOLLOWING EMERGENCIES, PHONE 24 HOURS A DAY: For Medical Emergencies phone1-888-681-4261 For Transportation Emergencies, including spill, leak or fire, phone: CHEMTREC®1-800-424-9300 For Product Use Information phone: AMVAC®1-888-462-6822	

SEE SIDE [BACK] [INSIDE] PANEL [BOOKLET] FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

EPA Reg. No. 5481-490

EPA Est. No. _____
NET CONTENTS: _____



AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court, Suite 1200
Newport Beach, CA 92660 U.S.A.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Waterproof gloves,
- Shoes plus socks,

A minimum of a NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved powered air-purifying respirator with a HE filter. Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are made of any waterproof material. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistant category selection chart.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment wastewater.

Groundwater Advisory: Tetrachloroterephthalic acid, a breakdown product of DACTHAL W-75 is known to leach through soil as a result of agricultural and turf uses and has been found in groundwater which may be used for drinking water. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL W-75 to sand and loamy sand soils where the water table (groundwater) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., well drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of groundwater used for drinking water.

Surface Water Advisory: DCPA can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, DCPA may also have a high potential to contaminate surface water through runoff (via both dissolution in runoff water and adsorption to eroding soil) for several weeks post-application. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL W-75 to poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible sloping towards adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas over-laying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and highly erodible soils.

DACTHAL W-75 Herbicide

A selective preemergence herbicide for control of annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds in vegetable crops.

Read entire label carefully and use only as directed.

Product Information

DACTHAL W-75 is a 75 percent wettable powder formulation for use in preemergence application for control of crabgrass and other annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds on mineral soils in vegetables, strawberries, agronomic crops, and ornamentals.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

DO NOT APPLY IN SUFFOLK AND NASSAU COUNTIES, LONG ISLAND.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. Exception: If the product is soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks

Preparation and Application of the Spray: Thoroughly mix DACTHAL W-75 in the spray tank with water to provide for broadcast application of at least 20 gallons of water per acre, depending on equipment and local practices. Adequate agitation must be maintained during filling and spraying to keep material in uniform suspension. Use nozzles suitable for applying wettable powders so that the spray can be uniformly distributed over the properly prepared soil surface. Any screen or strainer in spray equipment must be no finer than 50 mesh to prevent clogging. It is essential that the sprayer be properly calibrated before making applications. Standard low-pressure (30-50 psi) boom-type sprayers are recommended.

A minimum of one-third to one-half inch of water, either as rain or irrigation, is necessary to activate DACTHAL W-75 and thereby obtain preemergence control of weeds specified. Normally, water must be applied within 3 to 5 days of application if sufficient rainfall does not occur. However, when surface soil is dry but subsurface soil contains enough moisture to germinate weeds, apply water immediately. If furrow irrigation is used, the top of the bed must be thoroughly wet. If rainfall during this period does not occur and irrigation cannot be made, shallow incorporation, when directed, will aid in weed control.

INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure: Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of Nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Boom Length

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application Height

Applications may not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Avoid application below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

DO NOT apply during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small, suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide may only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Soil Preparation: Prior to making application, cultivate the soil to provide a weed-free and uniform surface since DACTHAL W-75 herbicide is effective only when applied before weed seed germination occurs. Unless incorporated, DACTHAL W-75 must be applied within two to three days following cultivation, to prevent subsurface germinating weeds from becoming established. When cultivating between rows, use shields on cultivator to prevent untreated soil from covering treated bands. Cultural practices, such as forming crop beds, should be completed prior to DACTHAL W-75 application in order to avoid exposing untreated soil in the bottom of the furrow and concentrating the sprayed soil within the bed.

Soil Incorporation: DO NOT incorporate deeper than 2 inches. Shallow soil incorporation, when recommended (see specific crop recommendation), often gives more consistent results. Depending on crop and time of application, several incorporation methods may be used.

Preplant Incorporation: This type of incorporation often provides better weed control on irrigated land, and also on non-irrigated land when dry weather is anticipated following planting. When recommended, DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed on the

soil surface and then incorporated into the soil using a disc harrow or related tillage equipment. To insure complete incorporation, double disc in two directions. For incorporating banded treatments, hooded-power driven rotary tillers or ground tillers are essential.

Delayed Preemergent Incorporation: For crops where preplant incorporation can be used (see specific crop recommendation) incorporate when adequate rainfall or irrigation is not available within 3 to 5 days after planting. Lightly incorporate (to 1 inch deep) with drag harrow, rotary hoe or other suitable tillage equipment.

Layby Incorporation: (Just prior to stage when plant growth would prevent further cultivation). Cultivate soil to remove established weeds. Apply DACTHAL W-75 over top of foliage and lightly incorporate with suitable equipment.

Off-Site Movement Under California Growing Conditions: Current research indicates a propensity for off-site movement of certain soil-applied pesticides in California's unique growing conditions. Pesticides, such as DACTHAL W-75, may be moved off-site through a process called co-distillation. This phenomenon has been shown to occur where bare soil is treated (crops not present) and the soil surface is very hot. The pesticides, though not highly volatile, appear to be carried from the soil surface with water molecules during rapid evaporation that occurs immediately after irrigation. Banding applications of preemergence herbicides, such as DACTHAL W-75, significantly reduces the potential for off-site movement by reducing the amount of product used to treat a given crop area.

WEED CONTROL SPECTRUM

DACTHAL W-75 is a preemergence herbicide which provides effective control of annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds. The following weeds are grouped according to their susceptibility to DACTHAL W-75:

Susceptible Weeds

Controlled at Lowest Recommended Rates for Each Soil Type

Carpetweed	Lovegrass
Chickweed, Common	Nettle, Burning
Crabgrass, Large	Pansy, Field
Crabgrass, Smooth	Purslane
Foxtail, Green	Pusley, Florida
Foxtail, Yellow	Witchgrass
Lambsquarters, Common	

Moderately Susceptible Weeds

Highest Recommended Rates for Each Soil Type Required for Effective Control

Barnyardgrass	Groundcherry
Bluegrass, Annual	Johnsongrass (from seed)
Cheeseweed (Malva parviflora)	Knotweed, Prostrate
Copperleaf, Rhombic	Nightshade, Black
Copperleaf, Virginia (three-seeded mercury)	Panicum, Brown Top
Dodder	Pigweed, Redroot
Deadnettle, Purple	Sandbur
Deadnettle, Spotted	Spurge, Nodding
Goosegrass	Spurge, Prostrate
	Spurge, Spotted

Difficult to Control Weeds

Commercially acceptable control of the following weeds may not always be obtained but weed populations will be suppressed when applied at the maximum-labeled rate, thus resulting in less competition with the emerging and growing crop.

Buckwheat, Wild	Panicum, Fall
Canarygrass, Littleseed	Panicum, Texas
Dock, Curly (from seed)	Polypogon, Rabbitfoot
Foxtail, Giant	Rocket, London
Goosefoot, Nettleleaf	Shepherdspurge
Henbit	Sowthistle, Annual

Knotweed, Silversheath
Ladysthumb

Vaseygrass
Witchweed

Weeds Not Controlled with DACTHAL W-75

Galinsoga
Jimsonweed
Johnsongrass (from rhizomes)
Mustards

Nutsedge
Ragweed, Common
Smartweed
Velvetleaf

Replanting: Replanting crops other than those included on this label in DACTHAL W-75 treated soil within 8 months of application may result in crop injury. If replanting is required because of an early crop failure, the planting of onions, seeded cucurbits, potatoes, tomatoes, eggplants or peppers at this time may result in crop injury. However, all crops on this label may be planted following harvest of a DACTHAL W-75 treated crop-

IMPORTANT: After DACTHAL W-75 treatment, wait approximately 60 days before any new seeding is undertaken. DO NOT use on Dichondra.

Nursery Stock: DACTHAL W-75 can be applied to a wide range of nursery stock at the rate of 14 to 16 pounds in 50 to 100 gallons of water per acre of area treated (1 pound in 3 to 7 gallons of water per 3,000 sq. ft.). One repeat application at the same rate may be applied 60 days after first application.

Applications must be made to soil recently cultivated to a uniform texture. These can be made immediately following lining-out of stock. With established plantings, apply following proper cultivation to remove existing weeds. Where possible, this should be done early in the spring. Late summer application may prove beneficial for control of fall germinating weeds, if made following cultivation. Weed control up to three months or more may be expected following proper application.

DACTHAL W-75 is specifically recommended for weed control with the following:

Abelia
Ageratum
Alyssum
Andromeda, Jap.
Arborvitae
Ash
Aster
Azalea
Babysbreath
Barberry
Bellflower
Birch
Bleedingheart
Bloodleaf
Boxwood
Bugloss
Camellia
Candytufts
Chrysanthemum
Cinquefoil
Coleus
Columbine
Coneflower, Purple
Coreopsis
Coralbells
Cosmos
Cotoneaster
Cottonwood
Cuphea
Cypress

Dahlia
Delphinium
Deutzia
Dogwood
Elaeagnus
Elm
Euonymus
Evening Primrose
Feverfew
Fir
Forget-Me-Not
Forsythia
Four-O'Clock
Foxglove
Gaillardia
Geranium
Gladiolus
Golddust
Goldentuft
Gum
Hawthorn
Heath, Pink
Holly
Hydrangea
Honeysuckle
Iris
Ivy, Baltic
Ivy, Boston
Ivy, English
Ivy, Wilson

Juniper
Lantana
Larkspur, Candle
Lavendercotton
Lilac
Lily
Locust
Lupine
Magnolia
Maple
Marguerite, Golden
Marigold
Mockorange
Morningglory
Moss, Rose
Mother-of-Thyme
Mountain Laurel
Mourning Bride
Nasturtium
Oak
Orpine
Pachistima
Pachysandra
Peony
Petunia
Pine
Pittosporum
Podocarpus
Poker Plant
Poplar

Privet
 Privet, variegated
 Redbud
 Rhododendron
 Rose
 Russian Olive
 Sage, Scarlet
 Snapdragon
 Spiderwort, Va.
 Spirea

Spruce
 Stonecrop
 Strawflower
 Sundrops
 Sunflower
 Sweet Pea
 Sycamore
 Tree Peony
 Tulip Tree
 Viburnum

Violet, African
 Weigela
 Willow
 Wormwood
 Yarrow, Fernleaf
 Yew
 Zinnia

DO **NOT** use on the following plants:

Bugleweed
 Button Pink
 Carnation
 Geum
 Germander
 Mesembryanthemum
 Pansy
 Phlox
 Sweet William
 Telanthera

Amount of DACTHAL W-75 to Use in Treating Small Areas			
Area to be Treated	Recommended Rate DACTHAL W-75 (lbs./A)	Amount of DACTHAL W-75 to Apply (fl. ozs.)	Struck-off (level) Tablespoons
1,000 sq. ft. (Use 1 to 2 gallons of water to spray 1,000 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 (heavy soil) 8 to 10 (medium soil) 6 (sandy soil)	4.4 to 5.1 2.9 to 3.7 2.2	33 to 38 22 to 28 17
250 sq. ft. (Use ¼ gallon of water to spray 250 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 (heavy soil) 8 to 10 (medium soil) 6 (sandy soil)	1.1 to 1.3 0.7 to 0.9 0.6	8 ¼ to 9 ½ 5½ to 7 4 ¼

Note: In treating small areas it is important to use care in measuring out required quantity for area to be treated, properly mixing it in water and keeping it adequately agitated during application.

Rates of application can be reduced by banding. See Conversion Chart.

CONVERSION CHART FOR DACTHAL W-75				
For a 12-inch band of spray, use this amount of DACTHAL W-75 per acre.				
Row Width (inches)	If overall rate is:			
	6 lbs. per acre	8 lbs. per acre	10 lbs. per acre	12 lbs. per acre
24	3 lbs.	4 lbs.	5 lbs.	6 lbs.
32	2-1/2 lbs.	3 lbs.	3-3/4 lbs.	4-1/2 lbs.

36	2 lbs.	2-2/3 lbs.	3-1/3 lbs.	4 lbs.
40	1-3/4 lbs.	2-1/2 lbs.	3 lbs.	3-2/3 lbs.

DO NOT feed treated foliage to livestock or graze treated areas. Apply according to directions and under conditions favorable to good plant growth. DACTHAL W-75 will not harm crops for which its use is directed. **However, conditions such as high salt concentration, seeding disease, cold weather, deep planting, excessive moisture or drought may injure or weaken crops normally tolerant to DACTHAL W-75, thereby increasing the possibility of herbicide damage. Under any of these conditions, one or more of the following may result: delayed crop development, reduced yields or reduced quality.**

DCPA	GROUP	3	HERBICIDE
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Resistance-Management Recommendations

For resistance management, DACTHAL FLOWABLE is a Group 3 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to DACTHAL FLOWABLE and other Group 3 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of DACTHAL FLOWABLE or other Group 3 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields, and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact AMVAC at (888) 462-6822 or at AMVAC-chemical.com.

Recommendations

Apply DACTHAL W-75 Prior to Weed Seed Germination

Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled: Apply DACTHAL W-75 at rates of 6-14 lbs./A depending on soil type and weeds to be controlled. The following table outlines rate specifications for the use of DACTHAL W-75 on various soil types. Use the maximum rate for each soil type when moderately susceptible weeds are present. Follow specific crop directions. **Do not apply DACTHAL W-75 to certain crops under conditions of cool, wet weather when plants are not actively growing.** Refer to specific label directions for seeded melons, tomatoes, onions and eggplants for further details.

Soil Type	Organic Matter (%)	Broadcast Rate of DACTHAL W-75 (lbs./A)
Light-sand or sandy loam	0 to 3	6 to 8
Medium-silt loam	0 to 3	8 to 10
Heavy-clay loam	0 to 3	10 to 14
Heavy-silt loam	3 to 5	12 to 14

Crops	When To Apply	Rate of DACTHAL W-75 Per Acre	Remarks
Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cabbage and all other Brassica (cole) leafy vegetables in this crop group ¹	At seeding or transplanting	6 to 14 lbs.	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, clean cultivate or weed soil prior to application. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.
Chayote (fruit), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), gherkin, gourd, edible (includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra), <i>Momordica</i> spp (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bittermelon, Chinese cucumber), muskmelon (includes hybrids and/or varieties of <i>Cucumis melo</i> (including true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, Santa Claus melon, creshaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, Persian melon, golden pershaw melon, mango melon, pineapple melon, snake melon), watermelon including hybrids	When plants have 4-5 true leaves (see remarks)	6 to 14 lbs.	Apply only when plants have 4-5 true leaves, are well-established, and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. (If applied earlier than recommended and/or growing conditions are unfavorable, crop injury may result.) If weeds have emerged, cultivate and weed crop prior to the DACTHAL W-75 application. Incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.
Collards, kale, mustard greens, turnips (greens and roots) Broccoli raab, cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy), collards, kale, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach, rape greens, turnips (greens and roots: broccoli raab (raab, raab salad), hanover salad, turnip tops (turnip greens))	At seeding	6 to 14 lbs.	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.
Horseradish	At planting	6 to 14 lbs.	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. Preplant incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.

Crops	When To Apply	Rate of DACTHAL W-75 Per Acre	Remarks
Onions: dry bulb onions (shallots); green onions (leeks, spring onions or scallions, Japanese bunching onions, Welsh onion, green shallots, or green eschalots)	At seeding or transplanting and/or at layby	See rate and weeds controlled. In sandy loam soils, apply a maximum rate of 10 pounds per acre.	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on onions either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL W-75 preemergence treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) up to 14 weeks after planting at rates up to 14 lbs. per acre on any soil type. If weeds emerge prior to layby, cultivate or weed the onions prior to application. Preplant incorporation not recommended.</p> <p>Broadcast applications permitted in California for onions in certain counties from August through December. Due to potential for off-site movement through co-distillation and deposition on unlabeled crops, Apply DACTHAL W-75 as a band application to onions in all counties with the following exception. During the period from August 1 through December 31, broadcast applications of DACTHAL W-75 may be made in the following counties: Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego and Imperial. Use a minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre for broadcast applications. During the period from January 1 through July 31, apply DACTHAL W-75 as a banded application in all counties.</p>
Radish	At seeding or up to three-leaf stage	6 to 14 lbs.	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre. If weeds have emerged, clean cultivate or weed soil prior to application to permit uniform coverage of soil. Preplant incorporation not recommended. DO NOT graze on treated areas or feed plant refuse to livestock. DO NOT harvest within 25 days of application.</p> <p>Based upon available residue data, the use of DACTHAL W-75 for weed control in radishes is limited to the State of California. In California, applications must be banded.</p>

Crops	When To Apply	Rate of DACTHAL W-75 Per Acre	Remarks
Sweet Potatoes; arrowroot; cassava, bitter and sweet; chayote (root); dasheen (taro); turmeric	At transplanting and layby	6 to 14 lbs.	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at transplanting. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on sweet potatoes either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL W-75 at transplant treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) up to 6 weeks after transplanting. If weeds are present, weed or cultivate crop prior to DACTHAL W-75 application. Incorporation of layby applications not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.
Tomatoes; tomatillos; eggplant; pepino; groundcherry	4-6 weeks after transplanting or on direct seeded plants at 4-6 inches in height (see remarks)	6 to 14 lbs.	Only apply uniformly to soil 4-6 weeks after transplanting. Plants should be well-established and growing conditions favorable for good plant growth. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, cultivate or weed the crop prior to making the DACTHAL W-75 application. DO NOT apply to seeded plants until plants are 4-6 inches in height, well established and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. In California, applications must be banded.
Strawberries: New Plantings	At transplanting	12 lbs.	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. For new beds apply 12 pounds at transplanting. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.
Strawberries: Established Plantings	Fall and early Spring	8 to 12 lbs.	Application of 8-12 pounds per acre may be applied to established plantings in fall and early spring to control late summer or early fall germinating weeds. When two applications are used a minimum of 14 days are required between treatments. DO NOT apply after first bloom through harvest. Applications may be made directly over the plants without injury. In California, applications must be banded.
Note: Rates can be reduced by banding.			Layby used in this table refers to the time just prior to the stage when crop plant size would prevent further cultivation.

¹Brassica leafy vegetables crop group includes broccoli, Chinese (gai lon, white flowering) broccoli, broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy, napa, tight-heading varieties), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), cauliflower, cavalo broccolo, collards, kale, kohlrabi, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach and rape greens.

Fruits of the gourd (*Cucurbitaceae*) family that are consumed when immature, 100% of the fruit is edible either cooked or raw, once picked it cannot be stored, has a soft rind which is easily penetrated, and if seeds were harvested they would not germinate; *Lagenaria* spp. (i.e., spaghetti squash, hyotan, cucuzza); *Luffa* spp. (i.e., hechima, Chinese okra); *Momordica* spp. (i.e., bitter melon, balsam pear, balsam apple, Chinese cucumber); *Sechium edule* (chayote); and other cultivars and/or hybrids of these.

Application and Calibration Techniques for Sprinkler Irrigation

Apply DACTHAL W-75 only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, solid set or portable (side roll, end tow or hand move) irrigation systems. DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

DO NOT apply this product through irrigation systems connected to a public water system. "Public water system" means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

Always inject DACTHAL W-75 into irrigation water after it discharges from the irrigation pump and after it passes through the check valve. Never inject pesticides into the intake line of the suction side of the pump.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Spray mixture in the chemical supply tank must be agitated at all times, otherwise settling and uneven application may occur.

DACTHAL W-75 may be used through two basic types of sprinkler irrigation systems as outlined in Sections A and B below. Determine which type of system is in place, then refer to the appropriate directions provided for each type. The tank containing DACTHAL W-75 must be equipped with effective mechanical agitation to keep the wettable powder in suspension. Premixing DACTHAL W-75 as instructed under ground application will insure that a uniform suspension is obtained. The injection equipment which contains the DACTHAL W-75 suspension should be connected to the discharge side of the irrigation pump or other pressurized equipment attached to the irrigation line.

A. Center Pivot and Motorized Lateral Move Irrigation Equipment

For injection of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a positive displacement injection pump, of either diaphragm or piston type, constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of injection at pressures

approximately 2-3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems.

Fill chemical supply tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete revolution or run across the field, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage covered. Thoroughly mix recommended amount of DACTHAL W-75 for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

B. Solid Set and Portable (Side Roll, End Tow or Hand Move) Irrigation Equipment

Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over a 30 to 45-minute period. Mix desired amount of DACTHAL W-75 for acreage to be covered into quantity of water used during calibration and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used for amount of time established during calibration. DACTHAL W-75 can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Completely empty bag into application equipment. When completely empty, offer for recycling or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants (a) that this product conform to the chemical description on the label; and (b) that the directions, warnings, and other statements on this label are based upon responsible experts' evaluations of reasonable tests of effectiveness, of toxicity to laboratory animals and to plants and residues on food crops, and upon reports of field experience. Tests have not been made on all varieties of food crops and plants, or in all states or under all conditions. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT CONTRARY TO LABEL INSTRUCTIONS, OR UNDER CONDITIONS NOT REASONABLY FORESEEABLE.

THERE ARE NO EXPRESS WARRANTIES OTHER THAN THOSE SET FORTH HEREIN. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS, NOR DOES IT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE, TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND IT EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY WARRANTY OF QUALITY OR PERFORMANCE. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO, AND THE BUYER SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR, ANY AND ALL LOSS OR DAMAGE WHICH RESULTS FROM THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ANY MANNER WHICH IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS, WARNINGS OR CAUTIONS.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW BUYER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, DAMAGES, OR INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER OR NOT BASED IN TORT, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED, AT THE MANUFACTURER'S OPTION, TO REPLACEMENT OF, OR THE REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR, THE QUANTITY OF PRODUCT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH DAMAGES ARE CLAIMED. IN NO EVENT, SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

AMVAC offers this product, and Buyer accepts it, subject to the foregoing Limited Warranty and Disclaimer which may be varied only by agreement in writing signed by an authorized representative of AMVAC.

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AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court, Suite 1200
Newport Beach, CA 92660 U.S.A.

Attachment C to Attachment Email 3 (March 11, 2019)

DACTHAL® W-75 Turf

Turf Care® Turf & Ornamental Herbicide (75% Wettable Powder)

DCPA	GROUP	3	HERBICIDE
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ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	By Wt.
DCPA (dimethyl tetrachloroterephthalate)	75.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	25.0%
Total	100.0%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
EMERGENCY INFORMATION	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. FOLLOWING EMERGENCIES, PHONE 24 HOURS A DAY: For Medical Emergencies phone1-888-681-4261 For Transportation Emergencies, including spill, leak or fire, phone: CHEMTREC®1-800-424-9300 For Product Use Information phone: AMVAC®1-888-462-6822	

SEE SIDE [BACK] [INSIDE] PANEL [BOOKLET] FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

EPA Reg. No. 5481-491

EPA Est. No. _____
NET CONTENTS: _____



AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court, Suite 1200
Newport Beach, CA 92660 U.S.A

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes and socks
- A minimum of a NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved powered air-purifying respirator with a HE filter.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems, or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment wastewater.

DACTHAL® W-75 Turf is a Selective Preemergence Herbicide for Non-Residential Nurseries and Ornamental Turf Management.

Read entire label carefully and use only as directed.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is a 75 percent wettable powder formulation for use in pre-emergence application for control of crabgrass and other annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds on mineral soils in ornamental turf and nursery stock. DACTHAL W-75 TURF may also be used in post-emergence application for the control of creeping speedwell.

The weeds in the following table are grouped according to their susceptibility to DACTHAL W-75 TURF

Susceptibility	Weeds
Susceptible (controlled at specified rates)	common lambsquarters, smooth crabgrass, large crabgrass, lovegrass, carpetweed, witchgrass, purslane, Florida pusley, yellow foxtail, green foxtail, common chickweed.
Moderately Susceptible (maximum rates required for effective control)	redroot pigweed, sandbur, dodder, barnyardgrass, goosegrass, browntop panicum, groundcherry, annual bluegrass, johnsongrass (from seed), nodding spurge, spotted spurge and prostrate spurge.
Tolerant	velvetleaf, common ragweed, johnsongrass (established from rhizomes), mustards, jimsonweed, galinsoga, smartweed, nutsedge.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

DO NOT APPLY IN SUFFOLK COUNTY, LONG ISLAND, NEW YORK.

Groundwater Advisory: Tetrachloroterephthalic acid, a breakdown product of DACTHAL, is known to leach through soil as a result of agricultural and turf uses and has been found in groundwater which may be used for drinking water. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL to sand and loamy sand soils where the water table (groundwater) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., well drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of groundwater used for drinking water.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks

Preparation and Application of the Spray: DACTHAL W-75 TURF should be thoroughly mixed in the spray tank with water to provide for broadcast application of at least 20 gallons of water per acre, depending on equipment and local practices. Adequate agitation should be maintained during filling and spraying to keep material in uniform suspension. Use nozzles suitable for applying wettable powders so that the spray can be uniformly distributed over turf or properly prepared soil surface. Any screen or strainer in spray equipment should be no finer than 50 mesh to prevent clogging. It is essential that the sprayer be properly calibrated before making applications. Standard low-pressure (30-50 psi) boom-type sprayers are recommended.

A minimum of one-fourth inch of water, either as rain or irrigation, is necessary to activate DACTHAL W-75 TURF and thereby obtain pre-emergence control of weeds specified. Normally, water must be applied within 3 to 5 days of application if sufficient rainfall does not occur. However, when surface soil is dry but subsurface soil contains enough moisture to germinate weeds, water must be applied immediately.

Off-Site Movement Under California Growing Conditions: Current research indicates a propensity for off-site movement of certain soil-applied pesticides in California's unique growing conditions. Pesticides, such as DACTHAL, may be moved off-site through a process called co-distillation. This phenomenon has been shown to occur where bare soil is treated (crops not present) and the soil surface is very hot. The pesticides, though not highly volatile, appear to be carried from the soil surface with water molecules during rapid evaporation that occurs immediately after irrigation. Banding applications of pre-emergence herbicides, such as DCPA, significantly reduces the potential for off-site movement by reducing the amount of product used to treat a given crop area.

Ornamental Turf: Application at the rate of 14 lbs. of DACTHAL W-75 TURF in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1 pound in 3 to 7 gallons of water per 3,000 sq. ft.) gives excellent control of crabgrass and other weeds as listed on this label. In California, water DACTHAL W-75 TURF applications to turf within 4 hours with 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water by irrigation. One

application applied in early spring before weed seed germination usually provides season long control. Crabgrass seed germination usually coincides with the time when Forsythia blossoms start to fall. In areas which commonly experience stands of late-germinating crabgrass and other annual weedy grasses, a second application at half the regular rate can be safely made two months after the first application. In order to control annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) and other erratic or late-germinating grasses and weeds in northern states, a late summer or early fall application before weed seed germination of 20 pounds of DACTHAL W-75 TURF in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1/2 pound in 1 to 2 gallons of water per 1,000 sq. ft.) should supplement the early spring application. Earlier applications are required in Southern States. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialist for date *Poa annua* seed germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.

Early spring application of DACTHAL W-75 TURF may be made to new turfgrass seedlings after the grasses have exhibited a uniform greening of the newly sprouted grass, preferably when 1 to 2 inches in height. Such DACTHAL W-75 TURF application gives control of crabgrass without injury to newly-emerged grass. Fall sowing of permanent grasses can follow early spring application of DACTHAL W-75 TURF.

Where some spring seeding is necessary, there should be a delay of approximately 60 days after the application of most pre-emergence herbicides, including DACTHAL W-75 TURF. This delay increases the survival of desirable grasses.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is not recommended for use on putting greens.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is not recommended for use on bentgrasses mowed at putting green height.

DO NOT feed treated foliage to livestock or graze treated areas.

For control of creeping speedwell (*Veronica filiformis*), apply 16 pounds of DACTHAL W-75 TURF in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre as a post-emergence spray when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously. Spring or early fall applications are usually suitable, provided temperatures are between 65° and 90°F, and there is ample soil moisture. Thorough coverage is essential. Delayed control of creeping speedwell is to be expected. Foliage turns darker green following application and remains so for about 30 days when leaves curl and the plant dies.

For Use on Ornamental Turf

For Use on Turf	To Control	When to Apply	Rate of DACTHAL W-75 TURF (per acre)	Remarks
Established Turf	Crabgrass	Early spring, before crabgrass and other spring annual weed seeds germinate.	14 lbs. or 1 lb. /3 to 7 gals. /3,000 sq. ft.	Apply when Forsythia blossoms. A second application at half the recommended rate may be made 60 days after the first application if necessary.
	Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa annua</i>)	Late summer or early fall in Northern states before weed seed germination. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension weed specialist for date <i>Poa annua</i> germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.	20 lbs. or 0.45 lb. /1 to 2 gals. /1,000 sq. ft.	Do not apply for 60 days following an early spring application for crabgrass control.
	Creeping Speedwell (<i>Veronica filiformis</i>)	As a post-emergence spray in spring or early fall when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously, there is ample	16 lbs. or 1/3 lb. /1 to 2 gals. /1,000 sq. ft.	Apply spray to obtain thorough coverage of foliage. Delayed control of creeping speedwell, approximately 30 days, is to be expected and will be noticed

		soil moisture and temperature is between 70° and 90°F.		first by a gradual loss of color and vigor.
	Spotted Spurge or Prostrate Spurge (<i>Euphorbia maculata</i> , <i>E. supina</i>)	Mid-April or before seed germination of annual weeds. Repeat applications in 6 to 8 weeks.	14 to 16 lbs. or 5 to 6 ozs. / 1 to 2 gals. /1,000 sq. ft.	Apply first application before germination of annual weed seeds, such as crabgrass. Repeat application at the same rate 6 to 8 weeks later. In addition to control of spotted spurge or prostrate spurge, crabgrass control is also obtained
Newly-seeded turf	Crabgrass	After new turfgrass seedlings have exhibited a greening of the newly-sprouted grass (about 1 to 2 inches high).	14 lbs. or 1 lb. /3 to 7 gals. /3,000 sq. ft.	Allows crabgrass control without injury to the new turf.

CAUTION: After DACTHAL W-75 TURF treatment, wait approximately 60 days before any new seeding is undertaken. DO NOT use on Dichondra.

See precautions for bentgrass before using on this species.

Nursery Stock: DACTHAL W-75 TURF can be applied to a wide range of nursery stock at the rate of 14 to 16 pounds in 50 to 100 gallons of water per acre of area treated (1 pound in 3 to 7 gallons of water/3,000 square feet). One repeat application at the same rate may be applied 60 days after first application.

Applications should be made to soil recently cultivated to a uniform texture. These can be made immediately following lining-out of stock. With established plantings, application should be made following proper cultivation to remove existing weeds. Where possible, this should be done early in the spring. Late summer application may prove beneficial for control of fall germinating weeds, if made following cultivation. Weed control up to three months or more may be expected following proper application.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is specifically recommended for weed control with the following:

Abelia	Feverfew	Nasturtium
Ageratum	Fir	Oak
Alyssum	Forget-Me-Not	Orpine
Andromeda, Jap.	Forsythia	Pachistima
Arborvitae	Four-O'Clock	Pachysandra
Ash	Foxglove	Peony
Aster	Gaillardia	Petunia
Azalea	Geranium	Pine
Babysbreath	Gladiolus	Pittosporum
Barberry	Golddust	Podocarpus
Bellflower	Goldentuft	Poker Plant
Birch	Gum	Poplar
Bleedingheart	Hawthorn	Privet
Bloodleaf	Heath, Pink	Privet, variegated
Boxwood	Holly	Redbud
Bugloss	Hydrangea	Rhododendron
Camellia	Honeysuckle	Rose
Candytufts	Iris	Russian Olive
	Ivy, Baltic	Sage, Scarlet
Chrysanthemum	Ivy, Boston	Snapdragon
Cinquefoil	Ivy, English	Spiderwort, Va.

Coleus	Ivy, Wilson	Spirea
Columbine	Juniper	Spruce
Coneflower, Purple	Lantana	Stonecrop
Coreopsis	Larkspur, Candle	Strawflower
Coralbells	Lavendercotton	Sundrops
Cosmos	Lilac	Sunflower
Cotoneaster	Lily	Sweet Pea
Cottonwood	Locust	Sycamore
	Lupine	Tree Peony
Cuphea	Magnolia	Tulip Tree
Cypress	Maple	Viburnum
Dahlia	Marguerite, Golden	Violet, African
Delphinium	Marigold	
Deutzia	Mockorange	Weigela
Dogwood	Morningglory	Willow
Elaeagnus	Moss, Rose	Wormwood
Elm	Mother-of-Thyme	Yarrow, Fernleaf
Euonymus	Mountain Laurel	Yew
Evening Primrose	Mourning Bride	Zinnia

DO NOT use on the following plants:

Bugleweed	Germander	Sweet William
Button Pink	Mesembryant	Telanthera
Carnation	Pansy	
Geum	Phlox	

Amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF to Use in Treating Small Areas			
Area to be Treated	Recommended Rate DACTHAL W-75 TURF (lbs./A)	Amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF to Apply (fl. ozs.)	Struck-off (level) Tablespoons
1,000 sq. ft. (from 1 to 2 gallons of water should be used to spray 1,000 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 (heavy soil) 8 to 10 (medium soil) 6 (sandy soil)	4.4 to 5.1 2.9 to 3.7 2.2	33 to 38 22 to 28 17
250 sq. ft. (from 1/4 to gallon of water should be used to spray 250 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 (heavy soil) 8 to 10 (medium soil) 6 (sandy soil)	1.1 to 1.3 0.7 to 0.9 0.55	8 1/4 to 9 1/2 5 1/2 to 7 4 1/4

NOTE: In treating small areas it is important to use care in measuring out required quantity for area to be treated, properly mixing it in water and keeping it adequately agitated during application.

Application and Calibration Techniques for Sprinkler Irrigation

Apply DACTHAL W-75 TURF only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, solid set or portable (side roll, end tow or hand move) irrigation systems. DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

DO NOT apply this product through irrigation systems connected to a public water system. "Public water system" means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

Always inject DACTHAL W-75 TURF into irrigation water after it discharges from the irrigation pump and after it passes through the check valve. Never inject pesticides into the intake line of the suction side of the pump.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Spray mixture in the chemical supply tank must be agitated at all times, otherwise settling and uneven application may occur.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF may be used through two basic types of sprinkler irrigation systems as outlined in Sections A and B below. Determine which type of system is in place, then refer to the appropriate directions provided for each type. The tank containing DACTHAL W-75 TURF must be equipped with effective mechanical agitation to keep the wettable powder in suspension. Premixing DACTHAL W-75 TURF as instructed under ground application will insure that a uniform suspension is obtained. The injection equipment which contains the DACTHAL W-75 TURF suspension should be connected to the discharge side of the irrigation pump or other pressurized equipment attached to the irrigation line.

A. Center Pivot and Motorized Lateral Move Irrigation Equipment

For injection of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a positive displacement injection pump, of either diaphragm or piston type, constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of injection at pressures approximately 2-3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems.

Fill chemical supply tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete revolution or run across the field, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage covered. Thoroughly mix recommended amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 TURF has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

B. Solid Set and Portable (Side Roll, End Tow or Hand Move) Irrigation Equipment

Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over a 30 to 45-minute period. Mix desired amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF for acreage to be covered into quantity of water used during calibration and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used for amount of time established during calibration. DACTHAL W-75 TURF can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 TURF has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

Storage: Store in a dry place.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty bag into application equipment. When completely empty, offer for recycling or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants (a) that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label; and (b) that the directions, warnings, and other statements on this label are based upon responsible experts' evaluations of reasonable tests of effectiveness, of toxicity to laboratory animals and to plants and residues on food crops, and upon reports of field experience. Tests have not been made on all varieties of food crops and plants, or in all states or under all conditions. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT CONTRARY TO LABEL INSTRUCTIONS, OR UNDER CONDITIONS NOT REASONABLY FORESEEABLE.

THERE ARE NO EXPRESS WARRANTIES OTHER THAN THOSE SET FORTH HEREIN. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS, NOR DOES IT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE, TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND IT EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY WARRANTY OF QUALITY OR PERFORMANCE. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO, AND THE BUYER SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR, ANY AND ALL LOSS OR DAMAGE WHICH RESULTS FROM THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ANY MANNER WHICH IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS, WARNINGS OR CAUTIONS.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW BUYER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, DAMAGES, OR INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER OR NOT BASED IN TORT, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED, AT THE MANUFACTURER'S OPTION, TO REPLACEMENT OF, OR THE REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR, THE QUANTITY OF PRODUCT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH DAMAGES ARE CLAIMED. IN NO EVENT, SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

AMVAC offers this product, and Buyer accepts it, subject to the foregoing Limited Warranty which may be varied only by agreement in writing signed by an authorized representative of AMVAC.

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AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court, Suite 1200
Newport Beach, CA 92660

Attachment Email 4 to March 25, 2022 Email

From: Wood, Jon
Sent: Friday, August 23, 2019 4:45 PM
To: 'Meadows, Sarah'
Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491
Attachments: 487-20180110 Dacthal Flowable_20190822 REDLINE.pdf; 487-20180110 Dacthal Flowable_20190822.pdf; 490-20180110 Dacthal W-75_DFU Amend_20190822 REDLINE.pdf; 490-20180110 Dacthal W-75_DFU Amend_20190822.pdf; 491-20180110 Dacthal W-75 TURF_DFU Amend_20190822 REDLINE.pdf; 491-20180110 Dacthal W-75 TURF_DFU Amend_20190822.pdf

Hi Sarah,

Attached please find both a blackline (for stamping) and a REDLINE (highlighted to show changes since last version) for each of the 3 Dacthal end-use labels. I hope we adequately addressed all of your comments, but please don't hesitate to contact me if further clarification is needed.

Thanks again for your efforts with these labels!

Best regards,

Jon

Office: (949) 221-6109

Mobile: (714) 651-7541



From: Wood, Jon
Sent: Friday, August 16, 2019 4:20 PM
To: Meadows, Sarah <Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>
Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hi Sarah,

I just wanted to let you know that I am seeking confirmation of a couple of items from my Product Development manager and expect to have these back into you by the end of next week latest. Thanks for your patience!

Have a great weekend!

Jon

Office: (949) 221-6109

Mobile: (714) 651-7541



From: Meadows, Sarah <Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>
Sent: Friday, August 9, 2019 12:37 PM

To: Wood, Jon <JonW@amvac.com>

Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hi, Jon. Thanks for your resubmissions. I found just a few more things we'll need you to revise before stamping these labels. I have attached our edits here.

Thanks,

Sarah

From: Meadows, Sarah

Sent: Friday, August 09, 2019 1:48 PM

To: 'Wood, Jon' <JonW@amvac-chemical.com>

Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hi, Jon. I hope you haven't started making changes to the label yet. I found some more areas that need tweaking. Sorry for the confusion. Please hold off on editing 5481-487 for now. I'll send you all three labels with our comments in one email.

Thanks,

Sarah

From: Meadows, Sarah

Sent: Thursday, August 08, 2019 4:45 PM

To: Wood, Jon <JonW@amvac-chemical.com>

Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hi, Jon. I reviewed your changes on 5481-487. I did have one comment/question. Please see the attached label and address this comment when you can.

Thanks,

Sarah

From: Wood, Jon <JonW@amvac-chemical.com>

Sent: Monday, March 11, 2019 6:30 PM

To: Meadows, Sarah <Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>

Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hi Sarah,

Please find attached the three subject Dacthal labels that have been revised to address your comments from last year. I must apologize for grossly underestimating the time and not delivering on my promise to get these labels to you in February! However, the extra time was useful as we seized the opportunity to have our technical managers review the labels, which led to a few additional corrections and format changes that add clarity to the Directions For Use language and ultimately improve communication with the end users of these products.

Note that the attached labels only reflect the final result of the changes (i.e., blackline), but I can easily provide colorful REDLINE versions or simply walk through changes with you on the phone to assist with your review if needed.

Thank you for your patience and consideration of these amendments and please don't hesitate to contact me if further clarification is needed.

Best regards,

Jon

Jon C. Wood
Sr. Regulatory Manager
AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court
Suite 1200
Newport Beach, CA 92660
Office: (949) 221-6109
Mobile: (714) 651-7541



From: Wood, Jon
Sent: Thursday, February 21, 2019 10:53 AM
To: 'Meadows, Sarah' <Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>
Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hi Sarah,

I just wanted to let you know that these labels (no REDLINE copies) will be coming in to you next week. I apologize for the delays and I hope you're not buried in snow! ☺

Best regards,

Jon

Jon C. Wood
Sr. Regulatory Manager
AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court
Suite 1200
Newport Beach, CA 92660
Office: (949) 221-6109
Mobile: (714) 651-7541



From: Meadows, Sarah <Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>
Sent: Friday, February 8, 2019 8:11 AM
To: Wood, Jon <JonW@amvac-chemical.com>
Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hi, Jon. Thanks for the kind words. No need to send redlined copies. Please just submit clean pdfs.

Thanks,

Sarah

From: Wood, Jon <JonW@amvac-chemical.com>
Sent: Tuesday, January 08, 2019 1:20 PM
To: Meadows, Sarah <Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>
Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hi Sarah -

Welcome to 2019 and I hope the shutdown hasn't been a burden for you!

Thank you for confirming your continued role with the DCPA label reviews. By the end of this week I intend to send REDLINE labels back to you that will *only* highlight the changes since our last exchange below (27-Aug-2018). I hope that approach will make your review easier, but if you would like the labels to show *all* changes from currently registered (which would be very colorful of course) I can do that— just let me know what works best for you.

Best regards,

Jon

Office: (949) 221-6109
Mobile: (714) 651-7541

From: Meadows, Sarah <Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>
Sent: Friday, December 28, 2018 12:08 PM
To: Wood, Jon <JonW@amvac-chemical.com>
Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hi, Jon. I am still the contact for this chemical. Go ahead and send me your revised labels when you can.

Thanks,

Sarah

From: Meadows, Sarah
Sent: Monday, August 27, 2018 12:30 PM
To: Wood, Jon <JonW@amvac-chemical.com>
Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hello, Jon. Please see the attachments for our label comments. Let me know if you have any questions.

Thanks,

Sarah

From: Wood, Jon [<mailto:JonW@amvac-chemical.com>]
Sent: Friday, August 24, 2018 3:15 PM

To: Meadows, Sarah <Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>

Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hi Sarah,

No worries - I have been distracted with other projects of late too!

Thank you for pointing out this labeling inconsistency. The formulation for these two products is identical, with differences only in use sites (i.e., 5481-490 used on crops, 5481-491 used on Turf). Therefore, since application rates and methods are somewhat similar as well, we believe both labels should include the respirator PPE statement as it appears on 5481-490. Please include with your next round of comments.

Thanks again and have a great weekend!

Best regards,

Jon

Office: (949) 221-6109

Mobile: (714) 651-7541

From: Meadows, Sarah <Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>

Sent: Thursday, August 23, 2018 7:24 AM

To: Wood, Jon <JonW@amvac-chemical.com>

Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hi, Jon. I apologize for the delay on these labels.

I have one question before I send you our label edits. I am doing some digging into the original tox reviews, but thought you may be able to help me speed up the process. We noticed that 5481-490 and 5481-491 are both 75% DCPA wettable powder products, but only one of the labels requires a respirator. Can you help me figure out why this is?

Thanks,

Sarah

From: Wood, Jon [<mailto:JonW@amvac-chemical.com>]

Sent: Wednesday, January 24, 2018 5:14 PM

To: Meadows, Sarah <Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>

Subject: FW: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hi Sarah,

After conferring with my technical experts from our Product Development and Commercial teams, we can offer the following additional information as justification for the minor revision to the proposed Dacthal Flowable (5481-487) label (i.e., broadcast applications on crops other than just onions). These California-only restrictions have been carried on Dacthal labeling since the 1980's and should be adjusted to better reflect current agricultural practices.

Please consider the following as justification for these changes -

- Economics - growers face many problems including input costs and labor shortages. Labor for hand-weeding is no longer practical as these workers have become expensive and in short supply. Hand-weeding produces lower yields because it injures and disrupts the small and shallow root system of onions, making chemical alternative to weed control more desirable.
- Many growers in California's Imperial and Riverside counties grow onions and have observed excellent weed control with Dacthal for years. The larger growers produce crops in both Arizona and California in order to provide year-round availability. Growers in other states (outside California) have seen excellent results from broadcast applications of Dacthal and they've been able to eliminate most hand labor for weeding.
- Volatilization/drift - Potential for drift was reduced with the shift from the Wettable Powder formulation to the current Flowable formulation.
- The vapor pressure of DCPA is 3.33×10^{-4} Pa @ 25C. This value is considered "volatile" but actual off-site movement (drift) and volatility has not been observed with broadcast applications of Dacthal Flowable for weed control in onions. This would certainly be expected to hold true for other crops as well.
- No injury has been observed to non-target plants. Here are some factors that can explain this—
 - High use rate of DCPA (4.5 to 10.5 lb ai/A) required for adequate weed control would suggest that any off-site movement would be at much lower concentration resulting in no observable (phytotoxic) affect.
 - The mitotic inhibition mode of action of DCPA only affects susceptible germinating species. Drift, if any, would be at much lower concentration and would not interfere with the germination process of other plants.
 - DCPA is NOT absorbed by foliage and NOT translocated in the plant preventing accumulation of DCPA in the plant.
 - The Koc (binding of active ingredient to organic carbon in soil) is high (5,000 mL/g) resulting in significant binding of the DCPA active ingredient to soil components. This will aid to some degree in reducing drift from volatility. The Herbicide Handbook published by the Weed Science Society of America lists DCPA volatilization from soil as "negligible".
- Inadvertent tolerances -- The likelihood of drift occurring at levels to exceed tolerances is low. Inadvertent tolerances are established at 40CFR 180.185(d) for many crops that grow adjacent to onions and exceedances have not been observed.

Thanks, and let me know if you have questions or need further clarification.

Best regards,

Jon

Jon C. Wood
Sr. Regulatory Manager
AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court

Suite 1200
Newport Beach, CA 92660
Office: (949) 221-6109
Fax: (949) 221-6159
Mobile: (714) 651-7541

From: Wood, Jon
Sent: Friday, January 19, 2018 8:50 AM
To: 'Meadows, Sarah' <Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>
Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hi Sarah,

I have reached out to my field rep for this and will be back to you asap - thanks! Jon

From: Meadows, Sarah [<mailto:Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>]
Sent: Wednesday, January 17, 2018 12:57 PM
To: Wood, Jon <JonW@amvac-chemical.com>
Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hello, Jon. Can you send me some justification for the additional changes to the label for 5481-487?

Thanks,

Sarah

From: Wood, Jon [<mailto:JonW@amvac-chemical.com>]
Sent: Tuesday, January 16, 2018 11:52 AM
To: Meadows, Sarah <Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>
Subject: RE: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hi Sarah,

Following up on our phone call last week, please find Dacthal end-use labeling attached --

1. Dacthal Flowable Herbicide (5481-487) - Thank you for considering additional changes beyond the label originally submitted in June 2017 [Ref. No. [487-20170605](#)]
 - a. Clean pdf of label submitted here as *replacement* for label submitted June 2017 [Ref. No. [487-20180110](#)]
 - b. REDLINE of above replacement label highlighting all changes to currently registered label [Ref. No. [487-20180110 REDLINE](#)]
2. Dacthal W-75 Agricultural Herbicide (5481-490) -
 - a. Clean pdf of label submitted June 2017 [Ref. No. [490-20170605](#)]
3. Dacthal W-75 Turf (5481-491) -
 - a. Clean pdf of label submitted June 2017 [Ref. No. [491-20170605](#)]

NOTE: I did not take this opportunity to update these end-use herbicide labels per FRAC Resistance language (PR Notices 2017-1 and 2017-2). However, if you would prefer I do so at this time then let me know as such changes can be returned to you very quickly.

Let me know if you have questions or need further clarification.

Best regards,

Jon

Jon C. Wood
AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court
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Newport Beach, CA 92660
Office: (949) 221-6109
Fax: (949) 221-6159
Mobile: (714) 651-7541

From: Meadows, Sarah [<mailto:Meadows.Sarah@epa.gov>]
Sent: Wednesday, December 20, 2017 11:25 AM
To: Wood, Jon <JonW@amvac-chemical.com>
Subject: EPA Registration Numbers 5481-487, -490, -491

Hello, Mr. Wood. I've been assigned the review of the labels you submitted for these three products in June. I apologize for the delay. Please send me a PDF of the three proposed labels when you can.

Thanks,

Sarah

Sarah True Meadows, PhD
US Environmental Protection Agency
Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division - Herbicide Branch
(703) 347-0505
meadows.sarah@epa.gov

Attachment A to Attachment Email 4 (August 23, 2019)

DACTHAL® W-75 Turf

Turf Care® Turf & Ornamental Herbicide (75% Wettable Powder)

DCPA	GROUP	3	HERBICIDE
------	-------	----------	-----------

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	By Wt.
DCPA (dimethyl tetrachloroterephthalate)	75.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	25.0%
Total	100.0%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
EMERGENCY INFORMATION	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. FOLLOWING EMERGENCIES, PHONE 24 HOURS A DAY: For Medical Emergencies phone1-888-681-4261 For Transportation Emergencies, including spill, leak or fire, phone: CHEMTREC®1-800-424-9300 For Product Use Information phone: AMVAC®1-888-462-6822	

SEE SIDE [BACK] [INSIDE] PANEL [BOOKLET] FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

EPA Reg. No. 5481-491

EPA Est. No. _____
NET CONTENTS: _____



AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court, Suite 1200
Newport Beach, CA 92660 U.S.A

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes and socks
- A minimum of a NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved powered air-purifying respirator with a HE filter.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems, or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment wastewater.

DACTHAL® W-75 Turf is a Selective Preemergence Herbicide for Non-Residential Nurseries and Ornamental Turf Management.

Read entire label carefully and use only as directed.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is a 75 percent wettable powder formulation for use in pre-emergence application for control of crabgrass and other annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds on mineral soils in ornamental turf and nursery stock. DACTHAL W-75 TURF may also be used in post-emergence application for the control of creeping speedwell.

The weeds in the following table are grouped according to their susceptibility to DACTHAL W-75 TURF

Susceptibility	Weeds
Susceptible (controlled at specified rates)	common lambsquarters, smooth crabgrass, large crabgrass, lovegrass, carpetweed, witchgrass, purslane, Florida pusley, yellow foxtail, green foxtail, common chickweed.
Moderately Susceptible (maximum rates required for effective control)	redroot pigweed, sandbur, dodder, barnyardgrass, goosegrass, browntop panicum, groundcherry, annual bluegrass, johnsongrass (from seed), nodding spurge, spotted spurge and prostrate spurge.
Tolerant	velvetleaf, common ragweed, johnsongrass (established from rhizomes), mustards, jimsonweed, galinsoga, smartweed, nutsedge.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

DO NOT APPLY IN SUFFOLK COUNTY, LONG ISLAND, NEW YORK.

Groundwater Advisory: Tetrachloroterephthalic acid, a breakdown product of DACTHAL, is known to leach through soil as a result of agricultural and turf uses and has been found in groundwater which may be used for drinking water. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL to sand and loamy sand soils where the water table (groundwater) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., well drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of groundwater used for drinking water.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks

Preparation and Application of the Spray: DACTHAL W-75 TURF should be thoroughly mixed in the spray tank with water to provide for broadcast application of at least 20 gallons of water per acre, depending on equipment and local practices. Adequate agitation should be maintained during filling and spraying to keep material in uniform suspension. Use nozzles suitable for applying wettable powders so that the spray can be uniformly distributed over turf or properly prepared soil surface. Any screen or strainer in spray equipment should be no finer than 50 mesh to prevent clogging. It is essential that the sprayer be properly calibrated before making applications. Standard low-pressure (30-50 psi) boom-type sprayers are recommended.

A minimum of one-fourth inch of water, either as rain or irrigation, is necessary to activate DACTHAL W-75 TURF and thereby obtain pre-emergence control of weeds specified. Normally, water must be applied within 3 to 5 days of application if sufficient rainfall does not occur. However, when surface soil is dry but subsurface soil contains enough moisture to germinate weeds, water must be applied immediately.

Off-Site Movement Under California Growing Conditions: Current research indicates a propensity for off-site movement of certain soil-applied pesticides in California's unique growing conditions. Pesticides, such as DACTHAL, may be moved off-site through a process called co-distillation. This phenomenon has been shown to occur where bare soil is treated (crops not present) and the soil surface is very hot. The pesticides, though not highly volatile, appear to be carried from the soil surface with water molecules during rapid evaporation that occurs immediately after irrigation. Banding applications of pre-emergence herbicides, such as DCPA, significantly reduces the potential for off-site movement by reducing the amount of product used to treat a given crop area.

Ornamental Turf: Application at the rate of 14 lbs. of DACTHAL W-75 TURF in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1 pound in 3 to 7 gallons of water per 3,000 sq. ft.) gives excellent control of crabgrass and other weeds as listed on this label. In California, water DACTHAL W-75 TURF applications to turf within 4 hours with 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water by irrigation.

One application applied in early spring before weed seed germination usually provides season long control. Crabgrass seed germination usually coincides with the time when Forsythia blossoms start to fall. In areas which commonly experience stands of late-germinating crabgrass and other annual weedy grasses, a second application at half the regular rate can be safely made two months after the first application.

In order to control annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) and other erratic or late-germinating grasses and weeds in northern states, a late summer or early fall application before weed seed germination of 20 pounds of DACTHAL W-75 TURF in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1/2 pound in 1 to 2 gallons of water per 1,000 sq. ft.) should supplement the early spring application. Earlier applications are required in Southern States. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialist for date *Poa annua* seed germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.

Early spring application of DACTHAL W-75 TURF may be made to new turfgrass seedlings after the grasses have exhibited a uniform greening of the newly sprouted grass, preferably when 1 to 2 inches in height. Such DACTHAL W-75 TURF application gives control of crabgrass without injury to newly-emerged grass. Fall sowing of permanent grasses can follow early spring application of DACTHAL W-75 TURF.

Where some spring seeding is necessary, there should be a delay of approximately 60 days after the application of most pre-emergence herbicides, including DACTHAL W-75 TURF. This delay increases the survival of desirable grasses.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is not recommended for use on putting greens.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is not recommended for use on bentgrasses mowed at putting green height.

DO NOT feed treated foliage to livestock or graze treated areas.

For control of creeping speedwell (*Veronica filiformis*), apply 16 pounds of DACTHAL W-75 TURF in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre as a post-emergence spray when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously. Spring or early fall applications are usually suitable, provided temperatures are between 65° and 90°F, and there is ample soil moisture. Thorough coverage is essential. Delayed control of creeping speedwell is to be expected. Foliage turns darker green following application and remains so for about 30 days when leaves curl and the plant dies.

For Use on Ornamental Turf

For Use on Turf	To Control	When to Apply	Rate of DACTHAL W-75 TURF (per acre)	Remarks
Established Turf	Crabgrass	Early spring, before crabgrass and other spring annual weed seeds germinate.	14 lbs. or 1 lb. /3 to 7 gals. /3,000 sq. ft. Do not apply more than 21 lbs. /Acre per year.	Apply when Forsythia blossoms. A second application at half the specified rate may be made 60 days after the first application if necessary.
	Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa annua</i>)	Late summer or early fall in Northern states before weed seed germination. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension weed specialist for date <i>Poa annua</i> germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.	20 lbs. or 0.45 lb. /1 to 2 gals. /1,000 sq. ft. Do not apply more than 34 lbs. /Acre per year.	Do not apply for 60 days following an early spring application for crabgrass control.

	Creeping Speedwell (<i>Veronica filiformis</i>)	As a post-emergence spray in spring or early fall when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously, there is ample soil moisture and temperature is between 70° and 90°F.	16 lbs. or 1/3 lb. /1 to 2 gals. /1,000 sq. ft.	Apply spray to obtain thorough coverage of foliage. Delayed control of creeping speedwell, approximately 30 days, is to be expected and will be noticed first by a gradual loss of color and vigor.
	Spotted Spurge or Prostrate Spurge (<i>Euphorbia maculata, E. supina</i>)	Mid-April or before seed germination of annual weeds. Repeat applications in 6 to 8 weeks.	14 to 16 lbs. or 5 to 6 ozs. / 1 to 2 gals. /1,000 sq. ft. Do not apply more than 32 lbs. /Acre per year.	Apply first application before germination of annual weed seeds, such as crabgrass. Repeat application at the same rate 6 to 8 weeks later. In addition to control of spotted spurge or prostrate spurge, crabgrass control is also obtained
Newly-seeded turf	Crabgrass	After new turfgrass seedlings have exhibited a greening of the newly-sprouted grass (about 1 to 2 inches high).	14 lbs. or 1 lb. /3 to 7 gals. /3,000 sq. ft.	Allows crabgrass control without injury to the new turf.

CAUTION: After DACTHAL W-75 TURF treatment, wait approximately 60 days before any new seeding is undertaken. DO NOT use on Dichondra.

See precautions for bentgrass before using on this species.

Nursery Stock: DACTHAL W-75 TURF can be applied to a wide range of nursery stock at the rate of 14 to 16 pounds in 50 to 100 gallons of water per acre of area treated (1 pound in 3 to 7 gallons of water/3,000 square feet). One repeat application at the same rate may be applied 60 days after first application. When repeat application is necessary, do not apply more than 32 lbs. DACTHAL W-75 TURF per acre per year.

Applications should be made to soil recently cultivated to a uniform texture. These can be made immediately following lining-out of stock. With established plantings, application should be made following proper cultivation to remove existing weeds. Where possible, this should be done early in the spring. Late summer application may prove beneficial for control of fall germinating weeds, if made following cultivation. Weed control up to three months or more may be expected following proper application.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is specifically recommended for weed control with the following:

Abelia	Feverfew	Nasturtium
Ageratum	Fir	Oak
Alyssum	Forget-Me-Not	Orpine
Andromeda, Jap.	Forsythia	Pachistima
Arborvitae	Four-O'Clock	Pachysandra
Ash	Foxglove	Peony
Aster	Gaillardia	Petunia
Azalea	Geranium	Pine
Babysbreath	Gladiolus	Pittosporum
Barberry	Golddust	Podocarpus
Bellflower	Goldentuft	Poker Plant
Birch	Gum	Poplar
Bleedingheart	Hawthorn	Privet
Bloodleaf	Heath, Pink	Privet, variegated

Boxwood	Holly	Redbud
Bugloss	Hydrangea	Rhododendron
Camellia	Honeysuckle	Rose
Candytufts	Iris	Russian Olive
	Ivy, Baltic	Sage, Scarlet
Chrysanthemum	Ivy, Boston	Snapdragon
Cinquefoil	Ivy, English	Spiderwort, Va.
Coleus	Ivy, Wilson	Spirea
Columbine	Juniper	Spruce
Coneflower, Purple	Lantana	Stonecrop
Coreopsis	Larkspur, Candle	Strawflower
Coralbells	Lavendercotton	Sundrops
Cosmos	Lilac	Sunflower
Cotoneaster	Lily	Sweet Pea
Cottonwood	Locust	Sycamore
	Lupine	Tree Peony
Cuphea	Magnolia	Tulip Tree
Cypress	Maple	Viburnum
Dahlia	Marguerite, Golden	Violet, African
Delphinium	Marigold	
Deutzia	Mockorange	Weigela
Dogwood	Morningglory	Willow
Elaeagnus	Moss, Rose	Wormwood
Elm	Mother-of-Thyme	Yarrow, Fernleaf
Euonymus	Mountain Laurel	Yew
Evening Primrose	Mourning Bride	Zinnia

DO NOT use on the following plants:

Bugleweed	Germander	Sweet William
Button Pink	Mesembryant	Telantha
Carnation	Pansy	
Geum	Phlox	

Amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF to Use in Treating Small Areas			
Area to be Treated	Rate DACTHAL W-75 TURF (lbs./A)	Amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF to Apply (ozs.)	Struck-off (level) Tablespoons
1,000 sq. ft. (from 1 to 2 gallons of water should be used to spray 1,000 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 (heavy soil) 8 to 10 (medium soil) 6 (sandy soil)	4.4 to 5.1 2.9 to 3.7 2.2	33 to 38 22 to 28 17
250 sq. ft. (from 1/4 to gallon of water should be used to spray 250 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 (heavy soil) 8 to 10 (medium soil) 6 (sandy soil)	1.1 to 1.3 0.7 to 0.9 0.55	8 1/4 to 9 1/2 5 1/2 to 7 4 1/4

NOTE: In treating small areas it is important to use care in measuring out required quantity for area to be treated, properly mixing it in water and keeping it adequately agitated during application.

Application and Calibration Techniques for Sprinkler Irrigation

Apply DACTHAL W-75 TURF only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, solid set or portable (side roll, end tow or hand move) irrigation systems. DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

DO NOT apply this product through irrigation systems connected to a public water system. "Public water system" means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

Always inject DACTHAL W-75 TURF into irrigation water after it discharges from the irrigation pump and after it passes through the check valve. Never inject pesticides into the intake line of the suction side of the pump.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Spray mixture in the chemical supply tank must be agitated at all times, otherwise settling and uneven application may occur.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF may be used through two basic types of sprinkler irrigation systems as outlined in Sections A and B below. Determine which type of system is in place, then refer to the appropriate directions provided for each type. The tank containing DACTHAL W-75 TURF must be equipped with effective mechanical agitation to keep the wettable powder in suspension. Premixing DACTHAL W-75 TURF as instructed under ground application will insure that a uniform suspension is obtained. The injection equipment which contains the DACTHAL W-75 TURF suspension should be connected to the discharge side of the irrigation pump or other pressurized equipment attached to the irrigation line.

A. Center Pivot and Motorized Lateral Move Irrigation Equipment

For injection of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a positive displacement injection pump, of either diaphragm or piston type, constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of injection at pressures approximately 2-3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems.

Fill chemical supply tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete revolution or run across the field, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage covered. Thoroughly mix specified amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 TURF has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

B. Solid Set and Portable (Side Roll, End Tow or Hand Move) Irrigation Equipment

Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over a 30 to 45-minute period. Mix desired amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF for acreage to be covered into quantity of water used during calibration and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used for amount of time established during calibration. DACTHAL W-75 TURF can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 TURF has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

Storage: Store in a dry place.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty bag into application equipment. When completely empty, offer for recycling or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants (a) that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label; and (b) that the directions, warnings, and other statements on this label are based upon responsible experts' evaluations of reasonable tests of effectiveness, of toxicity to laboratory animals and to plants and residues on food crops, and upon reports of field experience. Tests have not been made on all varieties of food crops and plants, or in all states or under all conditions. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT CONTRARY TO LABEL INSTRUCTIONS, OR UNDER CONDITIONS NOT REASONABLY FORESEEABLE.

THERE ARE NO EXPRESS WARRANTIES OTHER THAN THOSE SET FORTH HEREIN. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS, NOR DOES IT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE, TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND IT EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY WARRANTY OF QUALITY OR PERFORMANCE. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO, AND THE BUYER SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR, ANY AND ALL LOSS OR DAMAGE WHICH RESULTS FROM THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ANY MANNER WHICH IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS, WARNINGS OR CAUTIONS.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW BUYER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, DAMAGES, OR INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER OR NOT BASED IN TORT, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED, AT THE MANUFACTURER'S OPTION, TO REPLACEMENT OF, OR THE REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR, THE QUANTITY OF PRODUCT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH DAMAGES ARE CLAIMED. IN NO EVENT, SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

AMVAC offers this product, and Buyer accepts it, subject to the foregoing Limited Warranty which may be varied only by agreement in writing signed by an authorized representative of AMVAC.

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AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court, Suite 1200
Newport Beach, CA 92660

Attachment B to Attachment Email 4 (August 23, 2019)

DACTHAL® FLOWABLE HERBICIDE

(ABN - DACTHAL T&O)

DCPA	GROUP	3	HERBICIDE
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AGRICULTURAL HERBICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	By Wt.
DCPA (dimethyl tetrachloroterephthalate)	54.9%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	45.1%
Total	100.0%

Contains 6 lbs. DCPA per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
EMERGENCY INFORMATION	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. FOR THE FOLLOWING EMERGENCIES, PHONE 24 HOURS A DAY: For Medical Emergencies phone1-888-681-4261 For Transportation Emergencies, including spill, leak or fire, phone: CHEMTREC®1-800-424-9300 For Product Use Information phone: AMVAC®1-888-462-6822	

SEE SIDE [BACK] [INSIDE] PANEL [BOOKLET] FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

EPA Reg. No. 5481-487

EPA Est. No. _____
NET CONTENTS: _____



AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court, Suite 1200
Newport Beach, CA 92660 U.S.A

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Waterproof gloves,
- Shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs, in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment wastewater.

Groundwater Advisory: Tetrachloroterephthalic acid, a breakdown product of DACTHAL FLOWABLE is known to leach through soil as a result of agricultural and turf uses and has been found in groundwater which may be used for drinking water. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE to sand and loamy sand soils where the water table (groundwater) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., well drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of groundwater used for drinking water.

Surface Water Advisory: DCPA can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, DCPA may also have a high potential to contaminate surface water through runoff (via both dissolution in runoff water and adsorption to eroding soil) for several weeks post-application. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE to poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible sloping towards adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas over-laying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and highly erodible soils.

Read entire label carefully and use only as directed.

Product Information

DACTHAL® Flowable Herbicide is a flowable formulation for use in pre-emergence application for control of crabgrass and other annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds on mineral soils in vegetables, strawberries, agronomic crops, ornamental, turf, and nursery stock and as a post-emergence application for control of creeping speedwell (*Veronica filiformis*).

[Note to reviewer: optional marketing language]

DACTHAL® Flowable Herbicide --

- is compatible with liquid nitrogen fertilizers commonly used by the lawn care industry.
- provides broad-spectrum weed control with high crop tolerance.
- controls more than 30 grasses and broadleaf weeds.
- eliminates the need for hand weeding and reduces labor costs.

- *active ingredient works by inhibition of the weed's microtubule assembly with no known herbicide resistance.*
- *active ingredient prevents root and shoot growth in susceptible weeds such that weeds do not emerge, and those that do may be stunted and may die later.*
- *single pre-emergent application prevents early weed competition and allows for vigorous growth of young vegetable crops.*
- *provides an excellent foundation for season-long weed control, lasting as long as 90 days in many specialty crops, and often negates the need for further herbicide applications.*

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

This product is not for sale, use or distribution in Suffolk and Nassau County, Long Island, New York.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. Exception: If the product is soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks

Preparation and Application of the Spray: Mix DACTHAL FLOWABLE thoroughly in the spray tank with water to provide for broadcast application of at least 20 gallons of water per acre, depending on equipment and local practices. Adequate agitation must be maintained during filling and spraying to keep material in uniform suspension. Use nozzles suitable for applying wettable powders so that the spray can be uniformly distributed over the properly prepared soil surface. Any screen or strainer in spray equipment must be no finer than 50 mesh to prevent clogging. It is essential that the sprayer be properly calibrated before making applications. Standard low-pressure (30-50 psi) boom-type sprayers are recommended.

A minimum of one-third to one-half inch of water, either as rain or irrigation, is necessary to activate DACTHAL FLOWABLE and thereby obtain preemergence control of weeds specified. Normally, water must be applied within 3 to 5 days of application if sufficient rainfall does not occur. However, when surface soil is dry but subsurface soil contains enough moisture to germinate weeds, water must be applied immediately. If furrow irrigation is used, the top of the bed must be thoroughly wet. If rainfall during this period does not occur and irrigation cannot be made, shallow incorporation, when ~~recommended~~**directed**, will aid in weed control.

INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure: Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of Nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Avoid application below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

DO NOT apply during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small, suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Soil Preparation: Prior to making application, the soil should be cultivated to provide a weed-free and uniform surface since DACTHAL FLOWABLE herbicide is effective only when applied before weed seed germination occurs. Unless incorporated, DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be applied within two to three days following cultivation, to prevent subsurface germinating weeds from becoming established. When cultivating between rows, use shields on cultivator to prevent untreated soil from covering treated bands. Cultural practices, such as forming crop beds, should be completed prior to DACTHAL FLOWABLE application in order to avoid exposing untreated soil in the bottom of the furrow and concentrating the sprayed soil within the bed.

Soil Incorporation: DO NOT incorporate deeper than 2 inches. Shallow soil incorporation, when ~~recommended~~directed (see specific crop ~~recommendation~~directions), often gives more consistent results. Depending on crop and time of application, several incorporation methods may be used.

Preplant Incorporation: This type of incorporation often provides better weed control on irrigated land, and also on non-irrigated land when dry weather is anticipated following planting. When ~~recommended~~directed, DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed on the soil surface and then incorporated into the soil using a disc harrow or related tillage equipment. To insure complete incorporation, double disc in two directions. For incorporating banded treatments, hooded-power driven rotary tillers or ground tillers are essential.

Delayed Preemergent Incorporation: For crops where preplant incorporation can be used (see specific crop ~~recommendation~~directions). Incorporation at this time should be used when adequate rainfall or irrigation is not available within 3 to 5 days after planting. Lightly incorporate (to 1 inch deep) with drag harrow, rotary hoe or other suitable tillage equipment.

Layby Incorporation: (Just prior to stage when plant growth would prevent further cultivation). Cultivate soil to remove established weeds. Apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE over top of foliage and lightly incorporate with suitable equipment.

Off-Site Movement Under California Growing Conditions: Current research indicates a propensity for off-site movement of certain soil-applied pesticides in California's unique growing conditions. Pesticides, such as DACTHAL FLOWABLE, may be moved off-site through a process called co-distillation. This phenomenon has been shown to occur where bare soil is treated (crops not present) and the soil surface is very hot. The pesticides, though not highly volatile, appear to be carried from the soil surface with water molecules during rapid evaporation that occurs immediately after irrigation. Banding applications of preemergence herbicides, such as DACTHAL FLOWABLE, significantly reduces the potential for off-site movement by reducing the amount of product used to treat a given crop area.

Weed Control Spectrum

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is a preemergence herbicide which provides effective control of annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds. The following weeds are grouped according to their susceptibility to DACTHAL FLOWABLE:

Susceptible Weeds

Controlled at Lowest ~~Recommended~~-Labeled Rates for Each Soil Type

Carpetweed	Lovegrass
Chickweed, Common	Nettle, Burning
Crabgrass, Large	Pansy, Field
Crabgrass, Smooth	Purslane
Foxtail, Green	Pusley, Florida
Foxtail, Yellow	Witchgrass
Lambsquarters, Common	

Moderately Susceptible Weeds

Highest ~~Recommended~~-Labeled Rates for Each Soil Type Required for Effective Control

Barnyardgrass	Groundcherry
Bluegrass, Annual	Johnsongrass (from seed)
Cheeseweed (Malva parviflora)	Knotweed, Prostrate
Copperleaf, Rhombic	Nightshade, Black
Copperleaf, Virginia (three-seeded mercury)	Panicum, Brown Top
Dodder	Pigweed, Redroot
Deadnettle, Purple	Sandbur
Deadnettle, Spotted	Spurge, Nodding
Goosegrass	Spurge, Prostrate
	Spurge, Spotted

Difficult to Control Weeds

Commercially acceptable control of the following weeds may not always be obtained but weed populations will be suppressed when applied at the maximum-labeled rate, thus resulting in less competition with the emerging and growing crop.

Buckwheat, Wild	Panicum, Fall
Canarygrass, Littleseed	Panicum, Texas
Dock, Curly (from seed)	Polypogon, Rabbitfoot
Foxtail, Giant	Rocket, London
Goosefoot, Nettleleaf	Shepherdspurge
Henbit	Sowthistle, Annual
Knotweed, Silversheath	Vaseygrass
Ladysthumb	Witchweed

Weeds Not Controlled with DACTHAL FLOWABLE

Galinsoga	Nutsedge
Jimsonweed	Ragweed, Common

Johnsongrass (from rhizomes)
Mustards

Smartweed
Velvetleaf

Replanting: Replanting crops other than those included on this label in DACTHAL FLOWABLE treated soil within 8 months of application may result in crop injury. If replanting is required because of an early crop failure, the planting of onions, seeded cucurbits, potatoes, tomatoes, eggplants or peppers at this time may result in crop injury. However, all crops on this label may be planted following harvest of a DACTHAL FLOWABLE treated crop.

Ornamental Turf (such as Lawns [non residential], Golf Courses, Cemeteries, Athletic Fields, Parks, Sod Farms, and Institutional Areas where turf is grown): Application at the rate of 14 pts of DACTHAL FLOWABLE in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1 pint in 3 to 7 gallons of water per 3,000 sq. ft.) gives excellent control of crabgrass and other weeds as listed on this label. In California, Water DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications to turf within 4 hours with 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water by irrigation. One application applied in early spring before weed seed germination usually provides seasonal control. Crabgrass seed germination usually coincides with the time when Forsythia blossoms start to fall. In areas which commonly experience stands of late-germinating crabgrass and other annual weedy grasses, a second application at half the regular rate can be safely made 60 days after the first application.

In order to control annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) and other erratic or late-germinating grasses and weeds in northern states, a late summer or early fall application before weed seed germination of 20 pints of DACTHAL FLOWABLE in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1/2 pint in 3 to 7 gallons of water per 3,000 sq. ft.) should supplement the early spring application. Earlier applications are required in southern United States. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialist for date *Poa annua* seed germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.

Early spring application of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be made to new turfgrass seedlings after the grasses have exhibited a uniform greening of the newly sprouted grass, preferably when 1 to 2 inches in height. Such DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications give control of crabgrass without injury to newly-emerged grass. Fall sowing of permanent grasses can follow early spring application of DACTHAL FLOWABLE.

Where some spring seeding is necessary, there should be a delay of approximately 60 days after the application of most preemergence herbicides, including DACTHAL FLOWABLE. This delay increases the survival of desirable grasses.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is not recommended for use on putting greens.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is not recommended for use on bentgrasses mowed at putting green height. For control of creeping speedwell (*Veronica filiformis*), apply 16 pints of DACTHAL FLOWABLE in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre as a postemergence spray when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously. Spring or early fall applications are usually suitable, provided temperatures are between 65° and 90°F, and there is ample soil moisture. Thorough coverage is essential. Delayed control of creeping speedwell is to be expected and will be manifested first by a gradual loss of color and vigor.

For Use on Turf (non-residential)	To Control	When to Apply	Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE	Remarks
Established Turf	Crabgrass	Early spring, before crabgrass and other spring annual weed seeds germinate.	14 pts. /Acre or 1 pt. in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft. Do not apply more than 21 pts. /Acre per year.	Apply when Forsythia blossoms. A second application at half the recommended labeled rate may be made 60 days after the first application if necessary.
Established Turf	Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa annua</i>)	Late summer or early fall in Northern states before weed seed germination. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension weed specialist for date <i>Poa annua</i> germinates in your area and make application at	20 pts. /Acre or 1/2 pint in 3 to 7 gals. per 1,000 sq. ft. Do not apply more than 34 pts. /Acre per year.	Do not apply for 60 days following an early spring application for crabgrass control- (see above).

		least two weeks prior to this date.		
Established Turf	Creeping Speedwell (<i>Veronica filiformis</i>)	As a postemergence spray in spring or early fall when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously, there is ample soil moisture and temperature is between 65° and 90°F.	16 pts. /Acre or 18 fl. ozs. in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	Apply spray to obtain thorough coverage of foliage. Delayed control of creeping speedwell, approximately 30 days, is to be expected and will be noticed first by a gradual loss of color and vigor.
Established Turf	Spotted Spurge or Prostrate Spurge (<i>Euphorbia maculata</i> , <i>E. supina</i>)	Mid-April or before seed germination of annual weeds. Repeat applications in 6 to 8 weeks.	14 to 16 pts. /Acre or 15 to 18 fl. ozs. in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft. Do not apply more than 32 pts. /Acre per year.	Apply first application before germination of annual weed seeds, such as crabgrass. Repeat application at the same rate 6 to 8 weeks later. In addition to control of spotted spurge or prostrate spurge, crabgrass control is also obtained.
Newly seeded turf	Crabgrass	After new turfgrass seedlings have exhibited a greening of the newly-sprouted grass (about 1 to 2 inches high).	14 pts. /Acre or 1 pt. in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	Allows crabgrass control without injury to the new turf.

IMPORTANT: After DACTHAL FLOWABLE treatment, wait approximately 60 days before any new seeding is undertaken. DO NOT use on Dichondra. See [recommendations-directions](#) on bentgrass before using on this species.

Nursery Stock: DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be applied to a wide range of nursery stock at the rate of 14 to 16 pints to 100 gallons of water per acre of area treated (1 pint in 3 to 7 gallons of water per 3,000 sq. ft.). One repeat application at the same rate may be applied 60 days after first application. [When repeat application is necessary, do not apply more than 32 pints of DACTHAL FLOWABLE per acre per year.](#) Make applications to soil recently cultivated to a uniform texture. These can be made immediately following lining-out of stock. With established plantings, make application following proper cultivation to remove existing weeds. Where possible, this should be done early in the spring. Late summer application may prove beneficial for control of fall germinating weeds, if made following cultivation. Weed control up to three months or more may be expected following proper application.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is specifically recommended for weed control with the following:

Abelia	Fir	Nasturtium
Ageratum	Forget-Me-Not	Oak
Alyssum	Forsythia	Orpine
Andromeda, Jap.	Four-O’Clock	Pachistima
Arborvitae	Foxglove	Pachysandra
Ash	Gaillardia	Peony
Aster	Geranium	Petunia
Azalea	Gladiolus	Pine
Babysbreath	Golddust	Pittosporum
Barberry	Goldentuft	Podocarpus
Bellflower	Gum	Poker Plant
Birch	Hawthorn	Poplar
Bleedingheart	Heath, Pink	Privet
Bloodleaf	Holly	Privet, variegated
Boxwood	Honeysuckle	Redbud
Bugloss	Hydrangea	Rhododendron
Camellia	Iris	Rose
Candytufts	Ivy, Baltic	Russian Olive
Chrysanthemum	Ivy, Boston	Sage, Scarlet

Cinquefoil	Ivy, English	Snapdragon
Coleus	Ivy, Wilson	Spiderwort, Va.
Columbine	Juniper	Spirea
Coneflower, Purple	Lantana	Spruce
Coreopsis	Larkspur, Candle	Stonecrop
Coralbells	Lavendercotton	Strawflower
Cosmos	Lilac	Sundrops
Cotoneaster	Lily	Sunflower
Cottonwood	Locust	Sweet Pea
Cuphea	Lupine	Sycamore
Cypress	Magnolia	Tree Peony
Dahlia	Maple	Tulip Tree
Delphinium	Marguerite, Golden	Viburnum
Deutzia	Marigold	Violet, African
Dogwood	Mockorange	Weigela
Elaeagnus	Morningglory	Willow
Elm	Moss, Rose	Wormwood
Euonymus	Mother-of-Thyme	Yarrow, Fernleaf
Evening Primrose	Mountain Laurel	Yew
Feverfew	Mourning Bride	Zinnia

DO NOT use on the following plants:

Bugleweed	Mesembryanthemum
Button Pink	Pansy
Carnation	Phlox
Geum	Sweet William
Germander	Telanthera

Amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE to Use in Treating Small Areas		
Area to be Treated	Recommended-Rate DACTHAL FLOWABLE HERBICIDE (PTS./A)	Amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE HERBICIDE to Apply (fl. ozs.)
1,000 sq. ft. (from 1 to 2 gallons of water should be used to spray 1,000 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 (heavy soil)	4.4 to 5.1
	8 to 10 (medium soil)	2.9 to 3.7
	6 (sandy soil)	2.2
250 sq. ft. (from ¼ to ½ gallon of water should be used to spray 250 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 (heavy soil)	1.1 to 1.3
	8 to 10 (medium soil)	0.7 to 0.9
	6 (sandy soil)	0.6

NOTE: In treating small areas it is important to use care in measuring out required quantity for area to be treated, properly mixing it in water and keeping it adequately agitated during application.

Rates of application can be reduced by banding. See Conversion Chart.

CONVERSION CHART FOR DACTHAL FLOWABLE				
For a 12-inch band of spray, use this amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE per acre.				
Row Width (inches)	If overall rate is:			
	6 pts. Per acre	8 pts. Per acre	10 pts. Per acre	12 pts. Per acre
24	3 pts.	4 pts.	5 pts.	6 pts.

32	2-1/2 pts.	3 pts.	3-3/4 pts.	4-1/2 pts.
36	2 pts.	2-2/3 pts.	3-1/3 pts.	4 pts.
40	1-3/4 pts.	2-1/2 pts.	3 pts.	3-2/3 pts.

Special Precautions: DO NOT feed treated foliage to livestock or graze treated areas. Apply according to directions and under conditions favorable to good plant growth. DACTHAL FLOWABLE will not harm crops for which its use is **recommended** **directed**. *However, conditions such as high salt concentration, seeding disease, cold weather, deep planting, excessive moisture or drought may injure or weaken crops normally tolerant to DACTHAL FLOWABLE, thereby increasing the possibility of herbicide damage. Under any of these conditions, one or more of the following may result: delayed crop development, reduced yields or reduced quality.*

DCPA	GROUP	3	HERBICIDE
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Resistance-Management Recommendations

For resistance management, DACTHAL FLOWABLE is a Group 3 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to DACTHAL FLOWABLE and other Group 3 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of DACTHAL FLOWABLE or other Group 3 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields, and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact AMVAC at (888) 462-6822 or at AMVAC-chemical.com.

Recommendations

Any Application of DACTHAL FLOWABLE Must Be Made Prior to Weed Seed Germination

Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled: Apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE at rates of 6-14 pints/A depending on soil type and weeds to be controlled. **When repeat application is necessary, do not apply more than 28 pints of DACTHAL FLOWABLE per acre per year.**

The following table outlines ~~general recommendations~~ **rate specifications** for the use of DACTHAL FLOWABLE on various soil types. Apply the maximum rate for each soil type when moderately susceptible weeds are present. Specific directions for each for each crop should be consulted. **DACTHAL FLOWABLE should not be applied to certain crops under conditions of cool, wet weather when plants are not actively growing.** Refer to specific label directions for seeded melons, tomatoes, onions and eggplants for further details.

Soil Type	Organic Matter %	Broadcast Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE (PTS./A)
Light-sand or sandy loam	0 to 3	6 to 8
Medium-silt loam	0 to 3	8 to 10
Heavy-clay loam	0 to 3	10 to 14
Heavy-silt loam	3 to 5	12 to 14

Crops	When To Apply	Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE Per Acre	Remarks
Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cabbage and all other Brassica (cole) leafy vegetables in this crop group ¹	At seeding or transplanting	6 to 14 pts.	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application. Can be preplant incorporated.</p> <p>Broadcast applications permitted in California for crops in this group in certain counties, as listed below, from August through December. Due to potential for off-site movement through co-distillation and deposition on unlabeled crops, apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE as a band application to these crops in all counties with the following exception; During the period from August 1 through December 31, broadcast applications of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be made in the following counties: Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego and Imperial. A minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre should be used for broadcast applications. During the period from January 1 through July 31, DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications must be applied as a banded application in all counties.</p>
cantaloupe, honeydew, watermelons	When plants have 4-5 true leaves (see remarks)	6 to 14 pts.	<p>Apply only when plants have 4-5 true leaves, are well-established, and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. (If applied earlier than recommended and/or growing conditions are unfavorable, crop injury may result.) If weeds have emerged, crop should be cultivated and weeded prior to the DACTHAL FLOWABLE application. Incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.</p>
Collards, kale, mustard greens, turnips (greens and roots) including turnip greens (broccoli raab (raab, raab salad), hanover salad and turnip tops)	At seeding	6 to-14 pts.	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application. Can be preplant incorporated.</p> <p>Broadcast applications permitted in California, as listed below, for crops in this group in certain counties</p>

Crops	When To Apply	Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE Per Acre	Remarks
			<p>from August through December. Due to potential for off-site movement through co-distillation and deposition on unlabeled crops, Apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE as a band application to these crops in all counties with the following exception. During the period from August 1 through December 31, broadcast applications of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be made in the following counties: Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego and Imperial. A minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre should be used for broadcast applications. During the period from January 1 through July 31, DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications must be applied as a banded application in all counties.</p>
Horseradish	At planting	6 to -14 pts.	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. Preplant incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.</p>
<p>Onions [dry bulb onions, dry bulb shallots and green onions (green onions, leeks, spring onions or scallions, Japanese bunching onions, green shallots or green eschalots)]</p>	At seeding or transplanting and/or at layby	<p>6 to 14 pts . See above for rate and weeds controlled.</p> <p>In sandy loam soils, apply a maximum rate of 10 pints per acre.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 28 pts. /Acre per year.</p>	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on onions either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL FLOWABLE preemergence treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) up to 14 weeks after planting at rates up to 14 pintspts. per acre on any soil type. If weeds emerge prior to layby, the onions should be cultivated or weeded prior to application. Use ¼ inch of overhead irrigation to incorporate DACTHAL FLOWABLE into the soil. Where onion emergence is expected to be slow due to cold and wet soil conditions, delay application until seed begins to germinate to reduce the risk of crop injury. Preplant incorporation is not recommended for onions.</p> <p>Broadcast applications permitted in California for onions in certain counties from August through December. Due to potential for off-site movement through co-distillation and deposition on unlabeled crops, DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be applied as a band application to onions in all counties with the following exception. During the period from August 1 through December 31, broadcast applications of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be made in the following counties: Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego and Imperial. A minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre should be used for broadcast applications. During the period from January 1 through July 31, DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications should be applied as a banded application in all counties.</p>

Crops	When To Apply	Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE Per Acre	Remarks
Radish	At seeding or up to three-leaf stage	6 to 14 pts.	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application to permit uniform coverage of soil. Preplant incorporation not recommended. DO NOT graze on treated areas or feed plant refuse to livestock. DO NOT harvest within 25 days of application.</p> <p>Based upon available residue data, the use of DACTHAL FLOWABLE for weed control in radishes is limited to the State of California. In California, applications must be banded.</p>
Sweet Potatoes	At transplanting and layby	6 to 14 pts. <i>Do not apply more than 28 pts. /Acre per year.</i>	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at transplanting. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on sweet potatoes either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL FLOWABLE at transplant treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) up to 6 weeks after transplanting. If weeds are present, the crop should be weeded or cultivated prior to DACTHAL FLOWABLE application. Incorporation of layby applications not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.</p>
Tomatoes; tomatillos; eggplant	4-6 weeks after transplanting or on direct seeded plants at 4-6 inches in height (see remarks)	6 to 14 pts.	<p>Application uniformly to the soil should be confined to a period of 4-6 weeks after transplanting. Plants should be well-established and growing conditions favorable for good plant growth. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, the crop should be cultivated or weeded prior to making the DACTHAL FLOWABLE application. DO NOT apply to seeded plants until plants are 4-6 inches in height, well established and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. In California, applications must be banded.</p>
Strawberries: New Plantings	At transplanting	12 pts.	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. For new beds apply 12 pints at transplanting. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.</p>
Strawberries: Established Plantings	Fall and early Spring	8 to 12 pts. <i>Do not apply more than 24 pts. /Acre per year.</i>	<p>Application of 8-12 pints per acre may be applied to established plantings in fall and early spring to control late summer or early fall germinating weeds. When two applications are used a minimum of 14 days are required between treatments. DO NOT apply after first bloom through harvest. Applications may be made directly over the plants without injury. In California, applications must be banded.</p>
Note: Rates can be reduced by banding.			Layby used in this table refers to the time just prior to the stage when crop plant size would prevent further cultivation.

¹Brassica leafy vegetables crop group includes broccoli, Chinese (gai lon, white flowering) broccoli, broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy, napa, tight-heading varieties), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), cauliflower, cavalo broccolo, collards, kale, kohlrabi, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach and rape greens.

APPLICATION AND CALIBRATION TECHNIQUES FOR SPRINKLER IRRIGATION

Apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, solid set or portable (side roll, end tow or hand move) irrigation systems. DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

DO NOT apply this product through irrigation systems connected to a public water system. "Public water system" means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

Always inject DACTHAL FLOWABLE into irrigation water after it discharges from the irrigation pump and after it passes through the check valve. Never inject pesticides into the intake line of the suction side of the pump.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Spray mixture in the chemical supply tank must be agitated at all times, otherwise settling and uneven application may occur.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be used through two basic types of sprinkler irrigation systems as outlined in Sections A and B below. Determine which type of system is in place, then refer to the appropriate directions provided for each type. The tank containing DACTHAL FLOWABLE must be equipped with effective mechanical agitation to keep the wettable powder in suspension. Premixing DACTHAL FLOWABLE as instructed under ground application will insure that a uniform suspension is obtained. The injection equipment which contains the DACTHAL FLOWABLE suspension should be connected to the discharge side of the irrigation pump or other pressurized equipment attached to the irrigation line.

A. Center Pivot and Motorized Lateral Move Irrigation Equipment

For injection of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a positive displacement injection pump, of either diaphragm or piston type, constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of injection at pressures approximately 2-3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems.

Fill chemical supply tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete revolution or run across the field, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage covered. Thoroughly mix ~~recommended~~ **directed** amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection

run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL FLOWABLE has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

B. Solid Set and Portable (Side Roll, End Tow or Hand Move) Irrigation Equipment

Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over a 30 to 45-minute period. Mix desired amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE for acreage to be covered into quantity of water used during calibration and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used for amount of time established during calibration. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL FLOWABLE has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants (a) that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label; and (b) that the directions, warnings, and other statements on this label are based upon responsible experts' evaluations of reasonable tests of effectiveness, of toxicity to laboratory animals and to plants and residues on food crops, and upon reports of field experience. Tests have not been made on all varieties of food crops and plants, or in all states or under all conditions. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT CONTRARY TO LABEL INSTRUCTIONS, OR UNDER CONDITIONS NOT REASONABLY FORESEEABLE.

THERE ARE NO EXPRESS WARRANTIES OTHER THAN THOSE SET FORTH HEREIN. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS, NOR DOES IT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE, TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND IT EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY WARRANTY OF QUALITY OR PERFORMANCE. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO, AND THE BUYER SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR, ANY AND ALL LOSS OR DAMAGE WHICH RESULTS FROM THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ANY MANNER WHICH IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS, WARNINGS OR CAUTIONS.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW BUYER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, DAMAGES, OR INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER OR NOT BASED IN TORT, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED, AT THE MANUFACTURER'S OPTION, TO REPLACEMENT OF, OR THE REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR, THE QUANTITY OF PRODUCT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH DAMAGES ARE CLAIMED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW IN NO EVENT, SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

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Attachment C to Attachment Email 4 (August 23, 2019)

DACTHAL® FLOWABLE HERBICIDE

(ABN - DACTHAL T&O)

DCPA	GROUP	3	HERBICIDE
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AGRICULTURAL HERBICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	By Wt.
DCPA (dimethyl tetrachloroterephthalate)	54.9%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	45.1%
Total	100.0%

Contains 6 lbs. DCPA per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
EMERGENCY INFORMATION	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. FOR THE FOLLOWING EMERGENCIES, PHONE 24 HOURS A DAY: For Medical Emergencies phone1-888-681-4261 For Transportation Emergencies, including spill, leak or fire, phone: CHEMTREC®1-800-424-9300 For Product Use Information phone: AMVAC®1-888-462-6822	

SEE SIDE [BACK] [INSIDE] PANEL [BOOKLET] FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

EPA Reg. No. 5481-487

EPA Est. No. _____
NET CONTENTS: _____



AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court, Suite 1200
Newport Beach, CA 92660 U.S.A

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Waterproof gloves,
- Shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs, in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment wastewater.

Groundwater Advisory: Tetrachloroterephthalic acid, a breakdown product of DACTHAL FLOWABLE is known to leach through soil as a result of agricultural and turf uses and has been found in groundwater which may be used for drinking water. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE to sand and loamy sand soils where the water table (groundwater) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., well drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of groundwater used for drinking water.

Surface Water Advisory: DCPA can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, DCPA may also have a high potential to contaminate surface water through runoff (via both dissolution in runoff water and adsorption to eroding soil) for several weeks post-application. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE to poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible sloping towards adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas over-laying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and highly erodible soils.

Read entire label carefully and use only as directed.

Product Information

DACTHAL® Flowable Herbicide is a flowable formulation for use in pre-emergence application for control of crabgrass and other annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds on mineral soils in vegetables, strawberries, agronomic crops, ornamental, turf, and nursery stock and as a post-emergence application for control of creeping speedwell (*Veronica filiformis*).

[Note to reviewer: optional marketing language]

DACTHAL® Flowable Herbicide --

- is compatible with liquid nitrogen fertilizers commonly used by the lawn care industry.
- provides broad-spectrum weed control with high crop tolerance.
- controls more than 30 grasses and broadleaf weeds.
- eliminates the need for hand weeding and reduces labor costs.

- *active ingredient works by inhibition of the weed's microtubule assembly with no known herbicide resistance.*
- *active ingredient prevents root and shoot growth in susceptible weeds such that weeds do not emerge, and those that do may be stunted and may die later.*
- *single pre-emergent application prevents early weed competition and allows for vigorous growth of young vegetable crops.*
- *provides an excellent foundation for season-long weed control, lasting as long as 90 days in many specialty crops, and often negates the need for further herbicide applications.*

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

This product is not for sale, use or distribution in Suffolk and Nassau County, Long Island, New York.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. Exception: If the product is soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks

Preparation and Application of the Spray: Mix DACTHAL FLOWABLE thoroughly in the spray tank with water to provide for broadcast application of at least 20 gallons of water per acre, depending on equipment and local practices. Adequate agitation must be maintained during filling and spraying to keep material in uniform suspension. Use nozzles suitable for applying wettable powders so that the spray can be uniformly distributed over the properly prepared soil surface. Any screen or strainer in spray equipment must be no finer than 50 mesh to prevent clogging. It is essential that the sprayer be properly calibrated before making applications. Standard low-pressure (30-50 psi) boom-type sprayers are recommended.

A minimum of one-third to one-half inch of water, either as rain or irrigation, is necessary to activate DACTHAL FLOWABLE and thereby obtain preemergence control of weeds specified. Normally, water must be applied within 3 to 5 days of application if sufficient rainfall does not occur. However, when surface soil is dry but subsurface soil contains enough moisture to germinate weeds, water must be applied immediately. If furrow irrigation is used, the top of the bed must be thoroughly wet. If rainfall during this period does not occur and irrigation cannot be made, shallow incorporation, when directed, will aid in weed control.

INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure: Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of Nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Avoid application below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

DO NOT apply during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small, suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Soil Preparation: Prior to making application, the soil should be cultivated to provide a weed-free and uniform surface since DACTHAL FLOWABLE herbicide is effective only when applied before weed seed germination occurs. Unless incorporated, DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be applied within two to three days following cultivation, to prevent subsurface germinating weeds from becoming established. When cultivating between rows, use shields on cultivator to prevent untreated soil from covering treated bands. Cultural practices, such as forming crop beds, should be completed prior to DACTHAL FLOWABLE application in order to avoid exposing untreated soil in the bottom of the furrow and concentrating the sprayed soil within the bed.

Soil Incorporation: DO NOT incorporate deeper than 2 inches. Shallow soil incorporation, when directed (see specific crop directions), often gives more consistent results. Depending on crop and time of application, several incorporation methods may be used.

Preplant Incorporation: This type of incorporation often provides better weed control on irrigated land, and also on non-irrigated land when dry weather is anticipated following planting. When directed, DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed on the soil surface and then incorporated into the soil using a disc harrow or related tillage equipment. To insure complete incorporation, double disc in two directions. For incorporating banded treatments, hooded-power driven rotary tillers or ground tillers are essential.

Delayed Preemergent Incorporation: For crops where preplant incorporation can be used (see specific crop directions). Incorporation at this time should be used when adequate rainfall or irrigation is not available within 3 to 5 days after planting. Lightly incorporate (to 1 inch deep) with drag harrow, rotary hoe or other suitable tillage equipment.

Layby Incorporation: (Just prior to stage when plant growth would prevent further cultivation). Cultivate soil to remove established weeds. Apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE over top of foliage and lightly incorporate with suitable equipment.

Off-Site Movement Under California Growing Conditions: Current research indicates a propensity for off-site movement of certain soil-applied pesticides in California's unique growing conditions. Pesticides, such as DACTHAL FLOWABLE, may be moved off-site through a process called co-distillation. This phenomenon has been shown to occur where bare soil is treated (crops not present) and the soil surface is very hot. The pesticides, though not highly volatile, appear to be carried from the soil surface with water molecules during rapid evaporation that occurs immediately after irrigation. Banding applications of preemergence herbicides, such as DACTHAL FLOWABLE, significantly reduces the potential for off-site movement by reducing the amount of product used to treat a given crop area.

Weed Control Spectrum

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is a preemergence herbicide which provides effective control of annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds. The following weeds are grouped according to their susceptibility to DACTHAL FLOWABLE:

Susceptible Weeds

Controlled at Lowest Labeled Rates for Each Soil Type

Carpetweed	Lovegrass
Chickweed, Common	Nettle, Burning
Crabgrass, Large	Pansy, Field
Crabgrass, Smooth	Purslane
Foxtail, Green	Pusley, Florida
Foxtail, Yellow	Witchgrass
Lambsquarters, Common	

Moderately Susceptible Weeds

Highest Labeled Rates for Each Soil Type Required for Effective Control

Barnyardgrass	Groundcherry
Bluegrass, Annual	Johnsongrass (from seed)
Cheeseweed (Malva parviflora)	Knotweed, Prostrate
Copperleaf, Rhombic	Nightshade, Black
Copperleaf, Virginia (three-seeded mercury)	Panicum, Brown Top
Dodder	Pigweed, Redroot
Deadnettle, Purple	Sandbur
Deadnettle, Spotted	Spurge, Nodding
Goosegrass	Spurge, Prostrate
	Spurge, Spotted

Difficult to Control Weeds

Commercially acceptable control of the following weeds may not always be obtained but weed populations will be suppressed when applied at the maximum-labeled rate, thus resulting in less competition with the emerging and growing crop.

Buckwheat, Wild	Panicum, Fall
Canarygrass, Littleseed	Panicum, Texas
Dock, Curly (from seed)	Polypogon, Rabbitfoot
Foxtail, Giant	Rocket, London
Goosefoot, Nettleleaf	Shepherdspurge
Henbit	Sowthistle, Annual
Knotweed, Silversheath	Vaseygrass
Ladysthumb	Witchweed

Weeds Not Controlled with DACTHAL FLOWABLE

Galinsoga	Nutsedge
Jimsonweed	Ragweed, Common
Johnsongrass (from rhizomes)	Smartweed
Mustards	Velvetleaf

Replanting: Replanting crops other than those included on this label in DACTHAL FLOWABLE treated soil within 8 months of application may result in crop injury. If replanting is required because of an early crop failure, the planting of onions, seeded cucurbits, potatoes, tomatoes, eggplants or peppers at this time may result in crop injury. However, all crops on this label may be planted following harvest of a DACTHAL FLOWABLE treated crop.

Ornamental Turf (such as Lawns [non residential], Golf Courses, Cemeteries, Athletic Fields, Parks, Sod Farms, and Institutional Areas where turf is grown): Application at the rate of 14 pts of DACTHAL FLOWABLE in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1 pint in 3 to 7 gallons of water per 3,000 sq. ft.) gives excellent control of crabgrass and other weeds as listed on this label. In California, Water DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications to turf within 4 hours with 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water by irrigation. One application applied in early spring before weed seed germination usually provides seasonal control. Crabgrass seed germination usually coincides with the time when Forsythia blossoms start to fall. In areas which commonly experience stands of late-germinating crabgrass and other annual weedy grasses, a second application at half the regular rate can be safely made 60 days after the first application.

In order to control annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) and other erratic or late-germinating grasses and weeds in northern states, a late summer or early fall application before weed seed germination of 20 pints of DACTHAL FLOWABLE in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1/2 pint in 3 to 7 gallons of water per 3,000 sq. ft.) should supplement the early spring application. Earlier applications are required in southern United States. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialist for date *Poa annua* seed germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.

Early spring application of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be made to new turfgrass seedlings after the grasses have exhibited a uniform greening of the newly sprouted grass, preferably when 1 to 2 inches in height. Such DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications give control of crabgrass without injury to newly-emerged grass. Fall sowing of permanent grasses can follow early spring application of DACTHAL FLOWABLE.

Where some spring seeding is necessary, there should be a delay of approximately 60 days after the application of most preemergence herbicides, including DACTHAL FLOWABLE. This delay increases the survival of desirable grasses.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is not recommended for use on putting greens.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is not recommended for use on bentgrasses mowed at putting green height. For control of creeping speedwell (*Veronica filiformis*), apply 16 pints of DACTHAL FLOWABLE in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre as a postemergence spray when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously. Spring or early fall applications are usually suitable, provided temperatures are between 65° and 90°F, and there is ample soil moisture. Thorough coverage is essential. Delayed control of creeping speedwell is to be expected and will be manifested first by a gradual loss of color and vigor.

For Use on Turf (non-residential)	To Control	When to Apply	Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE	Remarks
Established Turf	Crabgrass	Early spring, before crabgrass and other spring annual weed seeds germinate.	14 pts. /Acre or 1 pt. in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft. Do not apply more than 21 pts. /Acre per year.	Apply when Forsythia blossoms. A second application at half the labeled rate may be made 60 days after the first application if necessary.
Established Turf	Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa annua</i>)	Late summer or early fall in Northern states before weed seed germination. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension weed specialist for date <i>Poa annua</i> germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.	20 pts. /Acre or 1/2 pint in 3 to 7 gals. per 1,000 sq. ft. Do not apply more than 34 pts. /Acre per year.	Do not apply for 60 days following an early spring application for crabgrass control (see above).

Established Turf	Creeping Speedwell (<i>Veronica filiformis</i>)	As a postemergence spray in spring or early fall when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously, there is ample soil moisture and temperature is between 65° and 90°F.	16 pts. /Acre or 18 fl. ozs. in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	Apply spray to obtain thorough coverage of foliage. Delayed control of creeping speedwell, approximately 30 days, is to be expected and will be noticed first by a gradual loss of color and vigor.
Established Turf	Spotted Spurge or Prostrate Spurge (<i>Euphorbia maculata</i> , <i>E. supina</i>)	Mid-April or before seed germination of annual weeds. Repeat applications in 6 to 8 weeks.	14 to 16 pts. /Acre or 15 to 18 fl. ozs. in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft. Do not apply more than 32 pts. /Acre per year.	Apply first application before germination of annual weed seeds, such as crabgrass. Repeat application at the same rate 6 to 8 weeks later. In addition to control of spotted spurge or prostrate spurge, crabgrass control is also obtained.
Newly seeded turf	Crabgrass	After new turfgrass seedlings have exhibited a greening of the newly-sprouted grass (about 1 to 2 inches high).	14 pts. /Acre or 1 pt. in 3 to 7 gals. per 3,000 sq. ft.	Allows crabgrass control without injury to the new turf.

IMPORTANT: After DACTHAL FLOWABLE treatment, wait approximately 60 days before any new seeding is undertaken. DO NOT use on Dichondra. See directions on bentgrass before using on this species.

Nursery Stock: DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be applied to a wide range of nursery stock at the rate of 14 to 16 pints to 100 gallons of water per acre of area treated (1 pint in 3 to 7 gallons of water per 3,000 sq. ft.). One repeat application at the same rate may be applied 60 days after first application. When repeat application is necessary, do not apply more than 32 pints of DACTHAL FLOWABLE per acre per year. Make applications to soil recently cultivated to a uniform texture. These can be made immediately following lining-out of stock. With established plantings, make application following proper cultivation to remove existing weeds. Where possible, this should be done early in the spring. Late summer application may prove beneficial for control of fall germinating weeds, if made following cultivation. Weed control up to three months or more may be expected following proper application.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE is specifically recommended for weed control with the following:

Abelia	Fir	Nasturtium
Ageratum	Forget-Me-Not	Oak
Alyssum	Forsythia	Orpine
Andromeda, Jap.	Four-O'Clock	Pachistima
Arborvitae	Foxglove	Pachysandra
Ash	Gaillardia	Peony
Aster	Geranium	Petunia
Azalea	Gladiolus	Pine
Babysbreath	Golddust	Pittosporum
Barberry	Goldentuft	Podocarpus
Bellflower	Gum	Poker Plant
Birch	Hawthorn	Poplar
Bleedingheart	Heath, Pink	Privet
Bloodleaf	Holly	Privet, variegated
Boxwood	Honeysuckle	Redbud
Bugloss	Hydrangea	Rhododendron
Camellia	Iris	Rose
Candytufts	Ivy, Baltic	Russian Olive
Chrysanthemum	Ivy, Boston	Sage, Scarlet
Cinquefoil	Ivy, English	Snapdragon
Coleus	Ivy, Wilson	Spiderwort, Va.

Columbine	Juniper	Spirea
Coneflower, Purple	Lantana	Spruce
Coreopsis	Larkspur, Candle	Stonecrop
Coralbells	Lavendercotton	Strawflower
Cosmos	Lilac	Sundrops
Cotoneaster	Lily	Sunflower
Cottonwood	Locust	Sweet Pea
Cuphea	Lupine	Sycamore
Cypress	Magnolia	Tree Peony
Dahlia	Maple	Tulip Tree
Delphinium	Marguerite, Golden	Viburnum
Deutzia	Marigold	Violet, African
Dogwood	Mockorange	Weigela
Elaeagnus	Morningglory	Willow
Elm	Moss, Rose	Wormwood
Euonymus	Mother-of-Thyme	Yarrow, Fernleaf
Evening Primrose	Mountain Laurel	Yew
Feverfew	Mourning Bride	Zinnia

DO NOT use on the following plants:

Bugleweed	Mesembryanthemum
Button Pink	Pansy
Carnation	Phlox
Geum	Sweet William
Germander	Telantha

Amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE to Use in Treating Small Areas		
Area to be Treated	Rate DACTHAL FLOWABLE HERBICIDE (PTS./A)	Amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE HERBICIDE to Apply (fl. ozs.)
1,000 sq. ft. (from 1 to 2 gallons of water should be used to spray 1,000 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 (heavy soil)	4.4 to 5.1
	8 to 10 (medium soil)	2.9 to 3.7
	6 (sandy soil)	2.2
250 sq. ft. (from ¼ to ½ gallon of water should be used to spray 250 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 (heavy soil)	1.1 to 1.3
	8 to 10 (medium soil)	0.7 to 0.9
	6 (sandy soil)	0.6

NOTE: In treating small areas it is important to use care in measuring out required quantity for area to be treated, properly mixing it in water and keeping it adequately agitated during application.

Rates of application can be reduced by banding. See Conversion Chart.

CONVERSION CHART FOR DACTHAL FLOWABLE				
For a 12-inch band of spray, use this amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE per acre.				
Row Width (inches)	If overall rate is:			
	6 pts. Per acre	8 pts. Per acre	10 pts. Per acre	12 pts. Per acre
24	3 pts.	4 pts.	5 pts.	6 pts.
32	2-1/2 pts.	3 pts.	3-3/4 pts.	4-1/2 pts.

36	2 pts.	2-2/3 pts.	3-1/3 pts.	4 pts.
40	1-3/4 pts.	2-1/2 pts.	3 pts.	3-2/3 pts.

Special Precautions: DO NOT feed treated foliage to livestock or graze treated areas. Apply according to directions and under conditions favorable to good plant growth. DACTHAL FLOWABLE will not harm crops for which its use is directed. **However, conditions such as high salt concentration, seeding disease, cold weather, deep planting, excessive moisture or drought may injure or weaken crops normally tolerant to DACTHAL FLOWABLE, thereby increasing the possibility of herbicide damage. Under any of these conditions, one or more of the following may result: delayed crop development, reduced yields or reduced quality.**

DCPA	GROUP	3	HERBICIDE
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Resistance-Management Recommendations

For resistance management, DACTHAL FLOWABLE is a Group 3 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to DACTHAL FLOWABLE and other Group 3 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of DACTHAL FLOWABLE or other Group 3 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields, and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact AMVAC at (888) 462-6822 or at AMVAC-chemical.com.

Any Application of DACTHAL FLOWABLE Must Be Made Prior to Weed Seed Germination

Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled: Apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE at rates of 6-14 pints/A depending on soil type and weeds to be controlled. When repeat application is necessary, do not apply more than 28 pints of DACTHAL FLOWABLE per acre per year.

The following table outlines rate specifications for the use of DACTHAL FLOWABLE on various soil types. Apply the maximum rate for each soil type when moderately susceptible weeds are present. Specific directions for each for each crop should be consulted. **DACTHAL FLOWABLE should not be applied to certain crops under conditions of cool, wet weather when plants are not actively growing.** Refer to specific label directions for seeded melons, tomatoes, onions and eggplants for further details.

Soil Type	Organic Matter %	Broadcast Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE (PTS./A)
Light-sand or sandy loam	0 to 3	6 to 8
Medium-silt loam	0 to 3	8 to 10
Heavy-clay loam	0 to 3	10 to 14
Heavy-silt loam	3 to 5	12 to 14

Crops	When To Apply	Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE Per Acre	Remarks
Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cabbage and all other Brassica (cole) leafy vegetables in this crop group ¹	At seeding or transplanting	6 to 14 pts.	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application. Can be preplant incorporated.</p> <p>Broadcast applications permitted in California for crops in this group in certain counties, as listed below, from August through December. Due to potential for off-site movement through co-distillation and deposition on unlabeled crops, apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE as a band application to these crops in all counties with the following exception; During the period from August 1 through December 31, broadcast applications of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be made in the following counties: Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego and Imperial. A minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre should be used for broadcast applications. During the period from January 1 through July 31, DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications must be applied as a banded application in all counties.</p>
cantaloupe, honeydew, watermelons	When plants have 4-5 true leaves (see remarks)	6 to 14 pts.	<p>Apply only when plants have 4-5 true leaves, are well-established, and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. (If applied earlier than recommended and/or growing conditions are unfavorable, crop injury may result.) If weeds have emerged, crop should be cultivated and weeded prior to the DACTHAL FLOWABLE application. Incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.</p>
Collards, kale, mustard greens, turnips (greens and roots) including turnip greens (broccoli raab (raab, raab salad), hanover salad and turnip tops)	At seeding	6 to-14 pts.	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application. Can be preplant incorporated.</p> <p>Broadcast applications permitted in California, as listed below, for crops in this group in certain counties from August through December. Due to potential for off-site movement through co-distillation and deposition on unlabeled crops, Apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE as a band application to these crops in all counties with the following exception. During the period from August 1 through December 31,</p>

Crops	When To Apply	Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE Per Acre	Remarks
			broadcast applications of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be made in the following counties: Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego and Imperial. A minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre should be used for broadcast applications. During the period from January 1 through July 31, DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications must be applied as a banded application in all counties.
Horseradish	At planting	6 to -14 pts.	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. Preplant incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.
Onions [dry bulb onions, dry bulb shallots and green onions (green onions, leeks, spring onions or scallions, Japanese bunching onions, green shallots or green eschalots)]	At seeding or transplanting and/or at layby	<p>6 to 14 pts .</p> <p>See above for rate and weeds controlled.</p> <p>In sandy loam soils, apply a maximum rate of 10 pints per acre.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 28 pts. /Acre per year.</p>	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on onions either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL FLOWABLE preemergence treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) up to 14 weeks after planting at rates up to 14 pints. per acre on any soil type. If weeds emerge prior to layby, the onions should be cultivated or weeded prior to application. Use ¼ inch of overhead irrigation to incorporate DACTHAL FLOWABLE into the soil. Where onion emergence is expected to be slow due to cold and wet soil conditions, delay application until seed begins to germinate to reduce the risk of crop injury. Preplant incorporation is not recommended for onions.</p> <p>Broadcast applications permitted in California for onions in certain counties from August through December. Due to potential for off-site movement through co-distillation and deposition on unlabeled crops, DACTHAL FLOWABLE should be applied as a band application to onions in all counties with the following exception. During the period from August 1 through December 31, broadcast applications of DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be made in the following counties: Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego and Imperial. A minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre should be used for broadcast applications. During the period from January 1 through July 31, DACTHAL FLOWABLE applications should be applied as a banded application in all counties.</p>
Radish	At seeding or up to three-leaf stage	6 to 14 pts.	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre. If weeds have emerged, soil should be clean cultivated or weeded prior to application to permit uniform coverage of soil. Preplant incorporation not recommended. DO NOT graze on treated areas or feed plant refuse to livestock. DO NOT harvest within 25 days of application.

Crops	When To Apply	Rate of DACTHAL FLOWABLE Per Acre	Remarks
			Based upon available residue data, the use of DACTHAL FLOWABLE for weed control in radishes is limited to the State of California. In California, applications must be banded.
Sweet Potatoes	At transplanting and layby	6 to 14 pts. Do not apply more than 28 pts. /Acre per year.	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at transplanting. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on sweet potatoes either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL FLOWABLE at transplant treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) up to 6 weeks after transplanting. If weeds are present, the crop should be weeded or cultivated prior to DACTHAL FLOWABLE application. Incorporation of layby applications not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.
Tomatoes; tomatillos; eggplant	4-6 weeks after transplanting or on direct seeded plants at 4-6 inches in height (see remarks)	6 to 14 pts.	Application uniformly to the soil should be confined to a period of 4-6 weeks after transplanting. Plants should be well-established and growing conditions favorable for good plant growth. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, the crop should be cultivated or weeded prior to making the DACTHAL FLOWABLE application. DO NOT apply to seeded plants until plants are 4-6 inches in height, well established and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. In California, applications must be banded.
Strawberries: New Plantings	At transplanting	12 pts.	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. For new beds apply 12 pints at transplanting. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.
Strawberries: Established Plantings	Fall and early Spring	8 to 12 pts. Do not apply more than 24 pts. /Acre per year.	Application of 8-12 pints per acre may be applied to established plantings in fall and early spring to control late summer or early fall germinating weeds. When two applications are used a minimum of 14 days are required between treatments. DO NOT apply after first bloom through harvest. Applications may be made directly over the plants without injury. In California, applications must be banded.
Note: Rates can be reduced by banding.			Layby used in this table refers to the time just prior to the stage when crop plant size would prevent further cultivation.

¹Brassica leafy vegetables crop group includes broccoli, Chinese (gai lon, white flowering) broccoli, broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy, napa, tight-heading varieties), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), cauliflower, cavalo broccolo, collards, kale, kohlrabi, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach and rape greens.

APPLICATION AND CALIBRATION TECHNIQUES FOR SPRINKLER IRRIGATION

Apply DACTHAL FLOWABLE only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, solid set or portable (side roll, end tow or hand move) irrigation systems. DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

DO NOT apply this product through irrigation systems connected to a public water system. "Public water system" means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

Always inject DACTHAL FLOWABLE into irrigation water after it discharges from the irrigation pump and after it passes through the check valve. Never inject pesticides into the intake line of the suction side of the pump.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Spray mixture in the chemical supply tank must be agitated at all times, otherwise settling and uneven application may occur.

DACTHAL FLOWABLE may be used through two basic types of sprinkler irrigation systems as outlined in Sections A and B below. Determine which type of system is in place, then refer to the appropriate directions provided for each type. The tank containing DACTHAL FLOWABLE must be equipped with effective mechanical agitation to keep the wettable powder in suspension. Premixing DACTHAL FLOWABLE as instructed under ground application will insure that a uniform suspension is obtained. The injection equipment which contains the DACTHAL FLOWABLE suspension should be connected to the discharge side of the irrigation pump or other pressurized equipment attached to the irrigation line.

A. Center Pivot and Motorized Lateral Move Irrigation Equipment

For injection of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a positive displacement injection pump, of either diaphragm or piston type, constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of injection at pressures approximately 2-3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems.

Fill chemical supply tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete revolution or run across the field, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage covered. Thoroughly mix directed amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL FLOWABLE has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

B. Solid Set and Portable (Side Roll, End Tow or Hand Move) Irrigation Equipment

Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over a 30 to 45-minute period. Mix desired amount of DACTHAL FLOWABLE for acreage to be covered into quantity of water used during calibration and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used for amount of time established during calibration. DACTHAL FLOWABLE can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL FLOWABLE has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants (a) that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label; and (b) that the directions, warnings, and other statements on this label are based upon responsible experts' evaluations of reasonable tests of effectiveness, of toxicity to laboratory animals and to plants and residues on food crops, and upon reports of field experience. Tests have not been made on all varieties of food crops and plants, or in all states or under all conditions. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT CONTRARY TO LABEL INSTRUCTIONS, OR UNDER CONDITIONS NOT REASONABLY FORESEEABLE.

THERE ARE NO EXPRESS WARRANTIES OTHER THAN THOSE SET FORTH HEREIN. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS, NOR DOES IT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE, TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND IT EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY WARRANTY OF QUALITY OR PERFORMANCE. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO, AND THE BUYER SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR, ANY AND ALL LOSS OR DAMAGE WHICH RESULTS FROM THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ANY MANNER WHICH IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS, WARNINGS OR CAUTIONS.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW BUYER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, DAMAGES, OR INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER OR NOT BASED IN TORT, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED, AT THE MANUFACTURER'S OPTION, TO REPLACEMENT OF, OR THE REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR, THE QUANTITY OF PRODUCT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH DAMAGES ARE CLAIMED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW IN NO EVENT, SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

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AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court, Suite 1200
Newport Beach, CA 92660 U.S.A.

Attachment D to Attachment Email 4 (August 23, 2019)

DACTHAL® W-75

Agricultural Herbicide (75% Wettable Powder)

DCPA	GROUP	3	HERBICIDE
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ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	By Wt.
DCPA (dimethyl tetrachloroterephthalate)	75.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	25.0%
Total	100.0%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Move person to fresh air.• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Take off contaminated clothing.• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
EMERGENCY INFORMATION	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. FOR THE FOLLOWING EMERGENCIES, PHONE 24 HOURS A DAY: For Medical Emergencies phone1-888-681-4261 For Transportation Emergencies, including spill, leak or fire, phone: CHEMTREC®1-800-424-9300 For Product Use Information phone: AMVAC®1-888-462-6822	

SEE SIDE [BACK] [INSIDE] PANEL [BOOKLET] FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

EPA Reg. No. 5481-490

EPA Est. No. _____
NET CONTENTS: _____



AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court, Suite 1200
Newport Beach, CA 92660 U.S.A.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Waterproof gloves,
- Shoes plus socks,

A minimum of a NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved powered air-purifying respirator with a HE filter. Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are made of any waterproof material. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistant category selection chart.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment wastewater.

Groundwater Advisory: Tetrachloroterephthalic acid, a breakdown product of DACTHAL W-75 is known to leach through soil as a result of agricultural and turf uses and has been found in groundwater which may be used for drinking water. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL W-75 to sand and loamy sand soils where the water table (groundwater) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., well drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of groundwater used for drinking water.

Surface Water Advisory: DCPA can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, DCPA may also have a high potential to contaminate surface water through runoff (via both dissolution in runoff water and adsorption to eroding soil) for several weeks post-application. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL W-75 to poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible sloping towards adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas over-laying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and highly erodible soils.

DACTHAL W-75 Herbicide

A selective preemergence herbicide for control of annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds in vegetable crops.

Read entire label carefully and use only as directed.

Product Information

DACTHAL W-75 is a 75 percent wettable powder formulation for use in preemergence application for control of crabgrass and other annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds on mineral soils in vegetables, strawberries, agronomic crops, and ornamentals.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

DO NOT APPLY IN SUFFOLK AND NASSAU COUNTIES, LONG ISLAND.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. Exception: If the product is soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks

Preparation and Application of the Spray: Thoroughly mix DACTHAL W-75 in the spray tank with water to provide for broadcast application of at least 20 gallons of water per acre, depending on equipment and local practices. Adequate agitation must be maintained during filling and spraying to keep material in uniform suspension. Use nozzles suitable for applying wettable powders so that the spray can be uniformly distributed over the properly prepared soil surface. Any screen or strainer in spray equipment must be no finer than 50 mesh to prevent clogging. It is essential that the sprayer be properly calibrated before making applications. Standard low-pressure (30-50 psi) boom-type sprayers are recommended.

A minimum of one-third to one-half inch of water, either as rain or irrigation, is necessary to activate DACTHAL W-75 and thereby obtain preemergence control of weeds specified. Normally, water must be applied within 3 to 5 days of application if sufficient rainfall does not occur. However, when surface soil is dry but subsurface soil contains enough moisture to germinate weeds, apply water immediately. If furrow irrigation is used, the top of the bed must be thoroughly wet. If rainfall during this period does not occur and irrigation cannot be made, shallow incorporation, when directed, will aid in weed control.

SPRAY DRIFT REDUCTION

INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure: Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of Nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Boom Length

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application Height

Applications may not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Avoid application below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

DO NOT apply during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small, suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide may only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Soil Preparation: Prior to making application, cultivate the soil to provide a weed-free and uniform surface since DACTHAL W-75 herbicide is effective only when applied before weed seed germination occurs. Unless incorporated, DACTHAL W-75 must be applied within two to three days following cultivation, to prevent subsurface germinating weeds from becoming established. When cultivating between rows, use shields on cultivator to prevent untreated soil from covering treated bands. Cultural practices, such as forming crop beds, should be completed prior to DACTHAL W-75 application in order to avoid exposing untreated soil in the bottom of the furrow and concentrating the sprayed soil within the bed.

Soil Incorporation: DO NOT incorporate deeper than 2 inches. Shallow soil incorporation, when ~~recommended~~ **directed** (see specific crop ~~recommendation~~ **directions**), often gives more consistent results. Depending on crop and time of application, several incorporation methods may be used.

Preplant Incorporation: This type of incorporation often provides better weed control on irrigated land, and also on non-irrigated land when dry weather is anticipated following planting. When ~~recommended~~directed, DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed on the soil surface and then incorporated into the soil using a disc harrow or related tillage equipment. To insure complete incorporation, double disc in two directions. For incorporating banded treatments, hooded-power driven rotary tillers or ground tillers are essential.

Delayed Preemergent Incorporation: For crops where preplant incorporation can be used (see specific crop ~~recommendation~~directions) incorporate when adequate rainfall or irrigation is not available within 3 to 5 days after planting. Lightly incorporate (to 1 inch deep) with drag harrow, rotary hoe or other suitable tillage equipment.

Layby Incorporation: (Just prior to stage when plant growth would prevent further cultivation). Cultivate soil to remove established weeds. Apply DACTHAL W-75 over top of foliage and lightly incorporate with suitable equipment.

Off-Site Movement Under California Growing Conditions: Current research indicates a propensity for off-site movement of certain soil-applied pesticides in California's unique growing conditions. Pesticides, such as DACTHAL W-75, may be moved off-site through a process called co-distillation. This phenomenon has been shown to occur where bare soil is treated (crops not present) and the soil surface is very hot. The pesticides, though not highly volatile, appear to be carried from the soil surface with water molecules during rapid evaporation that occurs immediately after irrigation. Banding applications of preemergence herbicides, such as DACTHAL W-75, significantly reduces the potential for off-site movement by reducing the amount of product used to treat a given crop area.

WEED CONTROL SPECTRUM

DACTHAL W-75 is a preemergence herbicide which provides effective control of annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds. The following weeds are grouped according to their susceptibility to DACTHAL W-75:

Susceptible Weeds

Controlled at Lowest ~~Recommended~~-Labeled Rates for Each Soil Type

Carpetweed	Lovegrass
Chickweed, Common	Nettle, Burning
Crabgrass, Large	Pansy, Field
Crabgrass, Smooth	Purslane
Foxtail, Green	Pusley, Florida
Foxtail, Yellow	Witchgrass
Lambsquarters, Common	

Moderately Susceptible Weeds

Highest ~~Recommended~~-Labeled Rates for Each Soil Type Required for Effective Control

Barnyardgrass	Groundcherry
Bluegrass, Annual	Johnsongrass (from seed)
Cheeseweed (Malva parviflora)	Knotweed, Prostrate
Copperleaf, Rhombic	Nightshade, Black
Copperleaf, Virginia (three-seeded mercury)	Panicum, Brown Top
Dodder	Pigweed, Redroot
Deadnettle, Purple	Sandbur
Deadnettle, Spotted	Spurge, Nodding
Goosegrass	Spurge, Prostrate
	Spurge, Spotted

Difficult to Control Weeds

Commercially acceptable control of the following weeds may not always be obtained but weed populations will be suppressed when applied at the maximum-labeled rate, thus resulting in less competition with the emerging and growing crop.

Buckwheat, Wild	Panicum, Fall
Canarygrass, Littleseed	Panicum, Texas
Dock, Curly (from seed)	Polypogon, Rabbitfoot
Foxtail, Giant	Rocket, London

Goosefoot, Nettleleaf
Henbit
Knotweed, Silversheath
Ladysthumb

Shepherdspurse
Sowthistle, Annual
Vaseygrass
Witchweed

Weeds Not Controlled with DACTHAL W-75

Galinsoga
Jimsonweed
Johnsongrass (from rhizomes)
Mustards

Nutsedge
Ragweed, Common
Smartweed
Velvetleaf

Replanting: Replanting crops other than those included on this label in DACTHAL W-75 treated soil within 8 months of application may result in crop injury. If replanting is required because of an early crop failure, the planting of onions, seeded cucurbits, potatoes, tomatoes, eggplants or peppers at this time may result in crop injury. However, all crops on this label may be planted following harvest of a DACTHAL W-75 treated crop-

IMPORTANT: After DACTHAL W-75 treatment, wait approximately 60 days before any new seeding is undertaken. DO NOT use on Dichondra.

Nursery Stock: DACTHAL W-75 can be applied to a wide range of nursery stock at the rate of 14 to 16 pounds in 50 to 100 gallons of water per acre of area treated (1 pound in 3 to 7 gallons of water per 3,000 sq. ft.). One repeat application at the same rate may be applied 60 days after first application. [When repeat application is necessary, do not ~~DO NOT~~ apply more than 32 lbs. of DACTHAL W-75 TURF per acre per year.](#)

Applications must be made to soil recently cultivated to a uniform texture. These can be made immediately following lining-out of stock. With established plantings, apply following proper cultivation to remove existing weeds. Where possible, this should be done early in the spring. Late summer application may prove beneficial for control of fall germinating weeds, if made following cultivation. Weed control up to three months or more may be expected following proper application.

DACTHAL W-75 is specifically recommended for weed control with the following:

Abelia	Cottonwood	Honeysuckle
Ageratum	Cuphea	Iris
Alyssum	Cypress	Ivy, Baltic
Andromeda, Jap.	Dahlia	Ivy, Boston
Arborvitae	Delphinium	Ivy, English
Ash	Deutzia	Ivy, Wilson
Aster	Dogwood	Juniper
Azalea	Elaeagnus	Lantana
Babysbreath	Elm	Larkspur, Candle
Barberry	Euonymus	Lavendercotton
Bellflower	Evening Primrose	Lilac
Birch	Feverfew	Lily
Bleedingheart	Fir	Locust
Bloodleaf	Forget-Me-Not	Lupine
Boxwood	Forsythia	Magnolia
Bugloss	Four-O'Clock	Maple
Camellia	Foxglove	Marguerite, Golden
Candytufts	Gaillardia	Marigold
Chrysanthemum	Geranium	Mockorange
Cinquefoil	Gladiolus	Morningglory
Coleus	Golddust	Moss, Rose
Columbine	Goldentuft	Mother-of-Thyme
Coneflower, Purple	Gum	Mountain Laurel
Coreopsis	Hawthorn	Mourning Bride
Coralbells	Heath, Pink	Nasturtium
Cosmos	Holly	Oak
Cotoneaster	Hydrangea	Orpine

Pachistima
Pachysandra
Peony
Petunia
Pine
Pittosporum
Podocarpus
Poker Plant
Poplar
Privet
Privet, variegated
Redbud
Rhododendron

Rose
Russian Olive
Sage, Scarlet
Snapdragon
Spiderwort, Va.
Spirea
Spruce
Stonecrop
Strawflower
Sundrops
Sunflower
Sweet Pea
Sycamore

Tree Peony
Tulip Tree
Viburnum
Violet, African
Weigela
Willow
Wormwood
Yarrow, Fernleaf
Yew
Zinnia

DO NOT use on the following plants:

Bugleweed
Button Pink
Carnation
Geum
Germander
Mesembryanthemum
Pansy
Phlox
Sweet William
Telanthera

Amount of DACTHAL W-75 to Use in Treating Small Areas			
Area to be Treated	Recommended Rate DACTHAL W-75 (lbs./A)	Amount of DACTHAL W-75 to Apply (fl. -ozs.)	Struck-off (level) Tablespoons
1,000 sq. ft. (Use 1 to 2 gallons of water to spray 1,000 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 (heavy soil) 8 to 10 (medium soil) 6 (sandy soil)	4.4 to 5.1 2.9 to 3.7 2.2	33 to 38 22 to 28 17
250 sq. ft. (Use ¼ gallon of water to spray 250 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 (heavy soil) 8 to 10 (medium soil) 6 (sandy soil)	1.1 to 1.3 0.7 to 0.9 0.6	8 ¼ to 9 ½ 5½ to 7 4 ¼

Note: In treating small areas it is important to use care in measuring out required quantity for area to be treated, properly mixing it in water and keeping it adequately agitated during application.

Rates of application can be reduced by banding. See Conversion Chart.

CONVERSION CHART FOR DACTHAL W-75				
For a 12-inch band of spray, use this amount of DACTHAL W-75 per acre.				
Row Width (inches)	If overall rate is:			
	6 lbs. per acre	8 lbs. per acre	10 lbs. per acre	12 lbs. per acre
24	3 lbs.	4 lbs.	5 lbs.	6 lbs.

32	2-1/2 lbs.	3 lbs.	3-3/4 lbs.	4-1/2 lbs.
36	2 lbs.	2-2/3 lbs.	3-1/3 lbs.	4 lbs.
40	1-3/4 lbs.	2-1/2 lbs.	3 lbs.	3-2/3 lbs.

DO NOT feed treated foliage to livestock or graze treated areas. Apply according to directions and under conditions favorable to good plant growth. DACTHAL W-75 will not harm crops for which its use is directed. **However, conditions such as high salt concentration, seeding disease, cold weather, deep planting, excessive moisture or drought may injure or weaken crops normally tolerant to DACTHAL W-75, thereby increasing the possibility of herbicide damage. Under any of these conditions, one or more of the following may result: delayed crop development, reduced yields or reduced quality.**

DCPA	GROUP	3	HERBICIDE
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Resistance-Management Recommendations

For resistance management, DACTHAL FLOWABLE is a Group 3 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to DACTHAL FLOWABLE and other Group 3 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of DACTHAL FLOWABLE or other Group 3 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields, and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact AMVAC at (888) 462-6822 or at AMVAC-chemical.com.

Recommendations CROP-SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS

Apply DACTHAL W-75 Prior to Weed Seed Germination

Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled: Apply DACTHAL W-75 at rates of 6-14 lbs./A depending on soil type and weeds to be controlled. ~~When multiple applications are necessary, do not apply more than 28 lbs of DACTHAL W-75 TURF per acre per year.~~ The following table outlines rate specifications for the use of DACTHAL W-75 on various soil types. Use the maximum rate for each soil type when moderately susceptible weeds are present. Follow specific crop directions. *Do not apply DACTHAL W-*

75 to certain crops under conditions of cool, wet weather when plants are not actively growing. Refer to specific label directions for seeded melons, tomatoes, onions and eggplants for further details.

Soil Type	Organic Matter (%)	Broadcast Rate of DACTHAL W-75 (lbs./A)
Light-sand or sandy loam	0 to 3	6 to 8
Medium-silt loam	0 to 3	8 to 10
Heavy-clay loam	0 to 3	10 to 14
Heavy-silt loam	3 to 5	12 to 14

Crops	When To Apply	Rate of DACTHAL W-75 Per Acre	Remarks
Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cabbage and all other Brassica (cole) leafy vegetables in this crop group ¹	At seeding or transplanting	6 to 14 lbs.	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, clean cultivate or weed soil prior to application. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.
Chayote (fruit), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), gherkin, gourd, edible (includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra), <i>Momordica</i> spp (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bittermelon, Chinese cucumber), muskmelon (includes hybrids and/or varieties of <i>Cucumis melo</i> (including true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, Santa Claus melon, crenshaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, Persian melon, golden pershaw melon, mango melon, pineapple melon, snake melon), watermelon including hybrids	When plants have 4-5 true leaves (see remarks)	6 to 14 lbs.	Apply only when plants have 4-5 true leaves, are well-established, and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. (If applied earlier than recommended and/or growing conditions are unfavorable, crop injury may result.) If weeds have emerged, cultivate and weed crop prior to the DACTHAL W-75 application. Incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.
Collards, kale, mustard greens, turnips (greens and roots) Broccoli raab, cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy), collards, kale, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach, rape greens, turnips (greens and roots: broccoli raab (raab, raab salad), hanover salad, turnip tops (turnip greens))	At seeding	6 to 14 lbs.	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.
Horseradish	At planting	6 to 14 lbs.	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. Preplant incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.

Crops	When To Apply	Rate of DACTHAL W-75 Per Acre	Remarks
Onions: dry bulb onions (shallots); green onions (leeks, spring onions or scallions, Japanese bunching onions, Welsh onion, green shallots, or green eschalots)	At seeding or transplanting and/or at layby	<p>See rate and weeds controlled.</p> <p>In sandy loam soils, apply a maximum rate of 10 pounds per acre.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 28 lbs. /Acre per year.</p>	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on onions either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL W-75 preemergence treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) up to 14 weeks after planting at rates up to 14 lbs. per acre on any soil type. If weeds emerge prior to layby, cultivate or weed the onions prior to application. Preplant incorporation not recommended.</p> <p>Broadcast applications permitted in California for onions in certain counties from August through December. Due to potential for off-site movement through co-distillation and deposition on unlabeled crops, Apply DACTHAL W-75 as a band application to onions in all counties with the following exception. During the period from August 1 through December 31, broadcast applications of DACTHAL W-75 may be made in the following counties: Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego and Imperial. Use a minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre for broadcast applications. During the period from January 1 through July 31, apply DACTHAL W-75 as a banded application in all counties.</p>
Radish	At seeding or up to three-leaf stage	6 to 14 lbs.	<p>Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre. If weeds have emerged, clean cultivate or weed soil prior to application to permit uniform coverage of soil. Preplant incorporation not recommended. DO NOT graze on treated areas or feed plant refuse to livestock. DO NOT harvest within 25 days of application.</p> <p>Based upon available residue data, the use of DACTHAL W-75 for weed control in radishes is limited to the State of California. In California, applications must be banded.</p>

Crops	When To Apply	Rate of DACTHAL W-75 Per Acre	Remarks
Sweet Potatoes; arrowroot; cassava, bitter and sweet; chayote (root); dasheen (taro); turmeric	At transplanting and layby	6 to 14 lbs. <i>Do not apply more than 28 lbs. /Acre per year.</i>	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at transplanting. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on sweet potatoes either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL W-75 at transplant treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) up to 6 weeks after transplanting. If weeds are present, weed or cultivate crop prior to DACTHAL W-75 application. Incorporation of layby applications not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.
Tomatoes; tomatillos; eggplant; pepino; groundcherry	4-6 weeks after transplanting or on direct seeded plants at 4-6 inches in height (see remarks)	6 to 14 lbs.	Only apply uniformly to soil 4-6 weeks after transplanting. Plants should be well-established and growing conditions favorable for good plant growth. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, cultivate or weed the crop prior to making the DACTHAL W-75 application. DO NOT apply to seeded plants until plants are 4-6 inches in height, well established and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. In California, applications must be banded.
Strawberries: New Plantings	At transplanting	12 lbs.	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. For new beds apply 12 pounds at transplanting. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.
Strawberries: Established Plantings	Fall and early Spring	8 to 12 lbs. <i>Do not apply more than 24 lbs. /Acre per year.</i>	Application of 8-12 pounds per acre may be applied to established plantings in fall and early spring to control late summer or early fall germinating weeds. When two applications are used a minimum of 14 days are required between treatments. DO NOT apply after first bloom through harvest. Applications may be made directly over the plants without injury. In California, applications must be banded.
Note: Rates can be reduced by banding.			Layby used in this table refers to the time just prior to the stage when crop plant size would prevent further cultivation.

¹Brassica leafy vegetables crop group includes broccoli, Chinese (gai lon, white flowering) broccoli, broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy, napa, tight-heading varieties), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), cauliflower, cavalo broccolo, collards, kale, kohlrabi, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach and rape greens.

~~Fruits of the gourd (*Cucurbitaceae*) family that are consumed when immature, 100% of the fruit is edible either cooked or raw, once picked it cannot be stored, has a soft rind which is easily penetrated, and if seeds were harvested they would not germinate; *Lagenaria* spp. (i.e., spaghetti squash, hyotan, cucuzza); *Luffa* spp. (i.e., hechima, Chinese okra); *Momordica* spp. (i.e., bitter melon, balsam pear, balsam apple, Chinese cucumber); *Sechium edule* (chayote); and other cultivars and/or hybrids of these.~~

Application and Calibration Techniques for Sprinkler Irrigation

Apply DACTHAL W-75 only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, solid set or portable (side roll, end tow or hand move) irrigation systems. DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

DO NOT apply this product through irrigation systems connected to a public water system. "Public water system" means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

Always inject DACTHAL W-75 into irrigation water after it discharges from the irrigation pump and after it passes through the check valve. Never inject pesticides into the intake line of the suction side of the pump.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Spray mixture in the chemical supply tank must be agitated at all times, otherwise settling and uneven application may occur.

DACTHAL W-75 may be used through two basic types of sprinkler irrigation systems as outlined in Sections A and B below. Determine which type of system is in place, then refer to the appropriate directions provided for each type. The tank containing DACTHAL W-75 must be equipped with effective mechanical agitation to keep the wettable powder in suspension. Premixing DACTHAL W-75 as instructed under ground application will insure that a uniform suspension is obtained. The injection equipment which contains the DACTHAL W-75 suspension should be connected to the discharge side of the irrigation pump or other pressurized equipment attached to the irrigation line.

A. Center Pivot and Motorized Lateral Move Irrigation Equipment

For injection of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a positive displacement injection pump, of either diaphragm or piston type, constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of injection at pressures

approximately 2-3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems.

Fill chemical supply tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete revolution or run across the field, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage covered. Thoroughly mix ~~recommended~~ **directed** amount of DACTHAL W-75 for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

B. Solid Set and Portable (Side Roll, End Tow or Hand Move) Irrigation Equipment

Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over a 30 to 45-minute period. Mix desired amount of DACTHAL W-75 for acreage to be covered into quantity of water used during calibration and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used for amount of time established during calibration. DACTHAL W-75 can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Completely empty bag into application equipment. When completely empty, offer for recycling or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants (a) that this product conform to the chemical description on the label; and (b) that the directions, warnings, and other statements on this label are based upon responsible experts' evaluations of reasonable tests of effectiveness, of toxicity to laboratory animals and to plants and residues on food crops, and upon reports of field experience. Tests have not been made on all varieties of food crops and plants, or in all states or under all conditions. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT CONTRARY TO LABEL INSTRUCTIONS, OR UNDER CONDITIONS NOT REASONABLY FORESEEABLE.

THERE ARE NO EXPRESS WARRANTIES OTHER THAN THOSE SET FORTH HEREIN. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS, NOR DOES IT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE, TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND IT EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY WARRANTY OF QUALITY OR PERFORMANCE. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO, AND THE BUYER SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR, ANY AND ALL LOSS OR DAMAGE WHICH RESULTS FROM THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ANY MANNER WHICH IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS, WARNINGS OR CAUTIONS.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW BUYER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, DAMAGES, OR INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER OR NOT BASED IN TORT, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED, AT THE MANUFACTURER'S OPTION, TO REPLACEMENT OF, OR THE REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR, THE QUANTITY OF PRODUCT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH DAMAGES ARE CLAIMED. IN NO EVENT, SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

AMVAC offers this product, and Buyer accepts it, subject to the foregoing Limited Warranty and Disclaimer which may be varied only by agreement in writing signed by an authorized representative of AMVAC.

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AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court, Suite 1200
Newport Beach, CA 92660 U.S.A.

Attachment E to Attachment Email 4 (August 23, 2019)

DACTHAL® W-75

Agricultural Herbicide (75% Wettable Powder)

DCPA	GROUP	3	HERBICIDE
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ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	By Wt.
DCPA (dimethyl tetrachloroterephthalate)	75.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	25.0%
Total	100.0%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Move person to fresh air.• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Take off contaminated clothing.• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
EMERGENCY INFORMATION	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. FOR THE FOLLOWING EMERGENCIES, PHONE 24 HOURS A DAY: For Medical Emergencies phone1-888-681-4261 For Transportation Emergencies, including spill, leak or fire, phone: CHEMTREC®1-800-424-9300 For Product Use Information phone: AMVAC®1-888-462-6822	

SEE SIDE [BACK] [INSIDE] PANEL [BOOKLET] FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

EPA Reg. No. 5481-490

EPA Est. No. _____
NET CONTENTS: _____



AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court, Suite 1200
Newport Beach, CA 92660 U.S.A.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Waterproof gloves,
- Shoes plus socks,

A minimum of a NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved powered air-purifying respirator with a HE filter. Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are made of any waterproof material. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistant category selection chart.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment wastewater.

Groundwater Advisory: Tetrachloroterephthalic acid, a breakdown product of DACTHAL W-75 is known to leach through soil as a result of agricultural and turf uses and has been found in groundwater which may be used for drinking water. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL W-75 to sand and loamy sand soils where the water table (groundwater) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., well drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of groundwater used for drinking water.

Surface Water Advisory: DCPA can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, DCPA may also have a high potential to contaminate surface water through runoff (via both dissolution in runoff water and adsorption to eroding soil) for several weeks post-application. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL W-75 to poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible sloping towards adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas over-laying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and highly erodible soils.

DACTHAL W-75 Herbicide

A selective preemergence herbicide for control of annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds in vegetable crops.

Read entire label carefully and use only as directed.

Product Information

DACTHAL W-75 is a 75 percent wettable powder formulation for use in preemergence application for control of crabgrass and other annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds on mineral soils in vegetables, strawberries, agronomic crops, and ornamentals.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

DO NOT APPLY IN SUFFOLK AND NASSAU COUNTIES, LONG ISLAND.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. Exception: If the product is soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks

Preparation and Application of the Spray: Thoroughly mix DACTHAL W-75 in the spray tank with water to provide for broadcast application of at least 20 gallons of water per acre, depending on equipment and local practices. Adequate agitation must be maintained during filling and spraying to keep material in uniform suspension. Use nozzles suitable for applying wettable powders so that the spray can be uniformly distributed over the properly prepared soil surface. Any screen or strainer in spray equipment must be no finer than 50 mesh to prevent clogging. It is essential that the sprayer be properly calibrated before making applications. Standard low-pressure (30-50 psi) boom-type sprayers are recommended.

A minimum of one-third to one-half inch of water, either as rain or irrigation, is necessary to activate DACTHAL W-75 and thereby obtain preemergence control of weeds specified. Normally, water must be applied within 3 to 5 days of application if sufficient rainfall does not occur. However, when surface soil is dry but subsurface soil contains enough moisture to germinate weeds, apply water immediately. If furrow irrigation is used, the top of the bed must be thoroughly wet. If rainfall during this period does not occur and irrigation cannot be made, shallow incorporation, when directed, will aid in weed control.

SPRAY DRIFT REDUCTION

INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure: Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of Nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Boom Length

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application Height

Applications may not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Avoid application below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

DO NOT apply during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small, suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide may only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Soil Preparation: Prior to making application, cultivate the soil to provide a weed-free and uniform surface since DACTHAL W-75 herbicide is effective only when applied before weed seed germination occurs. Unless incorporated, DACTHAL W-75 must be applied within two to three days following cultivation, to prevent subsurface germinating weeds from becoming established. When cultivating between rows, use shields on cultivator to prevent untreated soil from covering treated bands. Cultural practices, such as forming crop beds, should be completed prior to DACTHAL W-75 application in order to avoid exposing untreated soil in the bottom of the furrow and concentrating the sprayed soil within the bed.

Soil Incorporation: DO NOT incorporate deeper than 2 inches. Shallow soil incorporation, when directed (see specific crop directions), often gives more consistent results. Depending on crop and time of application, several incorporation methods may be used.

Preplant Incorporation: This type of incorporation often provides better weed control on irrigated land, and also on non-irrigated land when dry weather is anticipated following planting. When directed, DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed on the soil surface and then incorporated into the soil using a disc harrow or related tillage equipment. To insure complete incorporation, double disc in two directions. For incorporating banded treatments, hooded-power driven rotary tillers or ground tillers are essential.

Delayed Preemergent Incorporation: For crops where preplant incorporation can be used (see specific crop directions) incorporate when adequate rainfall or irrigation is not available within 3 to 5 days after planting. Lightly incorporate (to 1 inch deep) with drag harrow, rotary hoe or other suitable tillage equipment.

Layby Incorporation: (Just prior to stage when plant growth would prevent further cultivation). Cultivate soil to remove established weeds. Apply DACTHAL W-75 over top of foliage and lightly incorporate with suitable equipment.

Off-Site Movement Under California Growing Conditions: Current research indicates a propensity for off-site movement of certain soil-applied pesticides in California's unique growing conditions. Pesticides, such as DACTHAL W-75, may be moved off-site through a process called co-distillation. This phenomenon has been shown to occur where bare soil is treated (crops not present) and the soil surface is very hot. The pesticides, though not highly volatile, appear to be carried from the soil surface with water molecules during rapid evaporation that occurs immediately after irrigation. Banding applications of preemergence herbicides, such as DACTHAL W-75, significantly reduces the potential for off-site movement by reducing the amount of product used to treat a given crop area.

WEED CONTROL SPECTRUM

DACTHAL W-75 is a preemergence herbicide which provides effective control of annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds. The following weeds are grouped according to their susceptibility to DACTHAL W-75:

Susceptible Weeds

Controlled at Lowest Labeled Rates for Each Soil Type

Carpetweed	Lovegrass
Chickweed, Common	Nettle, Burning
Crabgrass, Large	Pansy, Field
Crabgrass, Smooth	Purslane
Foxtail, Green	Pusley, Florida
Foxtail, Yellow	Witchgrass
Lambsquarters, Common	

Moderately Susceptible Weeds

Highest Labeled Rates for Each Soil Type Required for Effective Control

Barnyardgrass	Groundcherry
Bluegrass, Annual	Johnsongrass (from seed)
Cheeseweed (Malva parviflora)	Knotweed, Prostrate
Copperleaf, Rhombic	Nightshade, Black
Copperleaf, Virginia (three-seeded mercury)	Panicum, Brown Top
Dodder	Pigweed, Redroot
Deadnettle, Purple	Sandbur
Deadnettle, Spotted	Spurge, Nodding
Goosegrass	Spurge, Prostrate
	Spurge, Spotted

Difficult to Control Weeds

Commercially acceptable control of the following weeds may not always be obtained but weed populations will be suppressed when applied at the maximum-labeled rate, thus resulting in less competition with the emerging and growing crop.

Buckwheat, Wild	Panicum, Fall
Canarygrass, Littleseed	Panicum, Texas
Dock, Curly (from seed)	Polypogon, Rabbitfoot
Foxtail, Giant	Rocket, London

Goosefoot, Nettleleaf
Henbit
Knotweed, Silversheath
Ladysthumb

Shepherdspurse
Sowthistle, Annual
Vaseygrass
Witchweed

Weeds Not Controlled with DACTHAL W-75

Galinsoga
Jimsonweed
Johnsongrass (from rhizomes)
Mustards

Nutsedge
Ragweed, Common
Smartweed
Velvetleaf

Replanting: Replanting crops other than those included on this label in DACTHAL W-75 treated soil within 8 months of application may result in crop injury. If replanting is required because of an early crop failure, the planting of onions, seeded cucurbits, potatoes, tomatoes, eggplants or peppers at this time may result in crop injury. However, all crops on this label may be planted following harvest of a DACTHAL W-75 treated crop-

IMPORTANT: After DACTHAL W-75 treatment, wait approximately 60 days before any new seeding is undertaken. DO NOT use on Dichondra.

Nursery Stock: DACTHAL W-75 can be applied to a wide range of nursery stock at the rate of 14 to 16 pounds in 50 to 100 gallons of water per acre of area treated (1 pound in 3 to 7 gallons of water per 3,000 sq. ft.). One repeat application at the same rate may be applied 60 days after first application. When repeat application is necessary, do not apply more than 32 lbs. of DACTHAL W-75 TURF per acre per year.

Applications must be made to soil recently cultivated to a uniform texture. These can be made immediately following lining-out of stock. With established plantings, apply following proper cultivation to remove existing weeds. Where possible, this should be done early in the spring. Late summer application may prove beneficial for control of fall germinating weeds, if made following cultivation. Weed control up to three months or more may be expected following proper application.

DACTHAL W-75 is specifically recommended for weed control with the following:

Abelia	Cottonwood	Honeysuckle
Ageratum	Cuphea	Iris
Alyssum	Cypress	Ivy, Baltic
Andromeda, Jap.	Dahlia	Ivy, Boston
Arborvitae	Delphinium	Ivy, English
Ash	Deutzia	Ivy, Wilson
Aster	Dogwood	Juniper
Azalea	Elaeagnus	Lantana
Babysbreath	Elm	Larkspur, Candle
Barberry	Euonymus	Lavendercotton
Bellflower	Evening Primrose	Lilac
Birch	Feverfew	Lily
Bleedingheart	Fir	Locust
Bloodleaf	Forget-Me-Not	Lupine
Boxwood	Forsythia	Magnolia
Bugloss	Four-O'Clock	Maple
Camellia	Foxglove	Marguerite, Golden
Candytufts	Gaillardia	Marigold
Chrysanthemum	Geranium	Mockorange
Cinquefoil	Gladliolus	Morningglory
Coleus	Golddust	Moss, Rose
Columbine	Goldentuft	Mother-of-Thyme
Coneflower, Purple	Gum	Mountain Laurel
Coreopsis	Hawthorn	Mourning Bride
Coralbells	Heath, Pink	Nasturtium
Cosmos	Holly	Oak
Cotoneaster	Hydrangea	Orpine

Pachistima
 Pachysandra
 Peony
 Petunia
 Pine
 Pittosporum
 Podocarpus
 Poker Plant
 Poplar
 Privet
 Privet, variegated
 Redbud
 Rhododendron

Rose
 Russian Olive
 Sage, Scarlet
 Snapdragon
 Spiderwort, Va.
 Spirea
 Spruce
 Stonecrop
 Strawflower
 Sundrops
 Sunflower
 Sweet Pea
 Sycamore

Tree Peony
 Tulip Tree
 Viburnum
 Violet, African
 Weigela
 Willow
 Wormwood
 Yarrow, Fernleaf
 Yew
 Zinnia

DO NOT use on the following plants:

Bugleweed
 Button Pink
 Carnation
 Geum
 Germander
 Mesembryanthemum
 Pansy
 Phlox
 Sweet William
 Telanthera

Amount of DACTHAL W-75 to Use in Treating Small Areas			
Area to be Treated	Rate DACTHAL W-75 (lbs./A)	Amount of DACTHAL W-75 to Apply (ozs.)	Struck-off (level) Tablespoons
1,000 sq. ft. (Use 1 to 2 gallons of water to spray 1,000 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 (heavy soil) 8 to 10 (medium soil) 6 (sandy soil)	4.4 to 5.1 2.9 to 3.7 2.2	33 to 38 22 to 28 17
250 sq. ft. (Use ¼ gallon of water to spray 250 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 (heavy soil) 8 to 10 (medium soil) 6 (sandy soil)	1.1 to 1.3 0.7 to 0.9 0.6	8 ¼ to 9 ½ 5½ to 7 4 ¼

Note: In treating small areas it is important to use care in measuring out required quantity for area to be treated, properly mixing it in water and keeping it adequately agitated during application.

Rates of application can be reduced by banding. See Conversion Chart.

CONVERSION CHART FOR DACTHAL W-75				
For a 12-inch band of spray, use this amount of DACTHAL W-75 per acre.				
Row Width (inches)	If overall rate is:			
	6 lbs. per acre	8 lbs. per acre	10 lbs. per acre	12 lbs. per acre
24	3 lbs.	4 lbs.	5 lbs.	6 lbs.
32	2-1/2 lbs.	3 lbs.	3-3/4 lbs.	4-1/2 lbs.
36	2 lbs.	2-2/3 lbs.	3-1/3 lbs.	4 lbs.

40	1-3/4 lbs.	2-1/2 lbs.	3 lbs.	3-2/3 lbs.
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DO NOT feed treated foliage to livestock or graze treated areas. Apply according to directions and under conditions favorable to good plant growth. DACTHAL W-75 will not harm crops for which its use is directed. **However, conditions such as high salt concentration, seeding disease, cold weather, deep planting, excessive moisture or drought may injure or weaken crops normally tolerant to DACTHAL W-75, thereby increasing the possibility of herbicide damage. Under any of these conditions, one or more of the following may result: delayed crop development, reduced yields or reduced quality.**

DCPA	GROUP	3	HERBICIDE
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Resistance-Management Recommendations

For resistance management, DACTHAL FLOWABLE is a Group 3 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to DACTHAL FLOWABLE and other Group 3 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of DACTHAL FLOWABLE or other Group 3 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields, and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact AMVAC at (888) 462-6822 or at AMVAC-chemical.com.

CROP-SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS

Apply DACTHAL W-75 Prior to Weed Seed Germination

Rates of Application and Weeds Controlled: Apply DACTHAL W-75 at rates of 6-14 lbs./A depending on soil type and weeds to be controlled. The following table outlines rate specifications for the use of DACTHAL W-75 on various soil types. Use the maximum rate for each soil type when moderately susceptible weeds are present. Follow specific crop directions. **Do not apply DACTHAL W-75 to certain crops under conditions of cool, wet weather when plants are not actively growing.** Refer to specific label directions for seeded melons, tomatoes, onions and eggplants for further details.

Soil Type	Organic Matter (%)	Broadcast Rate of DACTHAL W-75 (lbs./A)
Light-sand or sandy loam	0 to 3	6 to 8
Medium-silt loam	0 to 3	8 to 10
Heavy-clay loam	0 to 3	10 to 14
Heavy-silt loam	3 to 5	12 to 14

Crops	When To Apply	Rate of DACTHAL W-75 Per Acre	Remarks
Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cabbage and all other Brassica (cole) leafy vegetables in this crop group ¹	At seeding or transplanting	6 to 14 lbs.	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, clean cultivate or weed soil prior to application. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.
Chayote (fruit), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), gherkin, gourd, edible (includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra), <i>Momordica</i> spp (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bittermelon, Chinese cucumber), muskmelon (includes hybrids and/or varieties of <i>Cucumis melo</i> (including true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, Santa Claus melon, creshaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, Persian melon, golden pershaw melon, mango melon, pineapple melon, snake melon), watermelon including hybrids	When plants have 4-5 true leaves (see remarks)	6 to 14 lbs.	Apply only when plants have 4-5 true leaves, are well-established, and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. (If applied earlier than recommended and/or growing conditions are unfavorable, crop injury may result.) If weeds have emerged, cultivate and weed crop prior to the DACTHAL W-75 application. Incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.
Collards, kale, mustard greens, turnips (greens and roots) Broccoli raab, cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy), collards, kale, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach, rape greens, turnips (greens and roots: broccoli raab (raab, raab salad), hanover salad, turnip tops (turnip greens))	At seeding	6 to 14 lbs.	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.
Horseradish	At planting	6 to 14 lbs.	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at time of seeding. Preplant incorporation not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.

Crops	When To Apply	Rate of DACTHAL W-75 Per Acre	Remarks
Onions: dry bulb onions (shallots); green onions (leeks, spring onions or scallions, Japanese bunching onions, Welsh onion, green shallots, or green eschalots)	At seeding or transplanting and/or at layby	See rate and weeds controlled. In sandy loam soils, apply a maximum rate of 10 pounds per acre. Do not apply more than 28 lbs. /Acre per year.	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on onions either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL W-75 preemergence treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) up to 14 weeks after planting at rates up to 14 lbs. per acre on any soil type. If weeds emerge prior to layby, cultivate or weed the onions prior to application. Preplant incorporation not recommended. Broadcast applications permitted in California for onions in certain counties from August through December. Due to potential for off-site movement through co-distillation and deposition on unlabeled crops, Apply DACTHAL W-75 as a band application to onions in all counties with the following exception. During the period from August 1 through December 31, broadcast applications of DACTHAL W-75 may be made in the following counties: Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego and Imperial. Use a minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre for broadcast applications. During the period from January 1 through July 31, apply DACTHAL W-75 as a banded application in all counties.
Radish	At seeding or up to three-leaf stage	6 to 14 lbs.	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre. If weeds have emerged, clean cultivate or weed soil prior to application to permit uniform coverage of soil. Preplant incorporation not recommended. DO NOT graze on treated areas or feed plant refuse to livestock. DO NOT harvest within 25 days of application. Based upon available residue data, the use of DACTHAL W-75 for weed control in radishes is limited to the State of California. In California, applications must be banded.

Crops	When To Apply	Rate of DACTHAL W-75 Per Acre	Remarks
Sweet Potatoes; arrowroot; cassava, bitter and sweet; chayote (root); dasheen (taro); turmeric	At transplanting and layby	6 to 14 lbs. Do not apply more than 28 lbs. /Acre per year.	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray at transplanting. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. A layby application can be made on sweet potatoes either alone or in addition to a DACTHAL W-75 at transplant treatment (with a minimum of 14 days between treatments) up to 6 weeks after transplanting. If weeds are present, weed or cultivate crop prior to DACTHAL W-75 application. Incorporation of layby applications not recommended. In California, applications must be banded.
Tomatoes; tomatillos; eggplant; pepino; groundcherry	4-6 weeks after transplanting or on direct seeded plants at 4-6 inches in height (see remarks)	6 to 14 lbs.	Only apply uniformly to soil 4-6 weeks after transplanting. Plants should be well-established and growing conditions favorable for good plant growth. DACTHAL W-75 can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury. If weeds have emerged, cultivate or weed the crop prior to making the DACTHAL W-75 application. DO NOT apply to seeded plants until plants are 4-6 inches in height, well established and growing conditions are favorable for good plant growth. In California, applications must be banded.
Strawberries: New Plantings	At transplanting	12 lbs.	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray. For new beds apply 12 pounds at transplanting. Can be preplant incorporated. In California, applications must be banded and incorporated as described above.
Strawberries: Established Plantings	Fall and early Spring	8 to 12 lbs. Do not apply more than 24 lbs. /Acre per year.	Application of 8-12 pounds per acre may be applied to established plantings in fall and early spring to control late summer or early fall germinating weeds. When two applications are used a minimum of 14 days are required between treatments. DO NOT apply after first bloom through harvest. Applications may be made directly over the plants without injury. In California, applications must be banded.
Note: Rates can be reduced by banding.			Layby used in this table refers to the time just prior to the stage when crop plant size would prevent further cultivation.

¹Brassica leafy vegetables crop group includes broccoli, Chinese (gai lon, white flowering) broccoli, broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy, napa, tight-heading varieties), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), cauliflower, cavalo broccolo, collards, kale, kohlrabi, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach and rape greens.

Application and Calibration Techniques for Sprinkler Irrigation

Apply DACTHAL W-75 only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, solid set or portable (side roll, end tow or hand move) irrigation systems. DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

DO NOT apply this product through irrigation systems connected to a public water system. "Public water system" means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

Always inject DACTHAL W-75 into irrigation water after it discharges from the irrigation pump and after it passes through the check valve. Never inject pesticides into the intake line of the suction side of the pump.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Spray mixture in the chemical supply tank must be agitated at all times, otherwise settling and uneven application may occur.

DACTHAL W-75 may be used through two basic types of sprinkler irrigation systems as outlined in Sections A and B below. Determine which type of system is in place, then refer to the appropriate directions provided for each type. The tank containing DACTHAL W-75 must be equipped with effective mechanical agitation to keep the wettable powder in suspension. Premixing DACTHAL W-75 as instructed under ground application will insure that a uniform suspension is obtained. The injection equipment which contains the DACTHAL W-75 suspension should be connected to the discharge side of the irrigation pump or other pressurized equipment attached to the irrigation line.

A. Center Pivot and Motorized Lateral Move Irrigation Equipment

For injection of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a positive displacement injection pump, of either diaphragm or piston type, constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of injection at pressures approximately 2-3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems.

Fill chemical supply tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete revolution or run across the field, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage covered. Thoroughly mix directed amount of DACTHAL W-75 for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one

revolution or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

B. Solid Set and Portable (Side Roll, End Tow or Hand Move) Irrigation Equipment

Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over a 30 to 45-minute period. Mix desired amount of DACTHAL W-75 for acreage to be covered into quantity of water used during calibration and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used for amount of time established during calibration. DACTHAL W-75 can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Completely empty bag into application equipment. When completely empty, offer for recycling or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants (a) that this product conform to the chemical description on the label; and (b) that the directions, warnings, and other statements on this label are based upon responsible experts' evaluations of reasonable tests of effectiveness, of toxicity to laboratory animals and to plants and residues on food crops, and upon reports of field experience. Tests have not been made on all varieties of food crops and plants, or in all states or under all conditions. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT CONTRARY TO LABEL INSTRUCTIONS, OR UNDER CONDITIONS NOT REASONABLY FORESEEABLE.

THERE ARE NO EXPRESS WARRANTIES OTHER THAN THOSE SET FORTH HEREIN. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS, NOR DOES IT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE, TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND IT EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY WARRANTY OF QUALITY OR PERFORMANCE. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO, AND THE BUYER SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR, ANY AND ALL LOSS OR DAMAGE WHICH RESULTS FROM THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ANY MANNER WHICH IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS, WARNINGS OR CAUTIONS.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW BUYER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, DAMAGES, OR INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER OR NOT BASED IN TORT, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED, AT THE MANUFACTURER'S OPTION, TO REPLACEMENT OF, OR THE REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR, THE QUANTITY OF PRODUCT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH DAMAGES ARE CLAIMED. IN NO EVENT, SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

AMVAC offers this product, and Buyer accepts it, subject to the foregoing Limited Warranty and Disclaimer which may be varied only by agreement in writing signed by an authorized representative of AMVAC.

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AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court, Suite 1200
Newport Beach, CA 92660 U.S.A.

Attachment F to Attachment Email 4 (August 23, 2019)

DACTHAL® W-75 Turf

Turf Care® Turf & Ornamental Herbicide (75% Wettable Powder)

DCPA	GROUP	3	HERBICIDE
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ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	By Wt.
DCPA (dimethyl tetrachloroterephthalate)	75.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	25.0%
Total	100.0%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
EMERGENCY INFORMATION	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. FOLLOWING EMERGENCIES, PHONE 24 HOURS A DAY: For Medical Emergencies phone1-888-681-4261 For Transportation Emergencies, including spill, leak or fire, phone: CHEMTREC®1-800-424-9300 For Product Use Information phone: AMVAC®1-888-462-6822	

SEE SIDE [BACK] [INSIDE] PANEL [BOOKLET] FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

EPA Reg. No. 5481-491

EPA Est. No. _____
NET CONTENTS: _____



AMVAC Chemical Corporation
4695 MacArthur Court, Suite 1200
Newport Beach, CA 92660 U.S.A

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes and socks
- A minimum of a NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved powered air-purifying respirator with a HE filter.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems, or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment wastewater.

DACTHAL® W-75 Turf is a Selective Preemergence Herbicide for Non-Residential Nurseries and Ornamental Turf Management.

Read entire label carefully and use only as directed.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is a 75 percent wettable powder formulation for use in pre-emergence application for control of crabgrass and other annual grasses and certain broadleaved weeds on mineral soils in ornamental turf and nursery stock. DACTHAL W-75 TURF may also be used in post-emergence application for the control of creeping speedwell.

The weeds in the following table are grouped according to their susceptibility to DACTHAL W-75 TURF

Susceptibility	Weeds
Susceptible (controlled at specified rates)	common lambsquarters, smooth crabgrass, large crabgrass, lovegrass, carpetweed, witchgrass, purslane, Florida pusley, yellow foxtail, green foxtail, common chickweed.
Moderately Susceptible (maximum rates required for effective control)	redroot pigweed, sandbur, dodder, barnyardgrass, goosegrass, browntop panicum, groundcherry, annual bluegrass, johnsongrass (from seed), nodding spurge, spotted spurge and prostrate spurge.
Tolerant	velvetleaf, common ragweed, johnsongrass (established from rhizomes), mustards, jimsonweed, galinsoga, smartweed, nutsedge.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

DO NOT APPLY IN SUFFOLK COUNTY, LONG ISLAND, NEW YORK.

Groundwater Advisory: Tetrachloroterephthalic acid, a breakdown product of DACTHAL, is known to leach through soil as a result of agricultural and turf uses and has been found in groundwater which may be used for drinking water. Users are advised not to apply DACTHAL to sand and loamy sand soils where the water table (groundwater) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., well drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of groundwater used for drinking water.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks

Preparation and Application of the Spray: DACTHAL W-75 TURF should be thoroughly mixed in the spray tank with water to provide for broadcast application of at least 20 gallons of water per acre, depending on equipment and local practices. Adequate agitation should be maintained during filling and spraying to keep material in uniform suspension. Use nozzles suitable for applying wettable powders so that the spray can be uniformly distributed over turf or properly prepared soil surface. Any screen or strainer in spray equipment should be no finer than 50 mesh to prevent clogging. It is essential that the sprayer be properly calibrated before making applications. Standard low-pressure (30-50 psi) boom-type sprayers are recommended.

A minimum of one-fourth inch of water, either as rain or irrigation, is necessary to activate DACTHAL W-75 TURF and thereby obtain pre-emergence control of weeds specified. Normally, water must be applied within 3 to 5 days of application if sufficient rainfall does not occur. However, when surface soil is dry but subsurface soil contains enough moisture to germinate weeds, water must be applied immediately.

Off-Site Movement Under California Growing Conditions: Current research indicates a propensity for off-site movement of certain soil-applied pesticides in California's unique growing conditions. Pesticides, such as DACTHAL, may be moved off-site through a process called co-distillation. This phenomenon has been shown to occur where bare soil is treated (crops not present) and the soil surface is very hot. The pesticides, though not highly volatile, appear to be carried from the soil surface with water molecules during rapid evaporation that occurs immediately after irrigation. Banding applications of pre-emergence herbicides, such as DCPA, significantly reduces the potential for off-site movement by reducing the amount of product used to treat a given crop area.

Ornamental Turf: Application at the rate of 14 lbs. of DACTHAL W-75 TURF in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1 pound in 3 to 7 gallons of water per 3,000 sq. ft.) gives excellent control of crabgrass and other weeds as listed on this label. In California, water DACTHAL W-75 TURF applications to turf within 4 hours with 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water by irrigation. One

application applied in early spring before weed seed germination usually provides season long control. Crabgrass seed germination usually coincides with the time when Forsythia blossoms start to fall. In areas which commonly experience stands of late-germinating crabgrass and other annual weedy grasses, a second application at half the regular rate can be safely made two months after the first application.

In order to control annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) and other erratic or late-germinating grasses and weeds in northern states, a late summer or early fall application before weed seed germination of 20 pounds of DACTHAL W-75 TURF in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre (1/2 pound in 1 to 2 gallons of water per 1,000 sq. ft.) should supplement the early spring application. Earlier applications are required in Southern States. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialist for date *Poa annua* seed germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.

Early spring application of DACTHAL W-75 TURF may be made to new turfgrass seedlings after the grasses have exhibited a uniform greening of the newly sprouted grass, preferably when 1 to 2 inches in height. Such DACTHAL W-75 TURF application gives control of crabgrass without injury to newly-emerged grass. Fall sowing of permanent grasses can follow early spring application of DACTHAL W-75 TURF.

Where some spring seeding is necessary, there should be a delay of approximately 60 days after the application of most pre-emergence herbicides, including DACTHAL W-75 TURF. This delay increases the survival of desirable grasses.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is not recommended for use on putting greens.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is not recommended for use on bentgrasses mowed at putting green height.

DO NOT feed treated foliage to livestock or graze treated areas.

~~When multiple applications are necessary, do not exceed 41 lbs of DACTHAL W-75 TURF per acre per year.~~

For control of creeping speedwell (*Veronica fillformis*), apply 16 pounds of DACTHAL W-75 TURF in 40 to 100 gallons of water per acre as a post-emergence spray when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously. Spring or early fall applications are usually suitable, provided temperatures are between 65° and 90°F, and there is ample soil moisture. Thorough coverage is essential. Delayed control of creeping speedwell is to be expected. Foliage turns darker green following application and remains so for about 30 days when leaves curl and the plant dies.

For Use on Ornamental Turf

For Use on Turf	To Control	When to Apply	Rate of DACTHAL W-75 TURF (per acre)	Remarks
Established Turf	Crabgrass	Early spring, before crabgrass and other spring annual weed seeds germinate.	14 lbs. or 1 lb. /3 to 7 gals. /3,000 sq. ft. Do not apply more than 21 lbs. /Acre per year.	Apply when Forsythia blossoms. A second application at half the recommended -specified rate may be made 60 days after the first application if necessary.
	Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa annua</i>)	Late summer or early fall in Northern states before weed seed germination. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension weed specialist for date <i>Poa annua</i> germinates in your area and make application at least two weeks prior to this date.	20 lbs. or 0.45 lb. /1 to 2 gals. /1,000 sq. ft. Do not apply more than 34 lbs. /Acre per year.	Do not apply for 60 days following an early spring application for crabgrass control.

	Creeping Speedwell (<i>Veronica filiformis</i>)	As a post-emergence spray in spring or early fall when creeping speedwell is growing vigorously, there is ample soil moisture and temperature is between 70° and 90°F.	16 lbs. or 1/3 lb. /1 to 2 gals. /1,000 sq. ft.	Apply spray to obtain thorough coverage of foliage. Delayed control of creeping speedwell, approximately 30 days, is to be expected and will be noticed first by a gradual loss of color and vigor.
	Spotted Spurge or Prostrate Spurge (<i>Euphorbia maculata</i> , <i>E. supina</i>)	Mid-April or before seed germination of annual weeds. Repeat applications in 6 to 8 weeks.	14 to 16 lbs. or 5 to 6 ozs. / 1 to 2 gals. /1,000 sq. ft. Do not apply more than 32 lbs. /Acre per year.	Apply first application before germination of annual weed seeds, such as crabgrass. Repeat application at the same rate 6 to 8 weeks later. In addition to control of spotted spurge or prostrate spurge, crabgrass control is also obtained
Newly-seeded turf	Crabgrass	After new turfgrass seedlings have exhibited a greening of the newly-sprouted grass (about 1 to 2 inches high).	14 lbs. or 1 lb. /3 to 7 gals. /3,000 sq. ft.	Allows crabgrass control without injury to the new turf.

CAUTION: After DACTHAL W-75 TURF treatment, wait approximately 60 days before any new seeding is undertaken. DO NOT use on Dichondra.

See precautions for bentgrass before using on this species.

Nursery Stock: DACTHAL W-75 TURF can be applied to a wide range of nursery stock at the rate of 14 to 16 pounds in 50 to 100 gallons of water per acre of area treated (1 pound in 3 to 7 gallons of water/3,000 square feet). One repeat application at the same rate may be applied 60 days after first application. [When repeat application is necessary, do not apply more than 32 lbs. DACTHAL W-75 TURF per acre per year.](#)

Applications should be made to soil recently cultivated to a uniform texture. These can be made immediately following lining-out of stock. With established plantings, application should be made following proper cultivation to remove existing weeds. Where possible, this should be done early in the spring. Late summer application may prove beneficial for control of fall germinating weeds, if made following cultivation. Weed control up to three months or more may be expected following proper application.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF is specifically recommended for weed control with the following:

Abelia	Feverfew	Nasturtium
Ageratum	Fir	Oak
Alyssum	Forget-Me-Not	Orpine
Andromeda, Jap.	Forsythia	Pachistima
Arborvitae	Four-O'Clock	Pachysandra
Ash	Foxglove	Peony
Aster	Gaillardia	Petunia
Azalea	Geranium	Pine
Babysbreath	Gladiolus	Pittosporum
Barberry	Golddust	Podocarpus
Bellflower	Goldentuft	Poker Plant
Birch	Gum	Poplar
Bleedingheart	Hawthorn	Privet
Bloodleaf	Heath, Pink	Privet, variegated

Boxwood	Holly	Redbud
Bugloss	Hydrangea	Rhododendron
Camellia	Honeysuckle	Rose
Candytufts	Iris	Russian Olive
	Ivy, Baltic	Sage, Scarlet
Chrysanthemum	Ivy, Boston	Snapdragon
Cinquefoil	Ivy, English	Spiderwort, Va.
Coleus	Ivy, Wilson	Spirea
Columbine	Juniper	Spruce
Coneflower, Purple	Lantana	Stonecrop
Coreopsis	Larkspur, Candle	Strawflower
Coralbells	Lavendercotton	Sundrops
Cosmos	Lilac	Sunflower
Cotoneaster	Lily	Sweet Pea
Cottonwood	Locust	Sycamore
	Lupine	Tree Peony
Cuphea	Magnolia	Tulip Tree
Cypress	Maple	Viburnum
Dahlia	Marguerite, Golden	Violet, African
Delphinium	Marigold	
Deutzia	Mockorange	Weigela
Dogwood	Morningglory	Willow
Elaeagnus	Moss, Rose	Wormwood
Elm	Mother-of-Thyme	Yarrow, Fernleaf
Euonymus	Mountain Laurel	Yew
Evening Primrose	Mourning Bride	Zinnia

DO NOT use on the following plants:

Bugleweed	Germander	Sweet William
Button Pink	Mesembryant	Telanthera
Carnation	Pansy	
Geum	Phlox	

Amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF to Use in Treating Small Areas			
Area to be Treated	Recommended Rate DACTHAL W-75 TURF (lbs./A)	Amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF to Apply (fl. -ozs.)	Struck-off (level) Tablespoons
1,000 sq. ft. (from 1 to 2 gallons of water should be used to spray 1,000 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 (heavy soil) 8 to 10 (medium soil) 6 (sandy soil)	4.4 to 5.1 2.9 to 3.7 2.2	33 to 38 22 to 28 17
250 sq. ft. (from 1/4 to gallon of water should be used to spray 250 sq. ft.)	12 to 14 (heavy soil) 8 to 10 (medium soil) 6 (sandy soil)	1.1 to 1.3 0.7 to 0.9 0.55	8 1/4 to 9 1/2 5 1/2 to 7 4 1/4

NOTE: In treating small areas it is important to use care in measuring out required quantity for area to be treated, properly mixing it in water and keeping it adequately agitated during application.

Application and Calibration Techniques for Sprinkler Irrigation

Apply DACTHAL W-75 TURF only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, solid set or portable (side roll, end tow or hand move) irrigation systems. DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

DO NOT apply this product through irrigation systems connected to a public water system. "Public water system" means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

Always inject DACTHAL W-75 TURF into irrigation water after it discharges from the irrigation pump and after it passes through the check valve. Never inject pesticides into the intake line of the suction side of the pump.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Spray mixture in the chemical supply tank must be agitated at all times, otherwise settling and uneven application may occur.

DACTHAL W-75 TURF may be used through two basic types of sprinkler irrigation systems as outlined in Sections A and B below. Determine which type of system is in place, then refer to the appropriate directions provided for each type. The tank containing DACTHAL W-75 TURF must be equipped with effective mechanical agitation to keep the wettable powder in suspension. Premixing DACTHAL W-75 TURF as instructed under ground application will insure that a uniform suspension is obtained. The injection equipment which contains the DACTHAL W-75 TURF suspension should be connected to the discharge side of the irrigation pump or other pressurized equipment attached to the irrigation line.

A. Center Pivot and Motorized Lateral Move Irrigation Equipment

For injection of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a positive displacement injection pump, of either diaphragm or piston type, constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of injection at pressures approximately 2-3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems.

Fill chemical supply tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete revolution or run across the field, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage covered. Thoroughly mix ~~recommended~~-specified amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 TURF has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

B. Solid Set and Portable (Side Roll, End Tow or Hand Move) Irrigation Equipment

Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over a 30 to 45-minute period. Mix desired amount of DACTHAL W-75 TURF for acreage to be covered into quantity of water used during calibration and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used for amount of time established during calibration. DACTHAL W-75 TURF can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until DACTHAL W-75 TURF has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

Storage: Store in a dry place.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty bag into application equipment. When completely empty, offer for recycling or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants (a) that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label; and (b) that the directions, warnings, and other statements on this label are based upon responsible experts' evaluations of reasonable tests of effectiveness, of toxicity to laboratory animals and to plants and residues on food crops, and upon reports of field experience. Tests have not been made on all varieties of food crops and plants, or in all states or under all conditions. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT CONTRARY TO LABEL INSTRUCTIONS, OR UNDER CONDITIONS NOT REASONABLY FORESEEABLE.

THERE ARE NO EXPRESS WARRANTIES OTHER THAN THOSE SET FORTH HEREIN. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS, NOR DOES IT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE, TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND IT EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY WARRANTY OF QUALITY OR PERFORMANCE. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT EXTEND TO, AND THE BUYER SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR, ANY AND ALL LOSS OR DAMAGE WHICH RESULTS FROM THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ANY MANNER WHICH IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS, WARNINGS OR CAUTIONS.

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